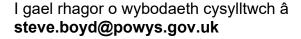
Pecyn Dogfennau Cyhoeddus

Bwrdd Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus

Man Cyfarfod
By Teams

Dyddiad y Cyfarfod
Dydd Gwener, 29 Gorffennaf 2022

Amser y Cyfarfod
10.00 am





Neuadd Y Sir Llandrindod Powys LD1 5LG

Dyddiad Cyhoeddi

Mae croeso i'r rhai sy'n cymryd rhan ddefnyddio'r Gymraeg. Os hoffech chi siarad Cymraeg yn y cyfarfod, gofynnwn i chi roi gwybod i ni erbyn hanner dydd ddau ddiwrnod cyn y cyfarfod

AGENDA

1. CYFLWYNIAD AC YMDDIHEURIADAU

Derbyniwyd ymddiheuriadau wrth:

Uwcharolygydd Steve Davies Prif Arolygydd Jacqui Lovatt Prif Arolygydd Andrew Pitt

2. CYMERADWYO'R CYLCH GORCHWYL

Cymeradwyo Cylch Gorchwyl Bwrdd Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus Powys yn dilyn cyfarfod blaenorol y Bwrdd ac adolygu diwygiadau i:

Eitem 2.2 – aelodau a wahoddwyd

Eitem 7.5 – ethol Cadeirydd

(Tudalennau 1 - 12)

3. CYMERADWYO'R ADRODDIAD PERFFORMIAD BLYNYDDOL

Cytuno a chymeradwyo'r adroddiad perfformiad blynyddol i'w gyhoeddi, ar gyfer y flwyddyn adrodd 2021-22. Ar ôl cyhoeddi'r adroddiad, bydd manylion yn ymddangos

ar gyfryngau cymdeithasol, ynghyd â fersiwn Gymraeg o'r adroddiad. Gofynnir i aelodau rannu o fewn eu strwythurau llywodraethu / sefydliadau.

(Tudalennau 13 - 56)

4. DIWEDDARIAD AR GAMAU NESAF Y CYNLLUN LLESIANT.

Diweddariad ar amserlen y cynllun llesiant a chais i sefydliadau rannu gwaith ymgysylltu o fewn eu sefydliadau penodol. Sylwch – rydym tua 3 wythnos ar ei hôl hi gan fod prif randdeiliaid yn methu bod yn bresennol. Gweithdy newydd i'w gynnal dros Microsoft Teams, dydd Mawrth 2 Awst 9am-1pm.

(Tudalennau 57 - 58)

5. ADRODDIAD HUNANASESIAD BLYNYDDOL CYNGOR SIR POWYS.

Adroddiad er gwybodaeth yn rhoi manylion ar Hunanasesiad Blynyddol Cyngor Sir Powys (fel sy'n ofynnol dan Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol ac Etholiadau (Cymru) 2015, gan gynnwys lefelau cyflenwi o'u cymharu â thargedau llesiant).

(Tudalennau 59 - 200)

6. UNRHYW FATER ARALL

Trafod unrhyw faterion o frys a gytunwyd o flaen llaw gyda'r Cadeirydd.

7. COFNODION A MATERION YN CODI

Cymeradwyo cofnodion y cyfarfod blaenorol a gynhaliwyd ar 23 Mehefin 2022 ac ystyried unrhyw faterion yn codi.

(Tudalennau 201 - 204)

8. DYDDIAD CYFARFOD NESAF Y BWRDD.

9 Tachwedd 2022 am 2.00 p.m.



1. OVERALL PURPOSE

- 1.1 Powys Public Service Board (Powys PSB) is a statutory board established under the Well-being of Future Generation (Wales) Act 2015. The purpose of the Board is to work together to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being within Powys, by bringing together the most appropriate key decision-makers in Powys to improve public services in such a way that it is transparent and meaningful as well as accountable to local people.
- **1.2** The Powys PSB will contribute to the seven national well-being goals:
 - A prosperous Wales
 - A resilient Wales
 - A healthier Wales
 - A more equal Wales
 - A Wales of cohesive communities
 - A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language
 - A globally responsible Wales
- 1.3 The Powys PSB will contribute to the Well-being Goals by:
 - Assessing the state of economic, social, health, environmental, and cultural well-being in their areas
 - Setting local objectives that are designed to maximise their contribution within their areas to achieving those goals
 - Taking of all reasonable steps by statutory members of the Board (in exercising their functions) to meet those objectives
- **1.4** The Powys PSB will act with due regard to the five sustainable development principles in conducting its business:
 - **Long Term** Looking to the long term so that we do not compromise the ability of future generations to meet their own needs
 - Integration Taking an integrated approach so that public bodies look at all the well-being goals in deciding on their well-being objectives
 - **Collaboration** Working with others in a collaborative way to find shared sustainable solutions
 - **Involvement** Involving a diversity of the population in the decisions that affect them
 - **Prevention** Understanding the root causes of issues to prevent them from occurring



- 1.5 The Powys PSB will act with due regard to the requirements of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 and statutory guidance in fulfilling its statutory responsibilities.
- **1.6** The statutory responsibilities of Powys PSB are:
 - To consult on the assessment of Well-being within Powys
 - To prepare and publish a local Well-being Assessment for Powys
 - To consult on the Powys Well-being Plan
 - To prepare and publish a local Well-being Plan for Powys
 - To review or amend the local Well-being Plan and to publish an amended local Well-being Plan where required
 - To consult on any amendment to the local Well-being Plan as required
 - To prepare and publish an annual report that sets out the Powys PSB's progress in meeting the local objectives
 - To review and report annually on progress to the public, Welsh Government, democratically elected members, and Powys PSB member organisations
- **1.7** The Powys PSB will provide leadership by:
 - Committing to a culture that cuts across organisational boundaries and sectors. Where everyone involved in the delivery of public services in Powys is part of this common endeavour, sharing common values and working together for the benefit of the people and communities of Powys
 - Agreeing strategic priorities for multi-agency working to support the delivery of well-being objectives that are responding to clearly evidenced local needs
 - Ensuring appropriate systems are in place to achieve improvements and that managers and front line staff across agencies are working together effectively, and that agreed priorities are reflected in individual organisations' corporate plans
 - Ensuring partnership and delivery structures are fit for purpose and accountable
 - Challenging where there is underperformance in implementing changes that reflect evidenced best practice to improve outcomes for the local population
- **1.8** Powys PSB Vision statement:

"We will work together to meet the needs of Powys Citizens, present and future"



With due regard to the five sustainable development principles, we will work in partnership to:

- Create and use the well-being assessment, in order to identify key opportunities to contribute to the 7 national well-being goals
- Agree the initiatives we conduct together
- Break down structural barriers across our organisations
- Focus on the long term challenges affecting Powys
- Ensure statutory compliance

2. MEMBERSHIP

ORGANISATION	ROLE	
	Leader	
Powys County Council	Chief Executive Officer	
	Director of Resources	
	Chair	
Powys Teaching Health Board	Chief Executive Officer	
	Director of Public Health	
Natural Resource Wales	Head of Operations (Mid)	
Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service	Chair	
	Assistant Chief Fire Officer and Director of Operational Support and Improvement	

- 2.1 Statutory members are collectively and equally responsible for fulfilling the Powys PSB's statutory duties. Therefore, unanimous agreement of the statutory members is needed in relation to fulfilling these duties. However, statutory members will not and cannot work in isolation. Other bodies and organisations in the area have a significant contribution to make.
- 2.2 The Powys PSB is required to invite certain other persons or organisations to participate. The Powys PSB can also invite others as they consider appropriate in order achieve its objectives. Where an invitee has agreed to join the Powys PSB they are expected to participate fully in the work of the board.

ORGANISATION	ROLE	
Powys Association of Voluntary Organisations	Chair	
	Chief Executive Officer	
Dyfed Powys OPCC	Police & Crime Commissioner	



Dyfed Powys Police	Superintendent	
Wales Community Rehabilitation Company	Head of Dyfed Powys Local Delivery Unit	
Welsh Government	TBC	
Brecon Beacons National Park Authority	Chief Executive Officer	
Department of Works and Pensions		
Ministry of Justice		
One Voice Wales		

2.3 The Powys PSB may invite additional individuals to attend meetings, particularly when items of business are to be considered where it could be beneficial to draw on the expertise of individuals other than those on the Board.

3. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

- 3.1 The frequency of meetings will be at least quarterly for the effective operation of the Powys PSB.
- 3.2 Dates of future meetings will be arranged and published 1 year in advance.
- **3.3** The cycle of meetings ends when an ordinary election of councillors is imminent.
- **3.4** Meetings will be restricted to no longer than 3 hours.
- 3.5 Where possible alternative methods of communications will be used between and/or instead of meetings to overcome the large geographical spread of partners.

4. MEETING ARRANGEMENTS

- **4.1** The agenda will be split into two parts, reflecting the two purposes of the partnership:
 - Strategy and Policy
 - Delivery

The two parts do not need to be equal in terms of the number of items or the time spent examining them, but adequate coverage will be given to issues at the core of engagement and delivery.



- 4.2 Any Board representative may request an item to be placed on the Agenda with the consent of the Chair, and must inform the Secretariat no later than 15 working days in advance of the meeting.
- **4.3** Board representatives may raise items that do not appear on the agenda but only with the consent of the Chair in advance of the meeting.
- **4.4** Items for the agenda should be submitted to the Secretariat 15 working days in advance of the meeting.
- **4.5** Agenda items and supporting papers will be sent to the PSB members at least 5 working days prior to the meeting.
- **4.6** Apologies of absence to be sent to the PSB secretariat in advance of meeting.
- **4.7** All members will attend meetings prepared to feedback as to their organisation's progress in implementing the work of the PSB.
- 4.8 All members will be expected to have read the papers before the meetings thereby removing the need for individuals to talk the PSB through the papers and make the most efficient use of time.
- **4.9** Minutes to be circulated to members within 10 working days of the PSB meeting.
- **4.10** Welsh Language Members to give advance notice should they wish to speak Welsh at meetings.

5. MANDATORY MEETINGS

- The Powys PSB will hold a 'mandatory meeting' chaired by Powys County Council, no later than 60 days after each subsequent ordinary election of councillors. At this meeting the board must:
 - Agree the involvement of 'Invited Participants'
 - Review and agree its terms of reference

6. QUORUM

6.1 Meetings will be quorate with at least one representative from all statutory member organisations being present.



7. CHAIR: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 7.1 The role of the Chair is to provide strong, clear leadership in driving forward with momentum the work of the Powys PSB, enabling partners to identify intractable issues and find innovative solutions for tackling them from a citizen perspective to achieve improved outcomes.
- **7.2** Key responsibilities for the Chair include: -
 - To agree the agenda and approve draft minutes of the Powys PSB meetings
 - To chair the Powys PSB meetings (quarterly)
 - To represent the Powys PSB at relevant meetings and events
 - To undertake such duties that a Chair would normally be expected to fulfil in such a role
- **7.3** The Chair will lead and give direction to the meetings.
- **7.4** The Chair will ensure that meetings are held efficiently, facilitating those present to participate.
- 7.5 The Chair will be selected by vote from within the PSB statutory membership following nomination from members.
- **7.6** A Vice-Chair will also be selected by vote from within the PSB statutory membership.
- 7.7 The Vice-Chair should deputise when the Chair is unavailable to represent the partnership, chair meetings in the absence of the Chair, and assist the Chair in providing leadership in key partnership events and processes. If neither the Chair nor Vice Chair are able to attend a PSB meeting, another statutory PSB member should assume the chair for that meeting.
- **7.8** Appointments to these roles are re-confirmed following an ordinary election of councillors.

8. MEMBERS AND INVITED PARTICIPANTS: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

8.1 The roles and responsibilities of all members and invited partners of the PSB are to:



- To provide strategic leadership for the development of the local assessment of well-being and local well-being plan and to be responsible for the successful delivery of the plan and public accountability for performance
- To ensure that stakeholders with an interest in the improvement of wellbeing in the area are involved
- To ensure information is effectively communicated through their respective organisations
- To embed the culture of sustainable development within their relevant public organisation
- To ensure the Powys PSB's performance and risks are managed effectively
- To ensure that the work of the Board is available for scrutiny
- The decisions of the Powys PSB are not legally binding and it is the responsibility of each member and invited participant to ensure that decisions agreed are implemented
- To contribute resources to the Powys PSB Board as required and by agreement to ensure the board fulfils its statutory duties

9. CLERK / SECRETARIAT: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- **9.1** The Clerk/Secretariat provided by Powys County Council will:
 - Ensure the public services board is established and meets in accordance with the requirements of the Powys PSB
 - Arrange the dates and invites for all meetings
 - Prepare the agenda and commission papers for meetings
 - Invite participants and manage attendance
 - Record and circulate the minutes and relevant documents of meetings
 - Maintain records of attendance and apologies
 - Provide support to develop the well-being assessment
 - Provide support to develop the well-being plan
 - Provide support to develop the annual report
 - Support the preparation of evidence for scrutiny
 - Keep records of all papers
 - Maintain accurate contact details of all members
- **9.2** The secretariat will also ensure that the nominated Chair is briefed prior to the main meetings of the Powys PSB.
- **9.3** Both statutory and invited member organisations shall co-operate in providing relevant information / reports in a timely manner.

10. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



10.1 Statutory member and invited participants must determine appropriate and proportionate resources to enable the Powys PSB to fulfil its statutory duties. Members and participants are encouraged to contribute resources – financial, advice, assistance, expertise, shared asset, data analysis and business insight, or help in kind.

11. DECISIONS

- **11.1** Statutory members are collectively responsible for fulfilling the board's statutory duties. This means unanimous agreement of the statutory members is needed in relation to fulfilling these duties.
- 11.2 Unanimous agreement will be sought with invited participants but where this is not possible, a consensus view will be taken into consideration by statutory members.
- 11.3 Competing or differing interest between statutory members should be reconciled before operational issues occur. Where differences are not reconciled, agreed independent mediation will be sought, with the partner organisations agreeing to accept the decision of the mediation process.
- 11.4 In the event that decisions are required outside of formal meetings, the Chair (or Vice-Chair in the absence of the Chair) will co-ordinate communication with all statutory members to consider prior to a unanimous decision being made.
- 11.5 All members of the Powys PSB should be empowered by the organisation that they represent to make decision on behalf of that organisation (within the reasonable practice of good governance). Where this is not possible, decisions will be referred to the decision making processes of those organisations.

12. POWYS PSB - WELL-BEING PLANNING GROUP

- **12.1** The Powys PSB Well-being Planning Group (Powys WPG) will provide collaborative, crosscutting and integrated support to ensure the Powys Public Service Board (Powys PSB) fulfils its statutory requirements described in 1.5.
- **12.2** The Powys WPG will consist of the appropriate officers of the statutory members and invited participants only.

13. PROGRAMME BOARDS



- 13.1 The Powys PSB may agree to establish task and finish groups to progress particular programmes and objectives. In the main, these will take the shape of a programme board and will operate on a time limited basis until the programme is completed.
- **13.2** Each programme board must include at least one member of the Powys PSB who will lead the work as the programme Sponsor.
- 13.3 The strategic aims of each programme will be considered and agreed by the Powys PSB.
- **13.4** Each programme will prepare its own programme brief and the programme sponsor will submit them to Powys PSB for approval.
- 13.5 Programme Boards will be reviewed on an annual basis to reflect changing priorities as deemed appropriate by the Powys PSB.

14. RELATIONSHIP WITH REGIONAL PARTNERSHIP BOARD (SS&Wb Act)

- 14.1 The Powys PSB acknowledges the contribution the Powys Regional Partnership Board (RPB) makes to improving the well-being of people in Powys.
- 14.2 Updates and information pertinent to the delivery of the Well-being Steps will be provided by the RPB for consideration by PSB.
- **14.3** The PSB will ensure that the RPB is informed of activities which may impact on delivery of the Area Plan.

15. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

- A full member or participant of the Powys PSB who is present at a meeting, which is to consider any matter in which he / she has an interest, either direct or indirect, must disclose that interest. Definitions of direct or indirect interests are listed in Appendix A.
- 15.2 A full member or participant must make the disclosure of an interest, whether direct or indirect, at the meeting preferably at the commencement of the relevant agenda item of business.
- 15.3 A full member or participant must disclose the interest orally and will be required to leave the room prior to the discussion on the relevant agenda item / topic. The declaration will be recorded in the minutes by the Secretariat.



15.4 Declarations of interests to be a standing agenda item.

16. ACCOUNTABILITY

- **16.1** The decision made by the Powys PSB, actions taken and its governance arrangements are subject to scrutiny by a bespoke Powys County Council Scrutiny Committee.
- 16.2 The Scrutiny Committee will scrutinise, evaluate and actively promote improvement in work carried out in line with Powys PSB priorities as identified through its Wellbeing Assessment; Well-being Plan and its Terms of Reference and not that of those individual constituent organisations represented on the Powys PSB.
- 16.3 The Powys PSB is accountable to the Future Generations Commissioner for Wales and must seek and act on the advice and feedback received from the Commissioner and / or their office.

17. EXIT

17.1 Any invited participant not wishing to continue with the Powys PSB should give written notice to the Chair and Secretariat. The partner should endeavour to honour any decisions taken and commitments made.

18. REVIEW OF TERMS OF REFERENCE

- **18.1** The Terms of Reference must be reviewed at any mandatory meeting of the Powys PSB.
- **18.2** Terms of Reference to be reviewed bi-annually by the Powys PSB.

19. RELEVANT LEGISLATION

- **19.1** The work of the Powys PSB will have due regard to legislation including the following:
 - Crime & Disorder Act 1998
 - Environment (Wales) Act 2016
 - Equality Act 2010
 - Equality Act (Statutory Duties) (Wales) Regulations 2011
 - Social Services & Wellbeing (Wales) Act 2014



- The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child
- Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence (Wales) Act 2015
- Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015
- Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011

20. VERSION CONTROL

Version	Author	Reviewed By	Date
V0.1	P Jones / S Simpson	PSB	09/06/2016
V0.2	P Jones / S Simpson		14/07/2016
V0.3	P Jones / S Simpson		26/10/2016
V1	P Jones		01/12/2016
V2	P Jones	PSB	08/06/2017
V4	H Delonnette	PSB	28/03/2019
V5	J Langridge-Thomas	PSB	23/06/2022
V6	J Langridge-Thomas	PSB	04/07/2022

21. Key Reference Documents

- Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015
- Shared Purpose; Shared Future 3: Collective Role



APPENDIX A DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST – DEFINITIONS

A. DIRECT INTEREST

A.1 A direct interest is not defined in absolute terms. A direct interest is one where a full member or alternate has been directly involved with or who has had/will have any pecuniary interest in the successful outcome of the subject/project in question. A member with direct supervisory or line management responsibility over an employee who has such an aforementioned involvement is also considered to have a direct interest.

B. INDIRECT INTEREST

B.1 An indirect interest is one where a full member or alternative is an employee or member of an organisation, company or other body, which has a direct interest (membership of a company would include owning shares in the company). This includes an individual who may be representing an organisation on the Powys PSB but is an employee or member of another organisation, which had a direct or indirect interest.



ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22 Powys Public Service Board

Towards 2040 – Our Well-Being Plan

Get in touch

We are committed to involving everyone along the way, the more the people of Powys are involved in shaping our plans the greater the impact on well-being in

Powys.

You can track progress against our Well-being Steps during the year, by viewing the

reports that are presented to the PSB at their meetings - Powys Public Service

Board

The work of the PSB Scrutiny committee is also available to view here - Public

Service Board Scrutiny Committee

If you would like any further information or have any questions about this well-being

assessment there are many ways to get in touch with us:

Email: powyspsb@powys.gov.uk

Post: Powys Public Service Board secretary, Powys County Council, County Hall,

Llandrindod Wells, Powys. LD1 5LG.

Phone: 01597 826 165

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Well-being Step 7: Develop a carbon positive energy strategy that maximises green energy production
Well-being Step 8: Develop a sustainable environment strategy: by strengthening activity to deliver the sustainable management of Powys' natural resources through coordinated conservation work and actions underpinning the Nature Recovery Plan and Natural Resources Wales Area Statement(s)
Well-being Step 9: Undertake market research and establish an effective infrastructure to support active enjoyment of the environment and adventure tourism Well-being Step 10: Develop a strong brand to promote and attract inward investment into Powys
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A message from The Chair

On behalf of the Powys Public Service Board (PSB), I am pleased to present our fourth Annual Report, following what has been a challenging year for us all. The report gives a brief overview of what we have achieved in delivering against our five-year Well-being plan and looks at the challenges ahead.

We ended the 2021-2022 year in a very different place to where we began, with public services, communities, the third sector and local businesses continuing to find new ways of doing things, being both innovative and resourceful as they emerged the pandemic to the "new normal". The partnership response coordinated and carried out through relevant emergency planning frameworks has been commendable and I have no doubt that the effectiveness is in part due to the relationships and connections developed through the PSB.

We have continued to progress some of our Well-being Plan objectives and steps. These are at the heart of what the PSB is trying to do, to improve the opportunities and experiences for residents and communities in Powys. Projects that began in 2018-19 have continued to grow, with new ideas and the continued ambition of partners.

As we move forward, the PSB will have an important role to play in supporting Powys to continue to recover from the pandemic. In November 2020, a recovery workshop was held, and we agreed to prioritise three of our well-being steps, making these our main focus as a route to recovery, these are; improving digital infrastructure; developing a decarbonisation strategy and implementing a sustainable environment strategy.

During the year, we have undertaken a comprehensive assessment of the area, Powys Wellbeing Assessment. This also led to engagement with residents through an online survey and ask questions about their experiences of living in Powys - covering topics from employment and health to Welsh language, the findings will be used to develop our next well-being assessment and has provided valuable insight in to shaping the future of Powys. I look forward to working with members of the PSB as we use this information to further develop the next iteration of the well-being plan.



I am grateful to my colleagues on the PSB for their continued commitment towards improving the well-being of residents and communities in the county. Our Town and Community Councils continue to be represented on the PSB and some are also expected to publish annual reports setting out their contributions to the local objectives in Towards 2040.

We hope you will be interested in the work we are doing and would welcome ideas and contributions that can bring about change that will create the Powys we all want now and for future generations.

Cllr. James Gibson-Watt, Chair of Powys Public Service Board

What is this annual report?

This is Powys Public Services Board (PSB) fourth Annual Report. It highlights work that the PSB has done during 2021-2022 to deliver the objectives in Towards 2040 Our Well-being Plan (Towards 2040 - the Powys Well-being Plan - Powys County Council). We launched our Well-being plan in July 2018 following a comprehensive assessment of the well-being of the local population and extensive consultation and engagement with a wide range of stakeholders. The objectives in our plan aim to address the issues which the residents and communities of Powys told us are most important to improving their well-being. We published our first annual report in July 2019, followed by our second report a year later – copies can be found here: Powys Public Service Board - Our Annual Progress Report

Our first year of delivery focussed on planning and prioritising activity for each of the 12 steps in our plan and considering how we can fully embrace the sustainable development principles in our work. This helped to create a clear roadmap for delivering our plan for future years.



What is the Powys Public Service Board?

The Public Service Board (PSB) is a statutory strategic partnership established under the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015. The Act requires key local organisation in Powys to work together and take a more co-ordinated and long-term approach to the issues that really matter to the people of the county. In doing so, the PSB must assess the state of well-being locally (a copy of the most recent Well-being assessment can be found here: Full Well-being assessment analysis - Powys County Council). It must use the finding of the assessment to set objectives and produce a plan designed to improve economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being in the local area.

The statutory partners that make up the board are:

- Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service www.mawwfire.gov.uk
- Natural Resources Wales https://naturalresources.wales
- Powys County Council <u>www.powys.gov.uk</u>
- Powys Teaching Health Board <u>www.powysthb.wales.nhs.uk</u>

Other invited organisations who play a key role in the PSB include:

- Brecon Beacons National Park Authority www.beacons-npa.gov.uk
- Powys Association of Voluntary Organisations www.pavo.org.uk
- Dyfed Powys Police <u>www.dyfed-powys.police.uk</u>
- Dyfed Powys Police and Crime Commissioner www.dyfedpowys-pcc.org.uk
- Department for Work and Pensions
- Welsh Government
- Probation Service
- One Voice Wales

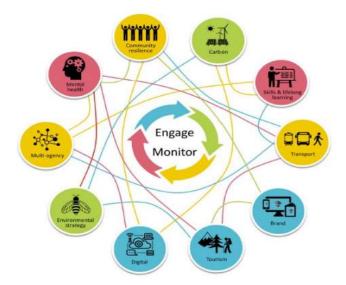


What are the objectives in Towards 2040 Our Well-being Plan

- People in Powys will experience a stable and thriving economy
- People in Powys will enjoy a sustainable and productive environment
- People in Powys will be healthy, socially motivated, and responsible
- People in Powys will be connected by strong communities and a vibrant culture



Our Twelve Well-being Steps



Our four objectives set out the goals we are aiming for in the longer-term. To help us reach these goals we agreed an initial 12 Well-being Steps to focus on delivering in the shorter term. These are collective steps, where we need to work together and

enhance the work we're doing as individual organisations and communities. None of these steps can be delivered in isolation and each will have an impact on the others. The PSB is working collaboratively to ensure we make the most of these links and opportunities and challenge ourselves, and others, when things get in the way of doing what we've agreed we will. Each of the 12 Steps is being led by a PSB partner, whose responsibility is to ensure that work is progressing as planned, and that results are being delivered. This report looks at each of the steps in turn and includes examples of the partnership work undertaken by the Powys Public Service Board during 2021-22.



Well-being Steps update for 2021-22

Well-being Step 1: Actively engage with residents, communities, and key stakeholders to promote, shape and deliver our vision for 2040



Lead organisation: Powys County Council

Our vision is ambitious, and it can't be achieved without the help of others. We will need the contribution of businesses, communities, third sector organisations, colleges, and others to improve well-being in Powys and achieve our vision for the future of Powys. As a PSB, we need to be enthusiastic about the vision and what it will achieve and promote that whenever we're dealing with stakeholders. We will use the vision as a golden thread when talking to other organisations and ensure that all those we work with are aware of the vision and what the PSB is doing to make it a reality

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ PSB Annual Report The PSB Annual Report 2020-2024 was developed and published on the Council's PSB webpage in July 2021 and all partners were asked to publish on their websites.
- ✓ **Public Engagement Platform** A shared engagement platform called 'Engagement HQ'. (Currently being funded by the Regional Partnership Board) launched live at the end of May 2021. Since then, across the site there has been 47,047 total site visits, with 16% of visitors actively engaging with the projects across the site.
- ✓ Well-being assessment and plan Two engagement projects were held during the year 2021-22 to gather and analyse as much data and insights as possible about Powys residents' well-being. The finalised and updated full Well-being Assessment analysis for Powys was published on the Powys County Council website: Well-being Assessment Analysis



What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

✓ Continue public engagement through the Engagement HQ platform and identify opportunities for joint engagement and communications across the Steps.

What challenges do we face?

✓ Successful progression of the actions will rely on available capacity across PSB partner organisations.



Well-being Step 2: Establish a simple and effective performance management framework to monitor progress in delivering the well-being steps and achieving the vision



Lead organisation: Brecon Beacons National Park Authority

We need to know if what we're doing is making the differences we want. The PSB will create a transparent way of assessing the effectiveness of our Well-being Steps, as they are being developed, in achieving the vision so that everyone can see the progress that's being made.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

✓ Work planned under Step 2 was put on hold due to resources being deployed to support the covid response, and because of staff changes and capacity within the BBNPA. However, the PSB has continued to use the Performance Assurance Framework that was developed in 2019- 20 to report progress/ risk against its 12 Well-being Steps at least quarterly to the PSB.

What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

- ✓ Evaluate the current performance management framework being used by the PSB and consider opportunities for automating the reporting process and aligning better with other reporting processes and systems used by individual partners. This will ensure a simpler performance management reporting framework to support the monitoring and delivery of our shared objectives and well-being steps.
- ✓ Focus on strengthening the performance measures and data currently being used by the PSB to understand the impact the steps are having on residents and communities.

What challenges do we face?

✓ All PSB partners have their own approach and timescales for reporting performance which can sometimes duplicate or conflict with the PSB framework.



Well-being Step 3: Work with and influence others to improve our transport infrastructure, our existing transport links and develop a sustainable and integrated approach for planning and delivery



Lead organisation: Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service

The rural nature of Powys means that frequent travel is inevitable whether for work or leisure and being able to get around Powys and beyond easily and safely underpins the 2040 vision. There are cycle routes and bus services available, however, they are not as connected, convenient or safe as they could be. People can find themselves isolated because they are no longer able to drive due to age or ill health. The public sector in Powys provides a lot of transport within the county and there are opportunities to improve the way we do this, potentially making better use of what we have, including community transport and providing additional benefits to our communities. The PSB will work collectively to make the case for Powys with national and regional government for investment in transport, including the provision of electric charging points and refuelling points for emerging fuels.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ The Step 3 delivery plan was revised to ensure that its priorities were relevant and achievable. The plan was amended to reflect the key areas the step 3 group felt they could make progress in, namely, Work with and influence others to improve our transport infrastructure, work with and influence others to improve our existing transport links and work with and influence others to develop a sustainable and integrated approach for planning and delivery.
- ✓ An electric vehicle charging points spreadsheet was created to map out the locations of organisations EV charge points across Powys.
- ✓ Representatives from Welsh Government were invited to attend a Step 3 meeting to deliver a presentation on the Welsh Governments' electric vehicle strategy.
- ✓ A Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was developed for the use of charging points between partner organisations.



- ✓ Car sharing and EV charging point discussions were initiated, and amendments were made to the business case for the Northern Powys Wellbeing Programme in Newtown, to help with community connectivity.
- ✓ Opportunities to improve the accessibility of forestries and public rights of way owned by Natural Resources Wales were explored.
- ✓ The COVID-19 pandemic has inevitably had an impact on the progression of this Step, due to the reduced capacity of the majority of partners and stakeholders being required to re-direct their resources to maintaining business as usual. The Group continued to meet as often as possible, with meetings taking place every quarter to progress the work of this step, regular attendance from partners did unfortunately cause some limitations to the progression of this group.
- ✓ On a more positive note, the COVID-19 pandemic required partner organisations to not only work differently but to also strengthen collaborative working arrangements in order to continue to deliver business as usual services to communities. Some examples of positive partnership working arrangements undertaken by our Community Safety Team included.
- ✓ Partnership agreement drafted, agreed, and signed with Powys County Council Careline Customer Services Team and ongoing project in progress to fit and retrofit Tunstall smoke and heat alarms that are linked to the Careline system in the homes of vulnerable/elderly adults.
- ✓ Initial discussions also held apropos partnership working with local representatives from:
 - ClywdAlyn (North Wales based housing association covering north Powys)
 - Goleudy (Victim and Witness Service embedded with Dyfed-Powys Police)
 - Powys County Council's Hearing Impairment and Visual Impairment
 Teams



- ✓ Multiple home fire safety events carried out with Barcud (housing association) to promote our Service's Safe and Well Checks and advice on smoke alarms and carbon monoxide alarms.
- ✓ Multiple events carried out during the summer of 2021 with Powys County
 Council "Flying Start" programme where we promoted our Service's Safe and
 Well visits. (Note: The Flying Start scheme provides intensive support services
 for children aged 0-3 years old and their families)
- ✓ Arson reduction/awareness events carried out in June 2021 and April 2022 in conjunction with PCSOs from Dyfed-Powys Police and the Elan Valley Trust/Welsh Water.
- ✓ Health and Well-Being event attended March 2022 at Infantry Battle School at Dering Lines military camp in Brecon along with multiple partners.
- ✓ Work placements facilitated and undertaken in spring and summer 2022 by PCSOs from Dyfed-Powys Police Neighbourhood Policing Teams (NPTs) working alongside members of the Powys Community Safety Team at Brecon and Newtown fire stations.
- ✓ Members of the Powys Community Safety Team are regular attendees at the Powys County Council chaired Powys Road Safety Partnership meetings and are a key stakeholder in the planning and execution of an upcoming road safety event aimed at motorcyclists on 11th June 2022 alongside Powys County Council, Dyfed-Powys Police and other relevant partners.
- ✓ Multiple Home Fire Safety talks delivered to community groups and partners by members of the Powys Community Safety Team, examples as follows (this list is not exhaustive):
 - Dementia Matters in Powys (Llandrindod Wells)
 - Caersws OAP Club (Caersws)
 - Machynlleth Play Scheme (Machynlleth)
 - Sennybridge Womens Institute (Sennybridge, Brecon)



What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

- ✓ Explore collaborative and joined up procurement with regards to electric vehicle charging points across Powys.
- ✓ Consult with local residents about ideas to improve active travel to enable safe walking and cycling routes.
- ✓ Identify who needs access to community travel and develop solutions for where the gaps are currently
- ✓ Continue to increase the provision of electric vehicle charging points to support our environmental policies.
- ✓ Continue to investigate options for investment from regional and national government to help us make these improvements.
- ✓ Review information and build integrated maps to see where we can connect travel routes and facilitate safe active travel e.g. walking or cycling.
- ✓ Map all existing community travel services available in the county and sharing it with the people who need it.
- ✓ Share information with all partners for a joined-up transport and infrastructure approach throughout Powys.

What challenges fo we face?

- ✓ Regular attendance at meetings due to personnel changes continue to make it difficult to progress the workstreams.
- ✓ The ability to undertake meaningful engagement with stakeholders with limited resources.
- ✓ The improvements we would like to make are a significant financial expense, and without investment from regional or national government, may not be



possible to achieve.

✓ Many of the people who need the help or service the most do not ask for it, so identifying where these people live, so that we can ensure we plan appropriate solutions in the right place is challenging.

Well-being Step 4: Work with and influence others to improve digital infrastructure



Lead organisation: Powys County Council

The rural nature of Powys means that frequent travel is inevitable whether for work or leisure and being able to get around Powys and beyond easily and safely underpins the 2040 vision. There are cycle routes and bus services available, however, they are not as connected, convenient or safe as they could be. People can find themselves isolated because they are no longer able to drive due to age or ill health. The public sector in Powys provides a lot of transport within the county and there are opportunities to improve the way we do this, potentially making better use of what we have, including community transport and providing additional benefits to our communities. The PSB will work collectively to make the case for Powys with national and regional government for investment in transport, including the provision of electric charging points and refuelling points for emerging fuels.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ Shared Data for improved decision making
- ✓ Improved digital infrastructure for Powys
- ✓ Supporting residents to improve digital skills
- ✓ Research and Development using digital environment tools

What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

✓ No activity planned as a PSB although work continues for Digital Connectivity under Grow Mid Wales

What challenges do we face?

✓ Digital connectivity in still an issue for many homes in Powys.



- ✓ Digital skills across our communities still needs support to develop.
- ✓ Digital has the opportunity to transform many aspects of life should we wish to invest in R&D (e.g. flood prevention)

Well-being Step 5: Develop a joint approach to community resilience by co-ordinating existing support and building the skills and capacity within communities helping them do the things they can't do for themselves



Lead organisation: Powys Association of Voluntary Organisations

Our communities are one of our biggest strengths, where people feel connected to their neighbours. The availability, expectations and delivery of public services is likely to change in the future and our communities are more likely to become the first-place residents go for help and support. We want to ensure that our communities remain strong, friendly, supportive places that all residents feel able to contribute to, or receive from, as they need.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

Much progress has been made by and via Powys' Social Value Forum, the CSRG. Below is a summary of the principal information:

- ✓ The continued growth of a Health and Care Volunteer-force in Powys.
 - 798 volunteers registered
 - 421 new registered volunteers
 - 493 volunteering opportunities
 - 201 new volunteers placed in health settings
 - o 1379 volunteers placed in community settings
- ✓ The funding of a number of social value initiatives that have helped to
 maintain and improve the wellbeing of individuals, households and
 communities.
- ✓ 281 new social value initiatives supported and developed. Monitoring information, to date, indicates that over 2100 beneficiaries have been supported and over 240 volunteers have been involved.
- √ 502 participants in networks
- ✓ 102 organisations involved in networks Powys Public Service Board Annual Rubaten 32



What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

- ✓ This will be further enhanced and strengthened by development sessions on
 co-production and the effective engagement and involvement of citizens and
 carer
- ✓ Further develop and strengthen the local community support networks.
- ✓ Further promote and nurture volunteering in Powys, both formal and informal.
- ✓ Strengthen the provision of community transport, with a particular focus on transport for young people and people that live with disabilities.
- ✓ Develop the provision of befriending services for young people.
- ✓ Support he maximisation and encouragement of intergenerational provision where appropriate.

What challenges do we face?

- ✓ Volunteer fatigue
- ✓ Inadequate or short-term resourcing of volunteering infrastructure and support
- ✓ Insufficient coordination of volunteering support among partner agencies.



Well-being Step 6: Develop a holistic approach to skills and lifelong learning which offers a range of formal and informal opportunities, including apprenticeships and traineeships



Lead organisation: Powys County Council

Studying at university or college isn't the only way to gain the skills needed for work and the organisations and businesses of the future will need skilled people to work in them. We could provide opportunities for specialist training to meet those needs enabling young people to continue to live in Powys and widening their career prospects. We could attract people to the county by being a centre of excellence for health care, environmental work or renewables, possibly creating a higher education establishment in Powys. We also want to develop opportunities across the county that will support learners, of whatever age or ability, whether retraining or learning for fun - combating loneliness and isolation. This will also help the economy, building on existing sectors and developing new ones where Powys can be at the forefront of innovation.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ Post-16 Transformation
- ✓ Apprenticeship talent pool
- ✓ Raise awareness of apprentices
- ✓ Adult Community Learning (ACL)
- ✓ Regional Skills Partnership
- ✓ Careers advice

What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

Step 6 is looking to continue three key areas of work in 2022-23:

✓ Post-16 Transformation: The council's Transforming Education Strategy sets out a number of Strategic Aims and Objectives to shape the council's



work to transform the Powys education system over the coming years. The requirement to improve post-16 provision falls under Strategic Aim 2: "we will improve learner entitlement and experience for post-16 learners".

- ✓ Adult Community Learning (ACL): In addition to delivery of the 2022-23 programme, Adult Community Learning delivery will be reviewed, with plans put in place for future delivery which is responsive to the post-COVID environment in Powys.
- ✓ Regional Skills Partnership (RSP): The Regional Skills Partnership for Mid-Wales is key to developing a demand driven skills agenda. Activities for 2022-23 include:
 - To identify and respond to the needs of employers and learners across
 Mid-Wales
 - To engage with employers, sectors and stakeholders to identify current and future skills needs across the regions and plan accordingly
 - To align activity to future demand and stimulate innovation through learning and employment
 - To enable an inclusive regional response to Welsh Government policy and initiatives
 - o To align activity with the skills requirements of Growing Mid Wales

What challenges fo we face?

The main challenge across the board is delivery in a large rural county in a post-COVID environment.

✓ Post-16 Transformation – work to progress this workstream has continued at pace during the COVID-19 pandemic. The rurality of the county remains one of the main challenges to delivery, but enhanced collaborative working between schools, the local authority and partners continues to seek and implement solutions.



- ✓ Adult Community Learning maintaining course uptake during the COVID-19 pandemic has been a challenge, however, we are working with Welsh Government and partners around national and local re-engagement strategies and activities.
- ✓ Regional Skills Partnership (RSP) supporting businesses in the recovery from the impact of COVID-19. There will also be a challenge in identifying netzero skills across all sectors. It will also be necessary to support business to upskill and re-skill employees to meet the challenging demands of new and evolving technology, including digital skills, whilst working with training providers to respond to new skills demands and the national occupational standards. The end of European Social Fund (ESF) support will potentially create gaps in intervention projects for the most vulnerable residents in Powys, including those not in education, employment or training (NEETs) or self-employment. It will be imperative that the RSP works with partners to identify gaps and potential solutions.

Well-being Step 7: Develop a carbon positive energy strategy that maximises green energy production



Lead organisation: Powys County Council

Powys has an abundance of potential renewable energy sources. As well as providing green energy this can also provide jobs, skills and financial benefits that will contribute to making our communities more resilient. The diverse nature of renewable opportunities could support research and skills development, with Powys becoming a centre of excellence in the renewable energy field. By contributing to a greener energy infrastructure, we would also be helping to mitigate the impacts of potentially damaging climate change in Powys and beyond.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ The Mid Wales Energy Strategy was produced and endorsed by Powys and Ceredigion County Councils in 2021, the strategy was developed by Growing Mid Wales, Powys and Ceredigion local authorities, Welsh Government Energy Service and technical experts and key stakeholders from within the Mid Wales region. The strategy engaged with stakeholders through online and face to face sessions and surveys to help shape the following key stages of development state of play assessment, baseline assessment, vision setting and strategic context and energy system modelling and economic impact analysis. The strategy has a focused vision and set of priorities to enable Mid Wales to achieve a net zero-carbon energy system towards 2035 to meet Welsh Government's 2050 target for Wales.
- ✓ Our vision for Mid Wales is: To achieve a net zero-carbon energy system that delivers social and economic benefits, eliminates fuel poverty, better connects Mid Wales to the rest of the UK, and contributes to wider UK decarbonisation.
- ✓ Our priorities for achieving this vision are to:
 - Drive forward the decarbonisation of the region's housing and building stock



- Work proactively to ensure that electricity and gas grids in the region are suitable for a 100% decarbonised future
- Boost the use of renewable energy through new generation and storage
- Accelerate the shift to zero carbon transport and improve connectivity
- Develop and harness the potential of agriculture to contribute to zero carbon goals
- Harness innovation to support decarbonisation and clean growth
- ✓ 2022 has seen the focus shift to produce a Strategic Action Plan for the Mid Wales Region. It sets out the initial actions required to realise the Mid Wales Energy Strategy. 4 stakeholder workshops were held early 2022 focussed on the following themes agriculture, domestic energy, power generation and transport. The workshop themes were developed to reflect the strategic priorities outlined in the Strategy and align with broader local, regional, and national strategies and policies. Over 130 stakeholders engaged in this process and over 50 actions were developed. In development of both the Strategy and this action plan, strong governance has been established through a dedicated Advisory Group which has ensured regional oversight and provided direction to the work as it has developed.
- ✓ Next stages will be to finalise a final draft action plan and gain endorsement within the region through Powys and Ceredigion Council democratic governance processes.
- ✓ Powys & Ceredigion County Councils have secured support from Welsh Government working with the Energy Systems Catapult to develop Local Area Energy Plans for the respective counties
- ✓ A Mid Wales Hydrogen and Alternative fuels feasibility study was commissioned to explore the commercial opportunities in Mid Wales



What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

- ✓ Working closely with Welsh Government, the Energy Systems Catapult and key council services and wider regional stakeholders we will develop Local Area Energy Plans for Powys and Ceredigion over the next 18-24 months.
- ✓ Once endorsement of the Mid Wales Energy Strategy Action Plan is achieved, we will begin focussed work on short term actions with regional partners

What challenges do we face?

- ✓ A rapidly changing policy context
- ✓ We are already seeing the impacts of climate change in our county.
- ✓ High levels of fuel poverty (worsened by global gas prices and energy cap/rises)
- ✓ Mid Wales has no transmission grid infrastructure only distribution which results in a constrained electric grid with very little capacity reinforcement will be require if we are to decarbonise heat and transport through electrification and technologies such as heat pumps and EV charging infrastructure.
- ✓ High number of off gas properties in Mid Wales heating homes with expensive LPG
- ✓ High numbers of old buildings with poor fabric conditions, poorly insulated EPC E or worse
- ✓ Green skills and supply chains need to be supported, upskilled and retrained to decarbonise the region



Well-being Step 8: Develop a sustainable environment strategy: by strengthening activity to deliver the sustainable management of Powys' natural resources through coordinated conservation work and actions underpinning the Nature Recovery Plan and Natural Resources Wales Area Statement(s)



Lead organisation: Natural Resources Wales

Our environment is fundamental in sustaining life be it through food production, the supply of water, the biodiverse habitats and species which enable natural processes to function, or for our physical and mental health and well-being. We want to ensure that Powys' diverse natural environments are in good condition and can withstand pressures including climate change in years to come. The quality of Powys's natural environment sustains the local economy through a vibrant agricultural sector, forestry and through tourism but is also precious in its own right through all of the life it supports and for the natural landscapes we enjoy. We will need to work with landowners and managers, conservation organisations, communities and volunteers to identify how best to conserve and enhance Powys' natural resources and environment for future residents and visitors.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ Reconvened the working group following earlier Covid impacts and updated membership of the group.
- ✓ Recognised that PSB partners have a range of existing environmental strategies that are increasingly reflecting the Mid Wales Area Statement themes and focus areas.
- ✓ Established a way forward for Step 8 recognising the various changes seen during the period of the existing Powys Wellbeing Plan for those delivering environmental work in Powys, the pressures on our environment and the needs of the people of Powys.
- ✓ Identified the need for a more dynamic framework and platform for capturing the work that partners are already undertaking and are planning to undertake in order



to better coordinate action and to potentially identify areas where we may wish to collectively prioritise future action.

What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

- ✓ Identify and agree technology and platform for a pilot to capture the work of partners.
- ✓ Set up an officer level group to trial the overall idea of integrating partner's respective evidence bases by focusing on one key environmental well-being topic.
- ✓ Understand how this work may be taken forward in future plans.

What challenges do we face?

✓ To respond effectively to the urgent climate and nature challenges we face and deliver the environmental outcomes required to achieve the Powys we want in 2040, we need to enable delivery of targeted, effective and efficient action.



Well-being Step 9: Undertake market research and establish an effective infrastructure to support active enjoyment of the environment and adventure tourism



Well-being Step 10: Develop a strong brand to promote and attract inward investment into Powys

Lead organisation: Powys County Council

Our environment is one of our biggest assets providing opportunities for a range of outdoor activities, from walking to potholing, kayaking to climbing. We want to make the most of our assets and take advantages of those opportunities. Tourism is also a big part of the local economy which offers opportunities for growth, though increased visitor spends, and by creating new activities and attractions. We will need to work with businesses, existing ones and those just starting up, to identify the best options for creating new activities and attractions.

Powys has some unique attractions, amazing landscapes, safe and welcoming communities and space to breathe. We also have a thriving food and festival market. If Powys is to be the place we want it to be in 2040 we need to promote Powys and its businesses, in Wales and beyond, so that businesses chose to invest here because they can get a premium for their products and people chose to live and work here.

The Mid Wales Growth Deal has been reinforced as the priority activity under which Well-being Steps 9 and 10 will be channelled in the coming years, and its progress towards achieving full deal agreement by March 2022 has been encouraging. Developing the region's infrastructure across the priority economic sectors will see huge benefits to Powys over the 10-year lifespan of the Growth Deal and beyond.

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

✓ The Mid Wales Growth Deal has been reinforced as the priority activity under which Wellbeing Steps 9 and 10 will be channelled in the coming years, and its progress towards achieving full deal agreement, which was secured by UK and Welsh Governments in January 2022 has been encouraging. Developing



- the region's infrastructure across the priority economic sectors will see huge benefits to Powys over the 10-year lifespan of the Growth Deal and beyond.
- ✓ Finalised the first phase projects and programmes within the Mid Wales Growth Deal Portfolio by Autumn 2021 and submitted the Portfolio Business Case to UK and Welsh Governments for approval in October 2021.
- ✓ Achieved full deal agreement from UK and Welsh Government for the Mid Wales Growth Deal in January 2022.
- ✓ Maximised funding from UK and Welsh Governments, including Levelling Up Fund, Community Renewal Fund, Transforming Towns Fund, Brilliant Basic's Fund.
- ✓ Secured funding for a Mid Wales Regional Strategic Tourism action plan in summer 2021, procured a contrictaor in Februray 2022, and work is underway to deliver the study, which will be completed in summer 2022.
- ✓ Completed the first phase delivery of the ENRaW funded Canals, Communities and Wellbeing Project, recruited projects officers in Spring 2022 to start the delivery on the ground.
- ✓ Liaised with Welsh Government Major Events Unit to attract new events and audiences to Powys from 2022 onwards, starting with the Women's Tour of Britain which will return to Powys for a stage finish in June 2022.

What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

- ✓ Develop/submit Strategic Outline Cases (SOC's) cases for the first phase projects and programmes within the Mid Wales Growth Deal Portfolio by June 2022
- ✓ Formally assess programme/project SOC's in summer/autumn of 2022, before programmes/projects that meet the success criteria move on to the



next stage on business case development.

- ✓ Maximise opportunities for funding and plan the effective delivery of funds secured for Powys from UK and Welsh Governments, eg. Levelling Up Fund, Shared Prosperity Fund, Transforming Towns Fund
- ✓ Complete a new Mid Wales Regional Strategic Tourism action plan by July 2022
- ✓ Complete delivery of the ENRaW funded Canals, Communites and Wellbeing Project by April 2023
- ✓ Liaise with Welsh Government Major Events Unit to attract new events and audiences to Powys from 2022/23 onwards and support the development of the new Wales wide Events Strategy.

What challenges do we face?

- ✓ COVID-19 has had a significant impact on the delivery of Steps 9 and 10. The loss of visitor revenue in 2020/21 is estimated to be around 65%, and it is expected to be 3-5 years before the visitor economy returns to pre Covid-19 levels.
- ✓ Pressure on small rural businesses in Powys has been extremely difficult, and ongoing support for businesses is needed to help restore confidence and support the return of key markets return as quickly as possible for a wide range of Powys products and services.
- ✓ EU Transitional arrangements remain a source of uncertainly for some Powys businesses, particularly those trading with the EU.
- ✓ The current inflationary pressures, cost of living, energy and transport price increases are having an impact on all households and business sectors in Powys.



Well -being Step 11: Implement more effective structures and processes that enable multiagency community focused response to wellbeing, early help and support



Well-being Step 12: Develop our organisations' capacity to improve emotional health and well-being within all our communities

Lead organisation: Powys Teaching Health Board

We all want to continue living in our own homes for as long as possible. However, we may need help to do so, whether informally from friends and neighbours or more formal support such as domiciliary care. Many people who live in Powys receive services from a range of departments and organisations. We want to work together across organisations, partners and specialisms to make it easier for you to access the most appropriate support for your needs by whoever is best placed to do that.

Emotional health is as important to well-being as physical health. However mental and emotional ill health is not as obvious sometimes as physical illness. The public sector in Powys employs a lot of people and we want to give them the skills to support each other, their families, friends, their neighbours, and communities. We already have strong and supportive communities and we feel that promoting emotional well-being will make them even better places to live.

Steps 11 and 12 of the PSB Wellbeing Plan have been deployed via the North Powys Wellbeing Programme

What have we been working on during 2021-22 to deliver our local objectives?

- ✓ A key priority has been on further progressing plans for the multi-agency wellbeing campus in Newtown. The Programme Business Case was submitted in November 2020 and endorsed by Welsh Government in March 2022.
- ✓ During this time, we have been able to work on the next stage of the business case planning process, the Strategic Outline Case. We have engaged with communities and stakeholders around what is important to them in relation to the campus and have held various clinical and professional group meetings to



discuss alternative models of care to inform demand and capacity modelling. This work has enabled us to provide further clarity around the potential scope of the scheme and the ambition around the service models we would look to provide from the new facility. At a very high level it also looks at the various options we are considering, the intended benefits and the financial and commercial aspects of the scheme. This business case was approved by Powys Teaching Health Board and Powys County Council in March 2022.

- ✓ Alongside this work. We have continued to engage with a wealth of third sector partners, who have expressed a strong desire to be a part of the programme to achieve the desired outcomes for the population. A partnership approach is being taken to formally link partners into wellbeing and preventative services. A group has been established consisting of wellbeing partners and core programme team members to consider how those links become formalised and how we achieve effective integrated working to implement a social model for health. This group is meeting quarterly and supporting reconnection and joint working.
- ✓ There are a number of accelerated projects funded under the programme which generally demonstrate good progress, although there have been some issues with recruitment which has affected delivery in some areas. During 20-21 case studies, from these accelerated projects were developed to share the good practice and evidence the positive impact they were having on children, young people, families, and citizens.
- ✓ A new sleep diagnostic service in Powys, the service has secured equipment to test people and is now able to offer this service to any Powys resident remotely, so that they don't have to travel to a particular hospital.
- ✓ Powys Teaching Health Board's Digital Transformation Team has teamed up with the Powys Association of Voluntary Organisations (PAVO) and the North Powys Wellbeing Programme to offer local residents support to get online in a pilot project. Residents can now make use of a confidential, safe and secure location at Plas Dolerw on Milford Road, Newtown to 'virtually' attend their



- appointment. Support staff are available to provide technical support that may be required in accessing their appointment.
- ✓ Repatriation of Children Looked After the project is sustaining a fall in the number of out of county placements each quarter and is demonstrating return on investment.
- ✓ Bach A lach training & support sessions delivered including "cooking together", "music & movement" and "circus skills training" for schools and preschools in Powys. Requests continue from all over Wales to consider how the project can be rolled out in new areas. Feedback from staff and Head Teachers is very positive. In the summer, the team delivered jointly with Powys sports development at a Wales wide conference showcasing their collaborative approach.
- ✓ Drive Through Spirometry project. The pilot has proved very helpful in forming longer-term spirometry plans with a view to explore ways to implement nationally.
- ✓ Powys Together Community Co-ordinators have worked with over 879 children and young people and over 350 families. A range of opportunities and events were organised in line with the 'Summer of Fun' initiative, which meant that families had access to lots of positive experiences over the summer months. Events and activities ranged from arts and crafts, story time, sports, family walks and graffiti projects.
- ✓ Eye care services are being invested in locally and some patients are now being seen locally, preventing people from travelling out of county.

What do we plan to do in 2022-23?

✓ Work with staff, communities and other key stakeholders to develop more detailed plans for the multi-agency wellbeing campus. This will be undertaken via a transformation process which will enable fast change through value-based health care models and evidence-based medicine, with a clear focus on improving citizen outcomes and prudent health and care. It will be supported by workshops, to be held face to face at external venues to encourage creative thinking, maximise partnership opportunities through effective networking, as well as a technical process which across the 5



- transformation areas, which will have set activities and outputs required to support the requirements of the next business case phase. Focus will include demand, capacity and financial modelling, workforce planning, commissioning and revenue business case development.
- ✓ Accelerated projects funded under the NPWP receiving Regional Integration Funding from Welsh Government for 22 -23, that support citizens to improve their own wellbeing this includes.
- ✓ Digital Engagement which aims to recruit two digital facilitators and one business manager to develop and deliver a programme of digital support and education for potential and existing service users across the north of Powys. Addressing core digital skills, access to equipment, and provide additional support to enable individuals to identify and use reliable sources of information about health and social care, as well as to access core services in the community. Delivered in partnership with the council and third sector organisations.
- ✓ Eye Care, which aims to further develop MDT Eye Care Services for North Powys as part of Pan Powys Eye Care Service Transformation Model in preparation for the commissioning of North Powys Wellbeing Centre. Developing & training a skilled MDT Eye Care workforce to make better use of visiting in reach consultant ophthalmology.
- ✓ Community Training Platform which aims to builds on the success of work delivered previously to provide service users with improved access to electronic resources to support them when making decisions about their health and social care. The platform will host video and interactive content to support a number of health board services. The project would allow services from across the health board to provide a "digital by default" approach to providing support to individuals both now and in the long term with the aim for this concept to be rolled out across services in Powys.



✓ Powys Together, funded last year and additionally this year to build further on their success. Working in 4 localities in North Powys to create system change by increasing opportunities to reduce disadvantage for children, young people and their families and ensure that children's, young people's and families' voices are at the centre of what we do. Working with communities, it supports and facilitates activities and events for children, young people and their families.

What challenges do we face?

- ✓ Capacity and the risk of fragmentation, the ask of all partners is significant.
 The pressures of the pandemic on operational teams remains challenging.
- ✓ Funding to support with revenue and capital aspects of the programme particularly investment in prevention and early help and support which bring longer term benefits.
- ✓ Engagement -Further focus on community engagement is required and there is a need to balance digital and face to face engagement to ensure no one is digitally excluded. Also, accessible information. Ensure close working relationship with school, governors, Renewal along with sharing the benefits of the programme, emphasised for the wider north Powys geographical area.
- ✓ Partnership ensure that no one party is more dominant moving forward to demonstrate the vision and commitment across the partnership.
- ✓ **Governance** reporting requirements and templates aligned, clarity between the Regional Partnership Board and the NPWP Programme Board.
- ✓ Balance between campus and model A Social model for health being more front and centre of the programme



Five Ways of Working – How are we doing things more sustainably?



We have continued to embrace sustainable working practices as part of planning and delivering each of our steps. We also recognise that we still have a long journey ahead to ensure this way of working is fully adopted and embedded.

How are we balancing short term needs with planning for the longer term?

Our long-term ambitions are set out in our Towards 2040 Plan and are prioritised into four key objectives. The 12 Steps we are taking in the shorter term can be seen as steppingstones for reaching our ambitions. For example, we've started work on improving our digital infrastructure because the way we work and live our lives today is changing rapidly and will continue to do so into the future, especially as working from home becomes the norm for many. Digital technologies are having a big impact on the way we connect with each other, receive information and access a variety of services, and the range of digital options presents us with exciting opportunities to deliver for our residents. We know we need to provide opportunities to improve the digital skills of our residents to improve inclusion for all in the longer term. Our wellbeing information bank continues to be updated with the latest data on economic, cultural, social and environmental topics and we use this data to understand trends and needs. The pandemic has made us think differently about the way we live our lives and the way people want services delivered and this is why we have continued to update our delivery plans throughout the year to reflect new opportunities.

How are we involving people (with an interest) in making decisions?

We recognise that the involvement of our communities and key stakeholders must be at the heart of the work we are doing and that is why one of our Well-being Steps is all about actively engaging with our residents. Over the past year, engagement has been minimal, however as we start to recover from the pandemic and begin the development of our next well-being assessment, engagement with stakeholders is going to be critical to understand what matters to people and using their feedback to influence the decisions we make. Throughout the year our PSB meetings are



available for members of the public to view/ attend and PSB meeting papers and minutes are published on the Council's website.

How are the steps delivered in collaboration with others?

While each of our 12 Well-being Steps are being led by an individual organisation, a number of delivery groups have been set up to manage the work and these have representation from a variety of organisations (public, private and third sector). Work has also been undertaken to further develop collaboration with Town and Community Councils and ensure integration between the wider PSB plans and local plans. Many partners on the PSB also sit on Regional Partnership Board, which helps to ensure we are working towards the same vision for Powys. We also collaborate with partners outside of Powys and learn from what is working well elsewhere.

How are we ensuring our plans are **integrated**? This means considering the impact of the Steps on the 7 Well-being goals, on each other and on other plans?

Where possible we are ensuring that our plans at a PSB level are integrated with the plans and objectives of individual partners organisations and with other local and regional partnerships. This will help ensure that we are all working towards the same vision and that there is a clear golden thread running between our plans. A well-being planning and delivery group, made up of officers from all PSB partners meets throughout the year to discuss progress against our well-being steps and to look for opportunities for better integration. Where possible, we are also looking at solutions for integrating our data to provide information on the most effective collaborative approach to meet the needs of our residents, especially those most vulnerable.

How are we **preventing** problems happening in the first place or getting worse?

Prevention continues to be an underpinning principle across all our Well-being Steps but is more clearly evident in some than others. For example, our step to develop a carbon positive strategy will ensure action to mitigate the risks of climate change and will contribute to the well-being of future generations. Working together on decarbonisation, rather than individually, will make a bigger difference to emissions in Powys and we can influence our communities to join in. Our steps to improve



transport and digital infrastructure also aim to prevent unnecessary or cleaner travel.

And our step around lifelong learning and skills aims to prevent unemployment,
poverty and improved well-being.



Seven Well-Being Goals

The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 required Welsh Ministers to set national indicators to assess progress towards achieving the 7 Well-being Goals. Outlined below are some of the key indicators, which are most relevant to our four objectives. Based on the most recent data available, they show the level of progress in Powys compared to Wales as a whole.

People in Powys will experience a stable and thriving economy

Indicator	Powys	Wales	Date
Gross Value Added (GVA) per hour worked	58%	73%	2019
(relative to UK average)	JO 70	7 3 70	2019
Gross Disposable Household Income per head	85.3	80.5	2019
Percentage of people moderately or very	85%	82%	2020
satisfied with their jobs.	0370	0270	2020
Percentage of people in employment	75.7	74.7	Year End
Percentage of people in employment.	75.7	14.1	2021

People in Powys will enjoy a sustainable and productive environment



Indicator	Powys	Wales	Date
Amount of waste generated that is not recycled, per person	173kg	141kg	2019-20
Capacity (in MW) of renewable energy equipment installed	388mw	4059mw	2019

People in will be healthy, socially motivated and responsible



Indicator	Powys	Wales	Date
	Male =	Male =	
Healthy life expectancy at birth including the gap	80.2	78.2	2010-
between the least and most deprived.	Female =	Female	2014
	83.6	= 82.3	
Percentage of adults who have fewer than two			
healthy lifestyle behaviours (not smoking,			
healthy weight, eat five fruit or vegetables a day,	8%	10%	2020
not drinking above guidelines and meet the			
physical activity guidelines).			
Mean mental well-being score for people	Adults –	Adults –	2019-20
Modif Mondal Won boing Goor of the poople	51.7	51.7	2010 20

People in Powys will be connected by strong communities and a vibrant culture



Indicator	Powys	Wales	Date
Percentage who feel able to influence decisions	25%	26%	2020-21
affecting their local area.	2070	2070	2020 21
Percentage of people satisfied with local area as	93%	87%	2020-21
a place to live	3370	01 70	2020-21
Percentage of people who volunteer.	32%	26%	2019-20
Percentage of people attending or participating			
in arts, culture or heritage activities at least three	71%	71%	2019-20
times a year			
Percentage of people satisfied with their ability			
to get to/ access the facilities and services they	85%	87%	2019-20
need			



Percentage of people agreeing that they belong		69%	2020-21
to the area; that people from different	78%		
backgrounds get on well together; and that	1070		
people treat each other with respect			
Percentage of people who are lonely	15%	16%	2019-20

Our overall assessment of wellbeing

As a PSB, we are accountable to the residents of Powys, and this annual report provides assurance of the progress we are making against our plan. In some cases, progress has either been very slow or delayed completely over the past year, as organisations emerge from the COVID-19 pandemic and begin to resume business as usual activity. However, many benefits have been realised such as continued roll out of electric vehicle charging points, the

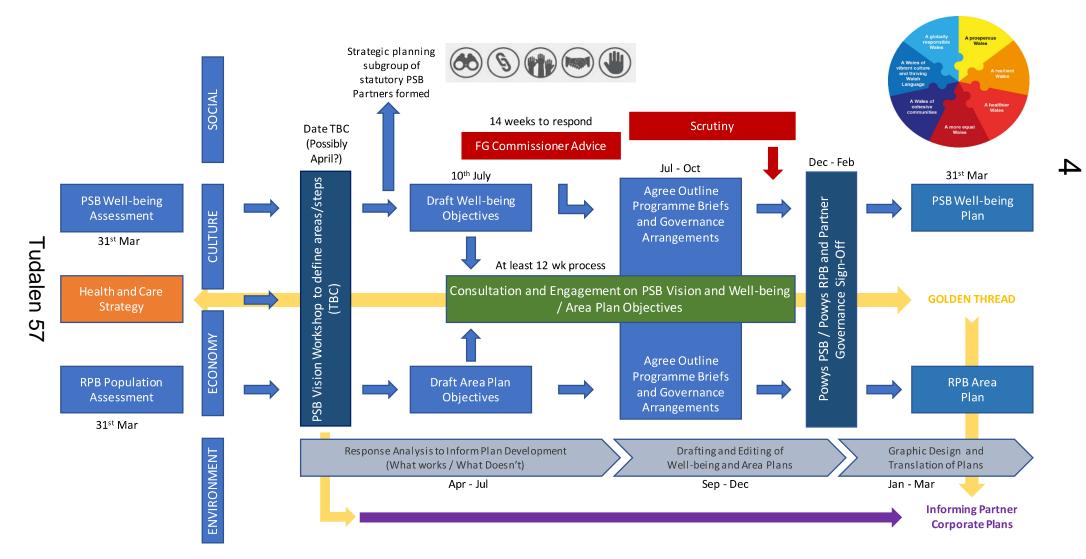


continue maximisation of volunteers, apprenticeship opportunities promotions and endorsement of the business case for the multi-agency campus in North Powys from Welsh Government.

These important milestones have been a step in the right direction, helping us on the journey to reach our long-term vision and meet the national Well-being Goals. We know that we must reflect on where we are as a partnership and that there are opportunities where we could be working together better, such as tackling climate change, supporting people living in poverty and enabling economic recovery. Commitment from PSB partners continues to be positive and we will continue to look for opportunities to invite new partners where relevant. We must remember that the challenge before us is about affecting longer term change, and this will take time. However, we are keen to ensure we build on the partnership working that has taken place in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and will look to build on these opportunities. During the year ahead, we will use the findings of the last comprehensive well-being assessment alongside the well-being information bank, to understand what is important to improving outcomes for residents of Powys, as use this to shape the next well-being plan.



Well-being Plan Timeline



Mae'r dudalen hon wedi'i gadael yn wag yn fwriadol



Annual Self-Assessment Report April 2021 to March 2022



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Executive Summary

This report presents the results of the first Powys County Council (PCC) corporate self-assessment in fulfilment of its obligations under Part 6 of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021. The Council is now obliged to publish an annual report that examines not only how we perform in several areas but also how we review our processes to ensure that they are working (and in particular how we respond to audits and regulatory reports). The period covered by this report is April 2021 – March 2022.

This report collates the results gathered from a variety of assessment processes and represents the Council's performance as an organisation against its Well-being Objectives as required by the Well-being of Future Generations Act (Wales) 2015 and its Strategic Equality Plan Objectives as required by the Equality Act 2010. It also evidences the Council's level of assurance that robust governance processes are in place. This report does not aim to provide insight into the performance of individual services (although the opinions expressed here have commonly been informed by the assessment of service-level evidence) but rather to indicate how the organisation is delivering at a strategic level.

In consideration of the <u>performance evidenced by the Council against its Well-being Objectives</u> during 2021/22, the Cabinet considered that the degrees of ambition (as defined by the <u>Well-being of Future Generations Journey Tracker</u>) that had been displayed were as follows:

Well-being Objective	Where we think we are	What does this mean?
Objective 1: We will develop a vibrant economy	Being more adventurous	Stepping out of a business as usual mindset and acting to change how things are currently done.
Objective 2: We will lead the way in providing effective, integrated health and care in a rural environment	Being more adventurous	Stepping out of a business as usual mindset and acting to change how things are currently done.
Objective 3: We will strengthen learning and skills	Owning our ambition and being more adventurous	Initiatives developing and more people becoming involved. Taking well-managed risks and collaborating beyond traditional partners/ stepping out of a business as usual mindset and acting to change how things are currently done.
Objective 4: We will support our residents and communities	Making simple changes	Steps that are quick and easy to implement. Methods have been tested by others and have a low risk of failure.

While wider national and global issues have had a significant impact on the Council's ability to complete some of its planned improvement work, significant evidence exists to conclude that the Council has been able to effectively maintain its public-facing services over the past year while continuing to work towards attainment of its Well-being Objectives. The additional and cumulative pressures and challenges of 2021 have exacerbated existing challenges, especially with regards to staffing recruitment and retention.

Conclusions surrounding the effectiveness of our Governance will be made within the Annual Governance Statement, which is due to be published in September alongside the Statement of Accounts.

1. Introduction

This report represents Powys County Council's fulfilment of its responsibility to undertake an annual corporate self-assessment, a requirement which has been placed on local authorities by Part 6 of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021. This Act passed into law in April 2021 and requires local authorities in Wales to keep under review the extent to which they are fulfilling the 'performance requirements', meaning that Powys County Council is expected to use this opportunity to demonstrate:

- That it is exercising its functions effectively
- That it is using its resources economically, efficiently, and effectively and
- The extent to which its governance is effective for securing the above

Under the new legislation, the Council is expected to develop and publish a self-assessment report once in every financial period. The fiscal period covered by this report is 6 April 2021 to 5 April 2022.

Guidance provided by Welsh Government defines self-assessment as 'a way of critically, and honestly, reviewing the current position to make decisions on how to secure improvement for the future'. In line with the requirements of the Act, the focus of the self-assessment report is that of revealing what can be determined from existing evidence and feedback regarding the Council's performance and the identification of further actions to drive improvement.

In addition, this report fulfils the Council's obligations with regards to providing an Annual Performance Report and Strategic Equality Plan as set out in the Well-being of Future Generations Act (Wales) 2015 and Local Government Measure 2009.

¹ Statutory guidance on Part 6, Chapter 1, of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021, pp. 15-16.



1.1 Context

In order to assess the Council's performance over the past year in a transparent and fair way, it is necessary to consider the social, financial and environmental factors that have influenced the Organisation's focus and ability to effect improvement. 2021/22 has unsurprisingly posed a complex range of pressures and demands on the Council which include:

- The loss of EU funding which will have an impact on a number of areas of activity.
- A widespread impact on performance and resources which has been felt as a result of disease outbreaks; not only the COVID-19 pandemic but also e-coli, norovirus and avian influenza.
- The situation in Ukraine has started to impact both the Council itself and businesses within Powys, and efforts to understand the impact of rising costs on services, suppliers and contractors are ongoing. The effects on Pension Fund performance and funding position, and the Council's commitment to disinvest from Russia will also have an impact.
- The recruitment and retainment of staff is challenging across all services, although this has often manifested in a service-specific way. Ongoing challenges include:
 - Difficulty in recruiting Welsh speaking staff which creates pressure in particular for teams providing translation services and customer services.
 - Ageing workforce in some operational teams, when combined with strenuous manual work, leading to a high sickness rate and difficulty in maintaining full staffing levels.
 - Loss of experienced staff through retirement or change of employment leading to relatively inexperienced teams in some specialist areas.
 - Losing specialist staff to more highly paid positions with other organisations,
 exacerbated by the move towards online working.
 - National shortage of social workers.
 - National shortage of care workers.
 - National shortage of HGV drivers.
 - Skills shortage for Technical Engineers.
- High levels of staff sickness for some services, due to COVID-19 itself and increasingly as a result of workforce fatigue and stress.
- An increased number of extreme weather events, in particular Storms Dudley, Eunice, and Franklin, have required increased resource to support flooding prevention, public safety, and recovery.



•	Increases in inflation may threaten the Council's ability to develop new programmes of work				
	without the identification of additional sources of funding.				

1.2 Annual Reports Aligned with this Self-Assessment

Pre-existing reporting channels that contain evidence that is aligned with the self-assessment report include, but are not limited to the:

Corporate Improvement Plan	Strategic Equalities Plan	Annual Governance Statement	Regulatory Reports	
Self-assessments (Quarterly Performance Reports, Integrated Business Plans, Service Improvement Board Reports, Transformation Board Reports)	Scrutiny evaluations	Staff engagement activities	Other consultation and engagement activities	
	Complaints and Compliments Analysis	Comparative Performance information		

2. Processes and Approach

2.1 How do PCC Carry out Self-Assessment?

The processes that Powys County Council uses to monitor and evaluate its performance against its objectives are set out in the <u>Performance Management and Quality Assurance Framework</u>. These processes follow a cycle of 'Plan, Do, Review' and seek to provide a rigorous framework within which staff are enabled to monitor performance, ensure compliance, assess effectiveness against objectives and produce valuable localised intelligence that will support future strategic planning.

2.2 Consultation and Engagement

The Council does not currently have an overarching policy that sets out the types of issues on which it will consult with its stakeholders. Decisions concerning engagement are often driven by a statutory requirement; for example, for the Powys school's transformation the public participation strategy is required to go out for public consultation in compliance with the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act. Smaller engagement projects are frequently driven by the desire to inform the improvement of services, in which case the decision to engage will usually be taken by the relevant Head of Service. The Council has a Consultation and Engagement Framework that provides guidance for services that are planning to engage with the people of Powys. A summary of the consultation and engagement activities undertaken by the Council during 2021/22 may be viewed below. For full details of all consultation and engagement activities undertaken by PCC during 2021/22, please see Appendix 3: Consultation and Engagement Activity 2021/22.

The Cabinet has approved plans for a Performance Feedback Ongoing Engagement Project (04/01/22 onwards) to gather views from the local community. These will be reported on quarterly and included as part of the council's future performance self-assessment work. Figures up to 31/03/22 show that there have been:



3. What We Know About Our Performance Against the Well-being Goals

Our Well-being objectives evidence the extent to which the work of the Council contributes to the national well-being goals, as set out by the Well-being of Future Generations Act.

How Our Well-being Objectives Contribute to the Seven Well-being Goals

Our Well-being Objectives	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
We will develop a vibrant ECONOMY (including Equality Objectives 1 and 2)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
We will lead the way in providing effective, integrated HEALTH AND CARE in a rural environment (including Equality Objectives 3 and 4)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
We will strengthen LEARNING AND SKILLS including Equality Objective 5)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
We will support our RESIDENTS AND COMMUNITIES (including Equality Objective 6)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



Figure 1 How our Well-Being Objectives Contribute to the Seven Well-Being Goals

Assessing the Organisation's performance against its Well-being objectives provides a focussed view of some of the Council's work. In addition to the opinions presented in this report, further insight into the evidence base that is drawn upon here is available via the following documents:

- The Council's <u>Corporate Improvement Plan</u> (CIP) sets out the objectives and measures that underpin the Well-being Goals and support the assessments discussed in this section.
- A summary of quarterly reporting of performance against objectives and measures over 2021/22 may be viewed <u>here.</u>
- A summary of 2021/22 delivery against Corporate Improvement Plan objectives and measures may be viewed at <u>Appendix 1</u>.
- A SWOT (Strengths/Weaknesses/Opportunities/Threats) report assessing the information provided by Services during the self-evaluation process may be viewed at <u>Appendix 2</u>.
- An evaluation of the projects included under the Transformation Programme is set out in Vision 2025 End of Administration Programme Report

The Cabinet, the Executive Management Team and the Senior Leadership team jointly attended a workshop to facilitate their assessment of the Council's performance during 2021/22 against its Well-being Goals and to formulate judgements regarding the level of ambition evident in attainment over the past year. The discussion was supported by a SWOT report developed from information provided by the Services during the self-evaluation process (and in turn informed by a summary of performance against the CIP metrics which may be viewed in Appendix 1). The group provided a rating for each Well-being Goal in line with the Well-being of Future Generations Journey Tracker (below) and these ratings and the key points raised in the discussion are provided below.

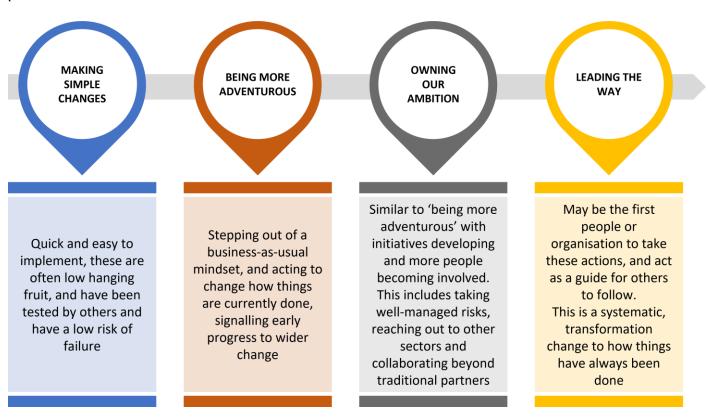


Figure 2 Well-Being of Future Generations Journey Tracker

A number of important issues were raised by the Group regarding the limitations of the process and validity of the judgements that could be made, and these may be summarised as follows:

a. National, and even global issues are having a significant impact on the performance of the Council and for many of the challenges being encountered, a wider governmental discussion is needed to address the obstacles to improvement.

- b. The Cabinet is newly formed following Council elections in May 2022, and its members do not necessarily have an historical perspective of the Council's services and the landscape in which they have performed previously, making it difficult to form an accurate judgement where the previous drivers for specific change are not fully understood with regard to either the problem or scale of the challenge presented at that time. Similarly, where Members have previously acted in opposition, they may not have had access to all the information that would have been available to the Cabinet at that time and in which context past decisions were made.
- c. It is acknowledged by the present Cabinet that the previous administration made decisions five years ago in the context of a considerable financial deficit and a number of failing services.
- d. That the performance evidence currently available for consideration contains gaps and variation in quality that presents additional obstacles to forming robust conclusions regarding corporate performance or level of ambition.
- e. The services have been operating in an environment of significant pressures and disruption for the past two years. Resources have, in the majority of cases, been focussed on continuing to provide people-facing services and attempting to maintain business as usual where possible. Much of the planned review, restructure and improvement work has been delayed or cancelled and although the pandemic has receded in the public discourse, recovery is still ongoing for many services. In this climate, the Group felt that it was difficult to ascertain what might be due to disruption and what might be the result of underperformance or lack of ambition.
- f. That discussion with Heads of Service indicated that there was often a keen appetite for innovation and change but also significant challenges with regard to finding the necessary budget to fulfil those aspirations.
- g. For every goal the Cabinet returned a variety of opinion regarding level of ambition and the following narrative aims to reflect the range of discussion as well as the level eventually agreed as most indicative of consensus.

These points notwithstanding, the following judgements were considered by the Cabinet to represent a fair and accurate view of what might currently be deduced regarding the Council's performance during 2021/22.

Key Findings

The Cabinet considers the Council's performance against this goal to indicate it having been 'More Adventurous' in its approach.

- a. Powys has previously not been eligible for some areas of EU funding; current successful bids for several funding opportunities including the Mid Wales Growth Deal and the Levelling Up Fund represent a significant achievement for the Council and a sound basis for future development. Although the benefits have not yet been realised, it was acknowledged that a great deal of groundwork had already been done over the past year that would yield many benefits following development and that this indicated a forwardlooking and constructive approach.
- b. COVID-19 has skewed the economic picture for the County, making overall assessment of the level of performance difficult.
- c. We have helped the economy by providing support to business to grow. 1173 local suppliers have engaged with the PCC procurement process, and we have spent 37% of the total council spend with Powys based suppliers. There has also been support for businesses through the administration of business grants, rates relief and supplier relief, which has been positively received, and via our Economic Development Team, who have provided 126 local businesses with advice and assistance. However, whilst this is a large reach with supporting the economy in Powys, there is a need for increased engagement with the business community to further develop opportunities within this area as there are still numerous businesses which would further benefit from this support.
- d. We have continued to support people in access to employment, with 53 apprentices within PCC. 105 individuals have been supported through the Communities for Work Plus Programme, with 84 having progressed to employment because of taking part in employability activities. This support has enabled those who are economically inactive to enter the job market. However, there is a need to expand the reach of this scheme, as there are approximately 3700 unemployed people within Powys and a new permanent position has been appointed to support this.

- e. We continue to promote Powys as a place to visit through tools such as Mid Wales My Way and social media. However, the STEAM (Scarborough Tourism Economic Activity Monitor) annual survey indicates that there were 4.17m visitor days to Powys for tourism purposes during 2021/22 which falls below the target figure of 4.5m. This was likely affected by lockdowns and other pandemic disruption, alongside the increased appetite for international travel following the easing of COVID-19 restrictions. These visitor days support the economy of Powys by creating footfall in communities and the generation of income to many local businesses. This tourism offer will look to be further strengthened by the work proposed as part of the Mid Wales Growth Deal.
- f. Progress has been maintained towards the new housing development programme, with the completion of two schemes (the first new Council homes built in Powys for 30 years). Further site development and planning is continuing. The Council is now aiming to build on average fifty new homes every year. In 2021-2022, Housing Services completed the construction of 39 new social rented homes and enabled housing associations to build a further 91 affordable homes. This equates to 23 additional affordable housing units per 10,000 households. However, rising property and land values, alongside increased material costs, are making the development of affordable homes increasingly difficult without additional grant from the Welsh Government and/or property sales at market values to generate cross subsidy opportunities. This is against a context of requiring increased affordable housing to support the wider needs of the communities of Powys, which will be a fundamental aspect of the upcoming revision of the Local Development Plan.

Assurance provided by regulatory and audit reports

In common with much of the work undertaken by the Council, sustaining and developing the local economy rests to a significant degree on its ability to maintain effective and innovative digital provision. While not a formal audit report, a recent ICT Risk Review Assessment carried out by SWAP Internal Audit Services, looked at PCC's wider technology risk and found that:

Powys County Council ICT Department continues to address a period of significant challenge with diligence, imagination, and hard work. Much has been completed in difficult circumstances, with the pandemic and its impact on facilities, resources, systems, staff, and funding. Historic leadership arrangements in ICT have been in place for some time, this is now being consolidated, with a focus on improving the current model and developing capability and capacity. Staff are continuing to apply further enhancements considering the ever-evolving cyber threat landscape and the

technological advances being made by industry to address these. Consequently, the risks and issues are understood, and planned for.

Key Consultations and Engagement Activities for this Objective

Consultation	Period
A four-week engagement exercise to seek the views of businesses,	22/06/21 to 19/07/21
residents, and visitors on the future of Powys town centres	
Active Travel – Commonplace mapping	16/08/21 to 08/11/21
Pre-application consultation for the proposed development of 32 energy	26/07/21 to 20/08/21
efficient one-bedroomed flats, for council rent, on the site of the former	
Robert Owen House in Newtown.	
Homes in Powys Common Allocation Scheme.	13/09/21 to 06/12/21
How has COVID-19 affected Powys?	08/10/21 to 11/11/21
Budget Survey	29/11/21 to 19/12/21
Powys Local Development Plan (2011-2026) Review Report.	06/01/22 to 01/02/22
Replacement Local Development Plan (2022-2037) Delivery Agreement	06/01/22 to 01/02/22
Engagement exercise for Transport Levelling up bid	24/03/22 to 14/04/22

For full details of the above, and all consultation and engagement activities undertaken by PCC during 2021/22, please see <u>Consultation and Engagement Activity 2021/22</u>.

Key Findings

The Cabinet considers the Council's performance against this goal to indicate having been 'being more adventurous.

- a. Health and Care Services have needed to prioritise resources into maintaining business as usual during the pandemic and more recently in the post-pandemic to deal with the increased need to support people.
- b. A great deal of innovation was evident pre-COVID-19 with numerous trials planned and/or implemented to drive change and increase integration. Progress has, in many areas, been hampered or halted by pandemic pressures but it is recognised that a great deal has been achieved despite disruption.
- c. Children's Services have faced increased demand to their Front Door, which creates a pipeline of additional demand for their whole Service. Whilst there has been an increased demand for children's social care, the Service has continued to maximise opportunities for prevention, with an increased number of referrals to our Early Help Service. Of the young people supported by this Service during 2021-22, 93% reported achieving their goals.
- d. The Intervention and Prevention Services continue to further support young people to remain with families, 93% of children who the Intervention and Prevention Service work with around family breakdowns remain with their families safely.
- e. Whilst the number of Children Looked After is on a downward trend, there is also a challenging backdrop against supporting those who are looked after. For example, there has been a reduction in the number of Foster Carers (which can be attributed to several factors such as age, COVID-19 etc.), and an increased demand for more specialist placements, leading to a competitive commissioning landscape in helping bring children Closer to Home. As a result, there has been an increase in the number of placement changes, including usage of residential provision, as a young person enters interim placements until a long-term placement is found that meets their needs. However, there is significant support to these young people to minimise placement breakdown, with 83% of those supported by Intervention and Prevention able to remain within their placement

safely.

- f. Staff have shown both resilience and a willingness to adapt to the swiftly changing landscape of provision over the past 2 years and have maintained as much face-to-face contact as possible. This is against the context of a national recruitment crisis for social workers, and despite several recruitment campaigns, there are still 38 social worker vacancies within Children's Services. However, work is being done to "grow our own social workers", which currently has 7 people undertaking this qualification. Whilst this does not resolve the recruitment issue in its entirety, it is a positive step in developing the existing workforce. Despite these pressures, the service has still been able to maintain high levels of performance, such as 88% of child looked after visits within statutory timescales.
- g. Adult Services staff have also identified a high post-COVID-19 demand for services following the lows experienced early in the pandemic. Potential underlying causes include:
 - Relatives have been providing support within the home while furloughed or working from home and their situation has now changed.
 - o Reluctance to allow carers into the home during the pandemic has now reduced.
 - People have not had access to care and support through social clubs and clinics leading to a deterioration in health and increase in frailty. This means that increased numbers of cases are presenting with significantly more complex and higher needs.
- h. Where possible, we continue to maximise opportunities for prevention, such as increasing the uptake of Technology Enabled Care (695 clients), the Home First project, signposting to Community Connectors and the promotion of tools such as Ask Sara. Whilst a high number of people have taken up these services, it is important to further analyse what impact this support has had upon their long-term outcomes and to extend their reach to maximise uptake. It is also important to consider that some preventative areas such as Clinics, Day Services and activities have not yet returned following the pandemic.
- i. This preventative work has helped support an increase in the average age of admission to residential care, meaning that more residents are being supported in the community for longer. This is also endorsed by increased Extra Care developments supporting people to remain within their communities, with building work in development for facilities in Welshpool and Ystradgynlais.

- j. People have also been supported to remain at home via the Fit for Life programme, where 187 properties in the past year have benefitted from the work carried out including improving access to homes and estates (which has included gardens and patios), improved security lighting of communal areas in line with RNIB (Royal National Institute of Blind People) and dementia partnership recommendations. Alongside this, there have been 75 disability adaptations undertaken to houses, within an average of 134 days. Whilst this represents a positive step in improving the living conditions of the people of Powys, this may be an area which requires further consideration as part of the longer-term housing needs of Powys.
- k. The organisation continues to operate in a challenging commissioning landscape, reflective of the national landscape, and struggle to find care home beds when looking to arrange timely patient flow; this is especially pertinent for those individuals that have high level or complex needs. The provider market has experienced difficulty in recruiting and retaining an adequate workforce and at least one care home in Powys has closed. Some care home providers with vacancies are unable to fill those places because of insufficient staffing levels to provide safe care. Adult Services moved Council staff into care homes when staffing fell below acceptable levels. Nationally there is a shortage of care workers, particularly within domiciliary care, where there is an increased demand and reduced availability to support people within their communities. Whilst there were a number of people who used direct payments to ensure their care and support needs are met previously, this has potentially increased (to amongst the highest in Wales) as people are seeking non-traditional, creative means to meeting their needs.
- I. Wales Community Care Information System (WCCIS) has been identified as a threat to performance across all Health and Care areas due to its performance issues, which is impacting worker morale and requiring additional administrative support to ensure the accuracy of information.
- m. Whilst there has been an increased amount of preventative work with positive outcomes, it is vital to consider that the longer-term detriments of COVID-19 still largely remain unseen, and are somewhat unknown, despite the increased demand and complexity starting to provide a challenge to this area.
- n. Although the Housing Service has managed the substantial increase in homeless households needing temporary accommodation (pending them finding a permanent home),

the 'Everyone In' policy introduced across Wales as part of the national response to the COVID-19 pandemic has created challenges in managing homelessness, with high demand for temporary accommodation high. The increase in demand started in 2020-2021 and has continued through 2021-2022. Currently there are between 300 and 400 live homeless cases at any one time (413 at the end of Q4) and the majority of people who are homeless (and in temporary accommodation) require one bedroom accommodation; across Powys only 6% of all housing (regardless of tenure) is one bedroom.

Assurance provided by regulatory and audit reports

There was an <u>inspection</u> of Youth Justice Services in March 2022, which considers the service to be "overhauled" and now rated as 'Good'.

Key Consultations and Engagement Activities for this Objective:

Consultation	Period
Living in Powys – Informing our well-being plan	08/06/21 to 31/07/21
Health and Care in Powys: Informing our Population Needs Assessment.	01/09/21 to 28/10/21
How has COVID-19 affected Powys?	08/10/21 to 11/11/21
Well-being Assessment Report – Consultation.	16/11/21 to 17/12/21

For full details of the above, and all consultation and engagement activities undertaken by PCC during 2021/22, please see Consultation and Engagement Activity 2021/22.

3.3 We will strengthen learning and skills

Key Findings

The Cabinet considers the Council's approach to attaining this goal to have reflected elements of both 'Owning our ambitions' and 'being more Adventurous', based on the complexities presented within this objective.

- a. It was identified that there had been a significant level of trialling of new approaches taking place, despite the pandemic, which indicated a willingness to change within services. This must now be sustained and built upon as COVID-19 disruption recedes.
- b. Post 16 education needs to be addressed with a focus on developing stronger partnership relationships with tertiary providers.
- c. National Key Performance Indicators do not provide adequate insight into pupil attainment or quality of provision.
- d. A key achievement has been the continued progress that has been made in addressing the 5 recommendations made by the Estyn report of September 2019. These were wide ranging in scope and much work has been achieved with regards to transformation, service performance and service delivery in schools to drive improvement across learner entitlement and outcomes for the children and young people in the County. All statutory and non-statutory services to the public and schools have been maintained throughout the pandemic and the transformation of education in Powys has continued with the establishment of 2 new all-age schools in the County and the closure of 7 primary schools. Following the dissolution of the Education through Regional Working (ERW) consortia, Powys and Ceredigion have formed a partnership to facilitate collaborative working on school improvement priorities which is underpinned by a Memorandum of Understanding that has been in place since September 2021.
- e. Key findings from the 2021/22 Headteacher Perception survey show that 89% of respondents felt that children and young people achieve well in Powys, 93% of respondents felt that schools in Powys provide a good education for children and young people and 89%

of respondents felt that Powys County Council has strong leadership in education matters.

- f. Schools are working well with Council officers to bring in-year budgets into balance and halt the growth of cumulative deficits. At the time of the Estyn inspection in July 2019, those schools on warning notices were projecting a cumulative deficit of £8 million. Prior to any action being taken the total projected deficit for all schools for 31st March 2022 was formerly £11.7 million. Following collaborative work with the schools and additional grant monies received during Spring 2021 (some of which were utilised against core costs), the budgets submitted in May 2021 indicate that the planned cumulative outturn at the 31st March 2022, for those schools on warning notice, is now projected to be a £3.5m deficit. The same budgets now show the total projected position for all schools as of 31 March 2022 to be a surplus of £1.4 million.
- g. Welsh language provision in Powys schools has continued to be a priority and 11.5% of year 11 pupils were studying Welsh (first language) last year. During the same period, 21% of pupils were educated through the medium of Welsh in Year 1 (which was a 1% decrease against the previous year's figure) and the Trochi Welsh-language immersion programme has been introduced to support learners new to the Welsh language who wish to be educated through the medium of Welsh. The recruitment of Welsh-speaking staff remains a significant challenge for both the Schools Service and individual schools, locally and nationally with the recruitment of more secondary specialists and also of specialist staff to tackle curriculum reform.
- h. The Council has continued to develop a joined-up system that will support children and young people with Special Educational Needs/Additional Learning Needs (SEN/ALN). The development of a proposal for the future of the specialist centres is on track and forms a key priority in the transformation programme for 2022-2023. In the past year, a satellite of one of our special schools has been developed and 14 teachers are currently working towards a post-graduate diploma in an area of SEN/ALN.
- i. The Council has supported Powys schools in improving pupil attendance rates and Powys learners who use the home to school transport service have been issued with a new QR coded bus pass which is scanned each time the pupil uses the service. This facility has helped us to understand pupil movement and track potential COVID-19 exposure during the pandemic and in the future will allow us to build a clearer picture of the service to support improvement. The system has been a huge a success across the County and has been

shortlisted for a Local Government Chronicle (LGC) Innovation award.

- j. As part of its work to improve skills and employability in the County, 11 apprentices were employed as part of a new programme to improve routes to employability with the Council that commenced this year. Over the last year only 1.2% of 16 year olds in Powys were not in education, employment or training during 2021/22 exceeding the target level of below 2%.
- k. The Council remains committed to improving opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty and coordinated a Child Poverty in Powys consultation in August 2021 to further inform its work.
- I. The percentage of pupils who are eligible for Free School Meals (FSM) has increased significantly from 12.1% in January 2020 to 17.5% in March 2022 and during 2021/22 3098 pupils qualified for FSM in the County. The PCC Catering Service provided 908,829 school meals during 2021 which included 78,354 Free School Meals. Many of our pupils who are eligible for Free School Meals made progress in line with their expected outcomes, but some pupils were impacted by remote learning and became disengaged from learning during this period. Our schools have put in place support for these eFSM pupils but although they are now engaged in learning, they have not yet returned to their prepandemic levels.
- m. 5 schools in Powys participated in the School Holiday Enrichment Programme (SHEP) during summer 2021. Early expressions of interest have been collated for SHEP 2022 and 11 schools have voiced a wish to participate. Holiday Activities were supported through over 1,000 pupil sessions across all the SHEP sites over 39 events. Sport Powys together with Freedom Leisure provided 157 hours of free sports and physical activity sessions across the county and the officers providing the service delivered to just under 800 children. Attendance was significantly lower than hoped for last year; activities were cancelled during 2020 because of COVID-19 and revival of the programme during 2021 proved challenging amidst continuing disruption.
- n. 5 schools took part in activities funded by the Winter of Well-being Music Grant to offer opportunities for those learners who may not usually have access to music tuition.

- o. During the pandemic the Council offered support for digitally excluded learners through the provision of Wi-Fi connectivity via 4G MiFi boxes and the emergency issue of laptops to allow all pupils the opportunity to continue their education from home.
- p. The Council has supported period dignity and all schools have received regular supplies of feminine hygiene products to ensure that learners have access to free products. The scheme has been very successful with 812 requests received within the first 2 days alone during the autumn term.
- q. During 2021/22 the Income and Awards service have ensured that a greater number of eligible families were made aware of and took up the offer of Free School Meals. Over that period, take up has increased from 2,771 to 3,098. The Money Advice Team has continued to offer support to families across Powys to maximise benefit take-up and provide budgeting and debt advice. A joint mailing exercise was undertaken in November 2021, during which 2,761 households in Powys received a letter to promote the work of the NEST energy efficiency scheme. During 2021/22, the money advice team received 155 new family referrals and the benefits gain from their efforts amounted to £447,954.15. In 2021/22, 2,044 Pupil Development Grant payments were made to families, representing a total of £267,045 distributed.

Assurance provided by regulatory and audit reports

The Powys County Council School Service has performed well during 2021-22. A key achievement has been the continued progress that has been made in addressing the five recommendations made by the Estyn report of September 2019. These were wide ranging in scope and much work has been achieved with regards to transformation, service performance and service delivery in schools to drive improvement across learner entitlement and outcomes for the children and young people in the County. In their 2021 *Report following monitoring Local Council causing significant concern*, following the most recent core inspection, it was found that 'overall, leaders have worked well with stakeholders and partners to make strong progress against all recommendations. Powys County Council is judged to have made sufficient progress in relation to the recommendations following the most recent core inspection. As a result, Her Majesty's Chief Inspector is removing the Council from the category of local authorities causing significant concern'. Estyn, 2021

Key Consultations and Engagement Activities for this Objective

Consultation	Period
Proposal to change the language category of Ysgol Dyffryn Trannon	25/02/21 to 15/04/21
Proposal to close Mount Street Infants School, Mount Street Junior School, and Cradoc C.P. School and to establish a new English-medium primary school for pupils aged 4-11 on the current sites of Mount Street Infants School, Mount Street Junior School, and Cradoc C.P. School	25/02/21 to 12/05/21
Proposal to close Castle Caereinion C. in W. School from 31 st August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools	14/04/21 to 02/06/21
Proposal to close Churchstoke C.P. School from the 31 st August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools	14/04/21 to 02/06/21
Proposal to close Llanfihangel Rhydithon C.P. School from the 31 st August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools	14/04/21 to 02/06/21
Proposal to close Llanbedr C. in W. School from 31 st August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools	21/04/21 to 23/06/21
Governor Questionnaire 2021	21/06/21 to 19/07/21
Pre-application consultation for the proposed development of a new £22m school for Ysgol Cedewain in Newtown	26/07/21 to 20/08/21
Child Poverty Survey	12/08/21 to 30/08/21
Draft Welsh in Education Strategic Plan (WESP) for 2022-2032.	24/09/21 to 19/11/21
School Funding Formula Review	05/10/21 to 22/10/21
Future plans for Ysgol Calon Cymru	30/11/21 to 26/01/22
School's admissions arrangements and catchment maps	01/02/22 to 14/03/22

For full details of the above and all consultation and engagement activities undertaken by PCC during 2021/22, please see Consultation and Engagement Activity 2021/22.

Key Findings

The Cabinet considers the Council's performance against this goal to indicate it was 'making simple changes'.

- a. Despite disruptions to services, Powys County Council has continued to support and deliver a range of opportunities for culture and leisure throughout Powys. It is notable that all 13 of the Powys Leisure/Sports Centres sites opened on Day 1 post-lockdown and that Q3 active participation figures showed an increase of 7% over 2019 Q3 figures. Swim school figures are now at 5,001 students per week which is a 15% increase over the numbers recorded pre-COVID-19.
- b. The Archives public search room remained open as advertised through the year with the number of documents produced remaining comparable with previous years (around 2,000), and enquiries by email to the research services remaining at around 1,500. Visitor surveys show that use of the Powys Archive Service is split roughly 50/50 between visitors and residents.
- c. Libraries, in common with all front-facing facilities, have been affected by a drop in visitor figures. The service has been inventive in reaching new and existing audiences and book loans have continued through the order and collect service. In Powys, the service has recorded a 77% increase in digital downloads since 2020, placing it just outside the top quartile for digital issues. Powys is 1 of 7 services across Wales to have seen an increase in library membership during 2020-21. In the last Welsh Public Library Standards return the service reports that it meets 10 of the 12 core entitlements in full, 1 in part and did not meet 1 (lending books and library strategy). The Standards are a guide to performance and not a legislative requirement. The council meets its statutory obligations under the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964. The library service has also provided digital help sessions for members of the public to support people in accessing and using library apps (such as BorrowBox and Libby) as well as teaching participants how to use their tablets, phones, laptops and computers.
- d. Staff have continued to work in the Powys museums throughout the pandemic, even when the facilities have been closed to the public, with looking after the collections remaining a

key priority. During 2021/22 6 temporary exhibitions have been organised across the museums. Sales made during a temporary exhibition held at Y Gaer generated around £20k in commission for the Museum.

- e. The Creative Industries and Arts Sector responded swiftly to expressed customer and community needs, in particular, around mental health and well-being support by providing online programmes, events and resources in a variety of forms. Participation figures have been lower than hoped at Powys County Council grant funded arts and cultural events.
- f. As part of its efforts to safeguard and enhance the natural environment for residents and communities, the Council convened a Climate Action Project Board to support the delivery of its Red Kite Climate Vision & Strategy and deliver its vision that by 2030 Powys County Council will be carbon neutral and climate resilient. The Powys Nature Recovery Action plan policy has also been developed to further progress action within this area.
- g. In 2021/22, 66% of waste in Powys was reused, recycled or composted, slightly exceeding the Welsh Government target of 64%. The average number of working days taken to clear fly-tipping incidents was 2.6 during 2021/22 and this represents a significant reduction from the 2020/21 average of 6.3 days.
- h. The Council's Environmental Protection performance has been good, and recent targets have generally been met or exceeded, with only industrial authorised processes inspections and sampling of commercial private water supplies falling below. COVID-19 significantly impacted the way in which these services could be delivered e.g. carrying out site visits, sampling etc.
- i. The Council has taken strategic leadership/involvement in seeking to address the river SAC (Special Area of Conservation) phosphate pollution issue. Phosphate pollution in river SAC catchments has both short-term implications and impacts (e.g., planning decisions, reduced fee income to the Council) and long-term impacts (e.g., potential risk to Replacement LDP preparation, community needs may not be met, council tax implications).
- j. We continue to improve the quality of the environment that our housing tenants live in and the services they receive through the delivery of the Love Where You Live tenancy sustainability strategy. In 2021-2022, 89% of tenants were satisfied with the major programmes of repair and improvement, 87% of tenants believed that the Council provides

homes that are safe & secure and 78% considered their rent to be good value for money. Compliance with the Welsh Housing Quality Standard has been maintained. Our greenspace improvement strategy for Housing Services owned sites has been progressed with greenspaces having been surveyed in all major towns and raised bed kits installed at Housing Services sites across the county, in response to feedback from residents. Estate management has been hampered as a result of COVID-19 disruption to normal interaction, which has reduced opportunities for the Housing Officers to visit sites and residents.

- k. The Survey of Tenants and Residents (STAR) has recently been completed (quotas were set on area, housing type and number of occupants, with no more than one person being interviewed in each household in order to reflect the overall tenant profile) with an overall sample size of 704 interviews being achieved. There has been a notable improvement in overall satisfaction with services provided by Housing Services since the 2019 survey, with the proportion who are either very or fairly satisfied increasing from 65% to 71% in 2021 (19% were dissatisfied). Performance is slightly under the 2021/22 target of 75% tenant satisfaction and has fallen from the 84% satisfaction rate achieved in 2019/20 (the STAR survey is completed every two years).
- Improved opportunities for our residents and communities to become more digitally inclusive have been achieved over the past year, in part driven by adaptations developed during the pandemic. The schools Hwb Programme has provided an environment that delivers blended learning (classroom and home based together) through digital technology to 100% of our schools and with all Wave 4 deliverables met. All Powys teachers (1,113) received a laptop to assist with classroom and online learning and laptops were provided to all year 12 learners. Wi-Fi connectivity was provided via 600 4G MiFi boxes and the emergency issue of 800 Chromebooks so learners could continue their education from home. In Powys, 86 of 91 (94.5%) schools have now achieved the 1 device:2 pupils' ratio.

Key Consultations and Engagement Activities for this Objective

Consultation	Period
Digital Services for Archives, Museums and Libraries	01/03/21 to 11/04/21
Staff Well-being Survey 2021	01/06/21 to 30/06/21
Internal Communications Survey	05/07/21 to 31/07/21
Climate Strategy Consultation	15/12/21 to 09/01/22

For full details of the above and all consultation and engagement activities undertaken by PCC during 2021/22, please see Consultation and Engagement Activity 2021/22.

4. What we know about our progress on Strategic Equalities Planning (SEP)

In setting its SEP objectives, the Council has developed overarching objectives that are based on the needs and issues that people with protected characteristics face, and this is described in further detail in <u>Vision 2025</u>. Where a specific protected characteristic is likely to experience particular disadvantage, this has been discussed in the CIP section 'Why is this objective important and how will it support people with protected characteristics?'.² 2021/22 performance against the Equalities Objectives may be viewed at <u>Appendix 1</u> and <u>Appendix 2</u>.

Characteristic	Supporting Objective					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
Sex			✓			✓
Age		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Disability	✓	✓			✓	✓
Race						✓
Gender Reassignment						✓
Religion/Belief						✓
Sexual Orientation						✓
Pregnancy/ Maternity						✓
Marriage/Civil Partnership						✓

4.1 How do we identify and collect relevant information

- Information is collected during the PCC recruitment process via an Equality Monitoring form.
- Equalities data is collected by services alongside other data during resident and service
 user surveys and other forms of engagement. This information is retained by the services to
 support decision-making and assist in service delivery.
- An equalities staff network continues to meet to help explore and better understand the issues and opportunities involved.

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² These objectives were based on the evidence available at that time.

- For some service users, a different approach is required and a key objective towards the
 end of 2021 was the sourcing of additional venues from which to conduct drop-in sessions
 for people needing housing related support. Drop-in availability allows for the quick
 resolution of queries for those clients who may not need longer term support, but for whom,
 if this service is not available, issues may compound and necessitate longer-term support.
- Some equalities data is collected through the <u>Staff Engagement and Well-being Survey</u>.
- The Powys Older People's Forum Report was completed in March 2022. Supported by a
 Welsh Government grant, the report was commissioned to identify ways in which the
 Council can potentially improve engagement with its older residents through the further
 development of its Older People's Forum.
- A key opportunity identified by Adult Services during the last 12 months was the
 engagement of a number of residents (who are living with physical disability and/or sensory
 loss), in the co-production of a citizens' charter.
- In response to recommendations made by Audit Wales, residents are now able to use the Council's website to suggest topics for scrutiny to consider and to comment on items due to be considered during Scrutiny meetings.

4.2 How does the Council use this information in meeting the three aims of the general duty?

- During 2021/22, the Council rolled out the implementation of New Ways of Working. It is anticipated that this process will be concluded for most service areas by the end of 2022. At the end of the year, 576 members of staff were deployed in flexible working arrangements and/or working from home on a regular basis which was above target. Staff are encouraged to work in a flexible way to enable them to balance work against their other priorities, whilst also ensuring the needs of the Council are met. The flexible nature of many of our roles are promoted widely and part time working is promoted and supported wherever possible.
- Closer links have been made with the Department of work and Pensions and several visits have taken place and more are planned over the coming months.

4.3 How effective are the Council's arrangements for identifying and collecting relevant information?

While continuous improvements are being made regarding the ways in which the Council
engages with the people of Powys, it is acknowledged that the identification and collection
of information in support of the Council's Strategic Equalities Planning requires further
development to reflect the importance that the organisation places on ensuring a fairer and

more equitable future for the people of Powys. A new Cabinet portfolio has recently been created with responsibility for 'a Fairer Powys' to provide increased focus on equality, diversity, and inclusion.

4.4 What do our arrangements tell us regarding the equality of access to employment, training and pay?

- The Gender Pay Gap (GPG) analysis for 2021 has evidenced a further improvement in the closing of the GPG for directly employed staff. From 2020 to 2021, the mean GPG reduced from 7.55% to 7.28%, with the median GPG falling from 7.62% to 4.14%. More detailed analysis, however, shows that when IR35 workers (who are more likely to be male) are included within the figures, the number of higher pay rates earned by this group increase the average hourly rate overall and the mean GPG increases from 7.55% to 8.18%.
- Equality Data for the period 2019 to 2021 has been verified and is currently being analysed to identify trends.

5. How good is our Self-Assessment Process?

- Powys County Council currently has robust processes in place that support self-assessment (these include quarterly performance review meetings, bi-annual Executive Management Team (EMT)/Cabinet Panels and Service Improvement Boards etc.) and there may therefore be no necessity to introduce additional structures at this time. It is, however, recognised that there is a need to strengthen how services use evidence and extract learning to inform improvement action. In addition, work is needed to improve the connection between the deeper understanding of measurement definition within services and the use of those same measurements in reporting for external distributions.
- While the organisational arrangements for monitoring and reporting performance against the well-being objectives are sound, an intensified programme of support and development may be required to fully embed evaluative process and capability at service level. For some services this will represent a significant resource challenge, and they may not presently be in a position to find the necessary capacity, especially while the disruption and uncertainty of COVID-19 continues.
- Performance measures are in place and the mechanisms for collecting, recording, and reporting data are adhered to but the quality of evidence provided is often of insufficient quality or focus as to allow a clear understanding of performance against the well-being objectives to emerge.
- Increased efforts to establish baseline trends are needed, along with a clear, evidencebased rationale for action.
- Services are currently working to introduce outcome-based measures.
- Actions formed in response to audit report findings are included in workplans to ensure action and monitoring.
- Cabinet and Scrutiny are engaged in the performance management process through opportunities to contribute towards the quarterly reporting process
- There is a positive relationship between the organisation and corporate performance colleagues, which has developed considerably over time to maximise the engagement with the strategic planning and performance process.

- The Council uses a range of metrics, measures and indicators to monitor its performance, and these include a mixture of Public Accountability Measures (PAMs) and more localised measures developed by individual services to reflect their attainment against current objectives in alignment with the Council's Corporate Improvement Plan (CIP). Service-level objectives are set out in their Integrated Business Plan (IBP) and this forms the link between the strategy set out within the CIP and the actions required to implement that plan at Service-level. While most of the necessary elements are present to allow us to evaluate our performance against the well-being goals, some obstacles remain that prevent the emergence of a clear picture of all areas of attainment. Barriers that have been identified as impeding effective and holistic evaluation include:
 - Currently, for historical reasons, measures exist at the more granular performance level but are not in place for the overall attainment at well-being objective level
 - The existing measures are, in a number of cases, not fully achieving their purpose;
 the reasons behind this are complex and varied but can be largely summarised as follows:
 - Some of the measures, as they are currently reported, are not formally clearly defined (although there is often a clearly understood definition and value to the evidence at an operational level). This leads to a gap in meaning between that perceived by the service itself and that discernible once the measure is removed from its context and reported to a wider audience.
 - This may create the potential for negative or misleading interpretation. For example, in instances where client numbers are demonstrated to be falling (thereby achieving the target) without the commensurate assurance that the figures do not disguise a failure to identify potential cases in the population (i.e., that the measure does not provide a 'perverse incentive').
 - Some measures are not true measures, with confusion sometimes evident between measures, actions and targets.
 - Attainment of objective is often evidenced by the listing of actions without the presentation of a clear rationale to explain how the two relate.
 - Insufficient consideration is currently given to the establishment of appropriate degrees of contribution/attribution.
- Currently some of the measures in use by the Council refer to large-scale and complex issues over which it cannot hope to have a direct influence. Consideration may be required in the future to clarify how the Council approaches accountability in order to provide a clear

delineation between the population-level trends that we are attempting to influence (but cannot be expected to have total control over) and the measures that evidence our own performance (and for which we are answerable).

- It is not expected that immediate alterations can be made by services where problematic measures do not provide clear evidence and a programme of development will be required to strengthen capability and introduce change over time. The challenges inherent in improvement of this type are further exacerbated currently by the disruption and workload pressures created by the coronavirus pandemic. In order to provide an improved quality of evidence and a clearer picture of performance against objective, measures and significant data are presented below enriched with supporting context of improvement work provided by links to relevant processes, documentation and evaluative material.
- However, the above have been considered as lessons learned based on the previous strategic planning and performance cycle and are being used to inform the newly elected corporate plan, which is being developed ahead of March 2023.

6. How are we working more sustainably?

The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 places a duty on local councils to consider how they can work more sustainably across 7 core areas of change. The table below outlines what we have been working on during 2020-21 to ensure our processes, the way we plan and the way we support front line services is done in a way that considers the long term, prevention, integration, collaboration, and involvement.

Area of change	How are we using the five ways of working to change how we think, plan and act?
Risk	 The Council's risk management arrangements have continued to be significantly improved during 2021-22 in response to a follow up internal audit report of risk management in March 2020. The Council's risk management system holds all risk registers, and this is where all strategic, service and transformation programme risks are registered, mitigating actions identified and risks monitored. Consideration of risk is an integral part of quarterly performance reviews held with Portfolio Holders, Directors and Heads of Service. The Audit Committee also has a key role in monitoring and challenging the Council's risk register. More information about the Governance and Audit Committee, including strategic risk reports and copies of minutes of previous meetings, is available by visiting: https://powys.moderngov.co.uk/mgCommitteeDetails.aspx?ID=135
Performance Management	 The method of reporting through an AIA (Achievements, Issues, Actions) approach is now well embedded across the organisation and provides a clear and succinct way of communicating key information to strategic decision makers. At the beginning of the year the council revised its Performance Measurement Framework to remove duplication in reporting and to ensure its measures / data sets are clearly aligned to the 'Golden Thread' of plans. We recognise that further work is needed to develop more outcome focused indicators and to ensure that services can effectively demonstrate the impact on residents. This is further explored within the self-assessment document. A new emphasis is being placed on self-assessment and arrangements have also been put in place to strengthen the role of scrutiny in the quarterly performance management cycle.

- The virtual training video on Strategic Planning and Performance
 Management continues to be available, which aims to support officers with
 improving the quality of planning and reporting. This is being rolled out as part
 of a Managers Induction course.
- During 2021-22 data analytics and insight has strengthened and been integral to our response and recovery to the pandemic. We have developed numerous automated reports to provide insight on vulnerable people and those shielding and supported an integrated approach to ensure we assist those most at need. We have produced reports for our local Track, Trace and Protect so that they can effectively target their approach. We produced the Well-being Assessment and Population Needs Assessment, analysing the needs of the local community through the prism of well-being.
- We have continued to develop a Corporate Scorecard which integrates
 workforce, compliance, finance, and audit. This supports the Senior
 Leadership Team and Executive Management Team with their work and
 provides a health check of the organisation.
- All Members produced an Annual Report on their activities, and these are all
 published on the Council's public website at
 https://powys.moderngov.co.uk/ecCatDisplay.aspx?sch=doc&cat=13340
- A copy of our Performance Management and Quality Assurance Framework is available via our website by visiting: https://en.powys.gov.uk/article/7911/Performance-Management-and-Quality-Assurance

Corporate Planning

- During 2021-22, the Council revoked its Business Continuity Plan to respond
 to the extraordinary challenges presented by coronavirus (COVID-19), which
 meant that a range of services that were either adapted, suspended or, in
 some instances, established for the first time began to return to business as
 usual. This was largely across the whole organisation, followed by Social
 Services later, which remained within this state due to the pressures
 presented.
- During 2021-22 the Council's 5 stage corporate planning cycle was used as
 the framework for COVID-19 Recovery Planning and Budget Recovery
 Planning. As part of the process all services continued to refine and
 strengthen their Integrated Business Plans, including improving the long-term
 consideration of actions.

- The Council continues to embed a new Transformation Approach which
 draws on a range of key disciplines and methodologies, such as a customer
 centric approach to service re-design and agile project management. It
 focusses on having multidisciplinary teams to plan and deliver projects and
 development is based on continual customer feedback.
- During 2021-22, we successfully digitised the Impact Assessment form. This provides services with a more efficient and user-friendly method, enhanced robustness and introduction of an automated flow process to support governance. The central repository of impact assessments, for Members and staff to access, aids in developing proposals and sharing information, evidence, and good practice. The new system allows the Council to interrogate the data from multiple impact assessments, to look at the cumulative impact of decisions on particular geographic areas or groups within the community, as well as identifying changes that can be made to the proposal to improve the impact of an element of the assessment. Further developments are planned to support enhancing understanding surrounding impact.

More information about our plans (for Powys County Council) is available on our website by visiting:

https://en.powys.gov.uk/changeplan

Financial Planning

- 2021-22 has seen a much higher level of engagement in the development of the budget and the Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) with staff,
 Members, stakeholders, and the public.
- Use of the budget simulator, numerous Member engagement sessions, staff engagement events, meetings with stakeholders and scrutiny of the Draft 2021-22 budget and the 2020-25 MTFS have all helped to bring greater openness and transparency to the financial planning process.
- The Council's Capital Strategy has been amalgamated with the Treasury
 Management Strategy and is now integral to the Integrated Business Planning
 process. The strategy facilitates a seamless interface between business
 planning within the Council and the management of assets and capital
 resources. The introduction of a new governance framework for the inclusion
 of projects in the capital programme supported by CIPFA training for key staff

- in business case development has helped to improve the quality of business cases and decision making around capital investment.
- Integrated Business Planning has been adopted since April 2019 with the aim
 of moving the Council away from traditional budget planning to one that
 focuses on how best to use our resources to make the biggest impact on the
 outcomes the Council is seeking to achieve, informed where available by
 comparative performance and unit cost data and feedback from regulators
 and customers.
- There is further work to do to move properly away from incremental budgeting
 and to Outcome Based Budgeting (OBB) and this work is planned through the
 period until 2025. A number of pilot projects will commence in 2021-22 and be
 expanded across all services over the following 3 years. More information
 about the Council's Budget and Accounts is available at:
 https://en.powys.gov.uk/article/7469/Council-Accounts

Workforce Planning

Workforce futures is one of the Council's key Transformation projects which focusses on:

- Developing organisational agility
- Developing our approach to leadership and management
- Culture and engagement
- Developing our capability and capacity
- Improving and transforming the council
- Developing further our health and well-being offer

Further information can be found in the <u>Transformation End of Administration</u> report.

Assets

- The Strategic Property Team on behalf of Powys County Council continue to explore partnership working with both public and 3rd sector organisations. The shared use of buildings is a key strategy, ensuring public services are maintained and accessible to all.
- We continue to make available accommodation to partner organisations including national government agencies.
- The organisation is still implementing New Ways of Working which will impact on how buildings are used in the future. We will continue to develop modern workplaces which align with smart working practices.

 The schools' modernisation programme continues to be developed with new build schools becoming more community focused. This change in emphasis will enhance the way our school buildings are used both now and in the future; becoming more sustainable and reducing our carbon footprint.

Procurement

- We have modified our procurement process so that from the outset we
 consider how any procurement would support and / or could have an impact
 on the 7 well-being goals. This ensures that at the point of drafting
 specifications, terms and conditions and invitations to tender we can build
 specific requirements into our contracts to support these goals or mitigate any
 negative impacts.
- We have updated our <u>Procurement strategy</u> to be more inclusive and assist smaller businesses and local suppliers to bid for contracts, as well as using procurement models such as the dynamic procurement system (DPS) for smaller repetitive procurements.
- We keep our procurement processes (e.g., terms and conditions and prequalification processes) under continual review to ensure that we are fully compliant with new legislation and policy requirements, such as the Modern Slavery Act and the Code of Practice for Ethical Employment in the Supply Chain.
- The 5 ways of working also underpin our approach to procurement and commissioning, with each procurement requiring the completion of an integrated impact assessment which includes an evaluation of the extent to which the procurement is considering the sustainable development principle.
- Under the Powys Pound initiative, we are helping local businesses to improve their tendering skills. We are also speeding up our payment processes and using payment cards where possible so that local companies are paid faster and without delay to boost their business. Project Bank Accounts are used on all major capital projects to increase the speed of payment to subcontractors and suppliers. Annualised events are also undertaken to show and discuss our forward programme and up and coming procurement packages with suppliers and to encourage more localised bidding and engagement. We are utilising the TOMS and social value for all relevant (over £2 million) contracts, and these have been mapped against the Well-being of Future Generations goals and require tenderers to submit and to be evaluated on their social value content in any contract. The portal will also monitor progress against all

- the tender submissions to show that each measure has been achieved successfully.
- The Council is also working collaboratively with Centre for Local Economic Strategies (CLES) Ceredigion Council, Powys Teaching Health Board, Hywel Dda Health Board, Mid Wales Fire Service, and the University sector on a Foundation Economy Project to benefit Community Wealth in our region. The Board has identified the following workstream and further work on spend and data is ongoing for each of them. These are: Opportunities for Start-ups; Food; Construction and Housing Retrofit; and Development of Generative Services. Our 21st Century Schools Programme is being designed as an ultra-low carbon impact schools using Passivhaus construction methods.
- Education is also working with Constructing Excellence Wales to pilot the
 Future Generations Directory Toolkit for the proposed Bro Hyddgen
 Community Campus through the design and build programme, which maps
 the design and build stages to each of the goals of the Well-being of Future
 Generations (Wales) Act.
- The Affordable Housing Development programme in the Council, which is modest compared to other local authorities, has built in low energy / low carbon / Passivhaus options into the build programme which will remove fuel poverty for families and residents of the homes impacting on Well-being / Education and skills, etc.
- For more information about procurement and contracts, including opportunities to tender, please visit:
 https://en.powys.gov.uk/article/4894/Procurement-and-Contracts

7. What we Know About our Governance Performance

A full outline and assessment of the governance processes that have been in place in Powys County Council for the year ending 31st March 2022 may be viewed in the <u>Annual Governance Statement</u> (AGS). BRAG (Blue, Red, Amber, Green) ratings for the below actions have been considered using the method defined within the Performance Management and Quality Assurance Framework (PMQAF).

7.1 Our performance against the 2020/21 AGS action plan

Development Action	Lead/Deadline	BRAG
Review the Membership and Terms of Reference of the Governance and Audit Committee to meet the requirements of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021	Head of Legal and Democratic Services (Monitoring Officer) December 2021	Blue
Review the effectiveness of the Governance and Audit Committee and undertake some refresh training for members as to the role of the Committee	Head of Finance (S151 Officer) / Scrutiny Manager 30 th May 2021	Green
Raise the profile and awareness of the new Anti-Fraud policies and develop the reporting of fraud activity and performance	Head of Finance (S151 Officer) 31st December 2021	Green
Implementation of new consultation software Engagement HQ in partnership with Powys Teaching Health Board (PTHB) and Powys Association of Voluntary Organisations (PAVO)	Communications and Welsh Language Manager	Blue
Publication of a Public Participation Strategy	Communications and Welsh Language Manager April 2022	Red
Working with partners to update the Well-being Assessment and Population Assessment	Head of Transformation and Communications	Blue
New Vision 2025 communications campaign in accordance with the Welsh Audit Office recommendations	Head of Transformation and Communications	Blue

Head of Transformation and Communications	Green
Corporate Directors December 2021	Amber
Head of Finance (S151 Officer)	Green
Head of Transformation and Communications	Green
Chief Executive	Blue
Head of Economy & Digital Services March 2023	Red
Head of Economy & Digital Services March 2022	Red
Head of Finance (S151 Officer)	Amber
Income and Awards Senior Manager / Deputy Head of Finance	Green
Capital & Financial Planning Accountant	Blue
	Communications Corporate Directors December 2021 Head of Finance (S151 Officer) Head of Transformation and Communications Chief Executive Head of Economy & Digital Services March 2023 Head of Economy & Digital Services March 2022 Head of Finance (S151 Officer) Income and Awards Senior Manager / Deputy Head of Finance Capital & Financial Planning

Identify level of compliance with Financial Management Code and additional activities required to ensure adequate standard can be achieved when this becomes mandatory in 2021/22.	Financial Planning and Policy Accountant	Blue
Continue to embed a risk managed approach to decision making and good governance of the Council, to ensure everyone manages and understands risks which could prevent us from achieving our objectives.	Deputy Head of Finance / Strategic Equalities and Risk Officer	Green
Develop a Regulatory Tracker to keep a central record of the regulatory recommendations the Council receives and an overview of progress against them.	Head of Transformation and Communications	Blue
Continue to strengthen the performance of scrutiny in particular the scrutiny of performance and risk	Head of Legal and Democratic Services (Monitoring Officer) March 2022	Green
Review the effectiveness of Internal Audit with a greater focus on improvement across the organisation	Head of Finance (S151 Officer) March 2022	Green

7.2 Key performance insights from the AGS

- The local elections in May 2022 brought a new Administration that shifted the Council from a predominantly independent Administration to that of a Liberal Democratic/Labour Cabinet. It is acknowledged that with such a large number of newly elected Members, much work will be required to ensure that the training and development support provided for Members allows them to quickly understand their new roles and ensure smooth continuity of governance processes.
- The Council has opted to move to an Outcome Based Budgeting approach, focused on the
 medium to long-term and aligned to service and workforce planning. By better aligning
 revenue and capital, it will ensure that our limited resources are prioritised to achieve
 maximum effectiveness and secure outcomes that matter to our residents.

- In response to recommendations from Audit Wales, the Council has undertaken significant improvement work to strengthen its Scrutiny arrangements; and self-evaluation exercises undertaken in April indicated that many actions are already embedding with positive results.
- The initial Financial Management (FM) Code Assessment undertaken in 2021/22 indicated that of the 63 activities that underpin the 7 standards, 39 are rated green (62%) and 24 rated amber (38%), there were no red rated activities.
- Powys County Council follows a system of corporate governance that is consistent with the
 7 principles of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) and
 Society of Local Council Chief Executives (SOLACE) Framework Delivering Good
 Governance in Local Government (2016 Edition). This statement is structured around the 7
 core principles and provides an overview of how the Council has discharged its
 responsibilities during 2021/22 and sets out recommendations of suitable areas for
 development.

7.3 Action Plan

The below action plans have been identified. These have been prioritised using the below matrix:



Figure 3 Action Plan Matrix

7.3.1. Self-Assessment Priority Actions Summary for 2022/23

Issue requiring further action	Responsible Officer	Priority
Further develop the prominence of equalities, and the Strategic Equality Plan, across the organisation	Chief Executive	P3
Work between Finance and Service areas to improve further understanding of outcome-based budgeting and look to	Head of Finance (S151 Officer)	P3
implement further		

Review performance measures used as part of the Corporate	Head of	
Improvement Plan to ensure there is a robustness as outlined in	Transformation and	P3
this report	Communications	
Integration of the Annual Council Reporting Framework (Director		
of Social Services Annual Report) within annual self-assessment	Chief Executive	P4
report		
Promote the role of the Performance Management and Quality	Head of	
Assurance Framework within the organisation to embed golden	Transformation and	P4
thread and understanding of self-assessment	Communications	
Work with recognised Trade Union representatives to engage	Head of Workforce	
further in understanding their views as part of the strategic	and Organisational	P4
planning and performance process	Development	

Further additional actions in areas which require improvement surrounding delivery against the existing Corporate Improvement Plan (CIP) and Strategic Equality Plan (SEP) are considered and managed via the quarterly performance management cycle and reported accordingly.

There are also wider actions surrounding how the organisation works to ensure the people of Powys achieve their well-being goals, as identified above and within the Public Service Board Well-being Assessment and Regional Partnership Board Population Needs Assessment. These are being used as key evidence bases to support the development of the new Corporate Plan, which will be based upon the areas identified as part of the Progressive Partnership for Powys and the wider Well-being Plan currently being developed by Powys Public Service Board.

8. Certification of the Annual Self-Assessment Report 2021-2022

Signed on behalf of Powys County Council:

Chief Executive	Leader of the Council	
Date	Date	

Well-being Objective 1

Well-being Objective 1: We will develop a vibrant ECONOMY



- We will enable people with a disability to have improved opportunities for valued occupation including paid employment (Equality Objective 1)
- We will ensure equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap (Equality Objective 2)

Overall assessment of performance:

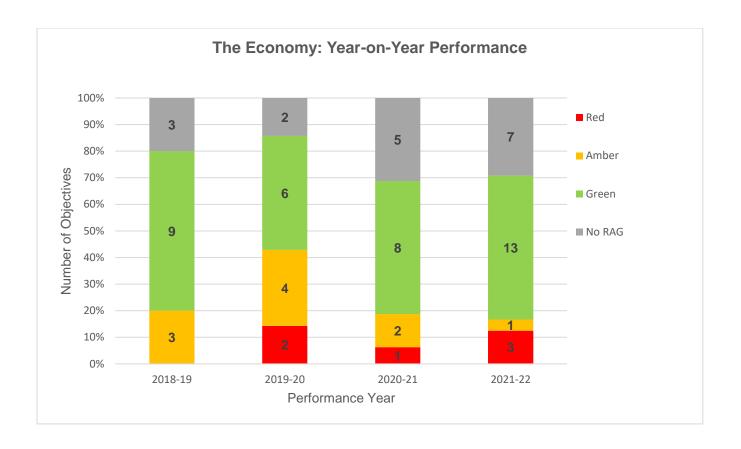
Of the 23 objectives in place to support this well-being objective during 2021-22, 15 were reported **green**, 5 were reported **blue** and 3 were **amber**.

Our Objectives for 2022-23	2021-22	Linked Equality Objective
We will actively compete for any grant funding opportunities, and subject to such funding, deliver transport infrastructure projects, develop active travel, support suitable transport options, and improve road safety.	Green	
We will support businesses with recovery and the growth of new and established businesses.	Amber	
We will support the delivery of improved digital connectivity and encourage businesses and communities to take advantage of technology.	Green	
We will look for opportunities to secure external grant funding to support economic development and regeneration initiatives.	Green	
We will help support people into work and better paid employment opportunities.	Green	
By 2025, we will ensure our policies and processes make it easier for local private and third sector companies to become suppliers to the Council.	Green	
By 2022, we will develop business units at the Abermule business park for local businesses to establish and expand (subject to design measures).	Green	
During 2021-24, we will ensure all interview panels have a member who is safer recruitment trained	Green	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap

During 2021-24, we will continue to review the gender pay gap and action plan	Green	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap
During 2021-24, we will collect and identify differences in pay and their causes between employees who have a protected characteristic and those who do not	Green	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap
By March 2024, we will maintain and develop a range of workplace flexibilities for all staff and ensure our Senior Leadership Team role model flexible working	Green	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap
By March 2024, we will promote and advertise jobs to encourage all applicants, whether part-time, job share or full time	Green	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap
By March 2022, we will explore commissioning options to ensure that people have optimum opportunity to gain employment	Blue	Equality Objective 1: By 2024 we will enable people with a disability to have improved opportunities for valued occupation including paid employment
By March 2023, we will use strengths-based approaches to ensure that supported employment converts to independent employment where possible	Blue	Equality Objective 1: By 2024 we will enable people with a disability to have improved opportunities for valued occupation including paid employment
By March 2022, we will promote Leadership and Development Training for all staff	Blue	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap
By December 2021, we will establish an Equality Workforce forum	Blue	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the gender pay gap
By March 2022, we will create a work, leisure and learning partnership (including citizens and carers) to lead to the development of employment opportunities	Amber	Equality Objective 1: By 2024 we will enable people with a disability to have improved opportunities for valued occupation including paid employment

By March 2022, a procurement strategy will be put in place for the next 4 years, to deliver the Council Vision and objectives and embrace the requirements of the Well Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015	Blue	
We will support the development and promotion of Powys as a tourism destination	Green	
We will secure, implement, and claim grant revenue and capital funding for flood alleviation schemes	Green	
We will work with Ceredigion County Council, the Welsh Government Energy Service, and regional stakeholders to develop a delivery plan for implementing the Mid Wales Energy Strategy	Green	
TRANSFORMATION PROJECT: Mid Wales Growth Deal - We will work in partnership with Ceredigion County Council, the private sector, Welsh Government, UK Government and other partners to develop a Mid Wales Growth Deal to help drive transformational economic growth in the region over the next decade	Green	
TRANSFORMATION PROJECT: Affordable Housing - We will ensure there is an increased range of affordable housing, so people have a greater variety of where to live and stay in their communities	Amber	

27 measures used to monitor success 13 were **green** and 1 was **amber** and 3 were **red** (no RAG status was available for 7 of the measures).



Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
By March 2025 we will have increased in real terms the total amount spent with Powys based suppliers year on year from 2021 by 0.5% each year (this was 38% at the end of 2019-20).	2% increase (from 27% to 29%, equating to £59 million)	1% increase (from 29% to 30%, equating to £62 million)	39%	This measure is not available for calculation until the final close down and all journals are completed on the Finance system.	N/A	
By March 2025, we will have increased the number of local suppliers engaged in the Council's procurement process (from 526 in 2019-20).	New Measure for 2019-20	526 local suppliers engaged	634 local suppliers engaged	1173 suppliers engaged	1	
By 2022, we will have developed nine business units at the Abermule Business Park (subject to design measures).	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	Contract awarded; contractors on site	Units currently under construction and on target for completion early July 2022.	N/A	
Number of Adults with a disability being supported to undertake employment.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	Data not available	We have recruited into the support employment post within the Council in order to support further exploration of supported employment commissioning.	N/A	Equality Objective 1: By 2024 we will enable people with a disability to have improved opportunities for valued occupation including paid employment
By the end of 2025, we will have built 250 new council-owned homes (dependant on availability of Welsh Government grant funding).	174 sites allocated	Work commenced 36 units	118 properties under construction	39 units completed with 79 under construction	\rightarrow	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes and life- time homes, that

						provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
Each year we will continue to reduce the gender pay gap.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	The improvement from 2019 to 2020, from 8.1% to 7.55% mean and 8.3% to 7.62% median, represents a closure of the gap by 8.48% mean and 8.19% median	7.28% mean for directly employed staff (8.18% when including IR35 contractors) / 4.14% median	1	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap
We will seek views and feedback from the Equality Workforce Forum on relevant equality and diversity issues, annually.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	Although COVID-19 impacted on planned progress, an Equalities Group was formed in November 2020 and met 4 times.	We have sought views from staff through the staff engagement and well-being survey, which should support the review of the focus of the forum	N/A	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap
Number of communities and industrial estates supported to gain access to good quality, reliable, broadband.	4 communities supported	3 communities supported	12 communities supported	24 communities supported	1	
Number of people progressing to employment as a result of taking part in employability activities.	34 people	131 people	168 people	86 people	1	
Number of funding applications submitted to support Powys communities and the local economy.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	20 applications	17 applications	1	

Number of businesses assisted by the Council's Economic Development Team or referrals to partner organisations.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	126 businesses	N/A	
We will monitor the number of Community Benefits and social value targets set and included in contracts worth more than £2 million (this will be reliant on the number of capital projects and other procurement being taken forward in any one year).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	£343,200 (no baseline established)	N/A	
By March 2022, a procurement strategy will be drafted, together with an action plan and indicators to measure progress against the strategy.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	Procurement Strategy has been approved and an action plan with measures in draft.	N/A	
Mid Wales Growth Deal: By March 2022, we will have developed a Portfolio Business Case for regional submission to secure Final Deal Agreement.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	In January 2022, in a virtual meeting with both Leaders and Ministers, the Final Deal Agreement for the Mid Wales Growth Deal was officially signed.	N/A	
Mid Wales Growth Deal: From March 2021, we will develop a series of initial Programme / Project Business Cases (This will	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	Project detail is being developed at pace with project proposers to begin submitting their	N/A	

be implemented as a rolling programme over the next 15 years and dates will be added when the Council is in position to do so).				Strategic Outline Business Cases to Growing Mid Wales Board for review over the summer.		
Mid Wales Growth Deal: Following Final Deal Agreement in March 2022, we will start to deliver interventions, as identified. (This will be implemented as a rolling programme over the next 15 years and dates will be added when the Council is in position to do so.).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	Following Final Deal Agreement in March 2022, we will start to deliver interventions, as identified. (This will be implemented as a rolling programme over the next 15 years and dates will be added when the Council is in position to do so.).	N/A	
The number of additional affordable housing units delivered per 10,000 households will be 29 in 2021-22, 23 in 2022-23, 46 in 2023-24, and 36 in 2024-25 (at the end of 2019-20 this was 12.4).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	23 housing units	N/A	
Total number of visitor days to Powys for tourism purposes (as measured by STEAM annual survey).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	4.17M	N/A	
Secure £1 million in grant funding for transport infrastructure Capital projects, of which 95% will be spent annually.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	LTF - £1.4m; RRF - £0.425m; ULEV - £1.2m; RS - £20k; AT - £1.3m	N/A	

Secure £500,000 in grant funding for flood alleviation Capital projects, of which 95% will be spent annually.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	FAS - £500k; NFM - £217k; SS - £138k; PS - £107K	N/A	
Having introduced the Introduction to Leadership and M(ILM) development programmes from ILM2 to ILM7 in 2020-2021, we are aiming to encourage 40 learners to start the programmes in 2021-2022.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	30 learners	N/A	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap
Monitor recruitment panels and ensure that at least one member of the panel has received safer recruitment training.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	This is ongoing. All paperwork is submitted to the Contracts team, and they check the form is signed.	N/A	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap
An increasing number of staff being deployed in flexible working arrangements and / or working from home on a regular basis.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	576 flexible workers	N/A	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap
An increasing number of visible adverts and promotions of the availability of flexible working in the Council. (Baseline to be established in 2021-2022.)	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	This is a key part of the recruitment review. Attendance at Careers Events and Job Centres is now being stepped up to make PCC more visible as an employer.	N/A	Equality Objective 2: By 2024 we will create equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap

Well-being Objective 2: We will lead the way in providing effective, integrated **HEALTH AND CARE** in a rural environment



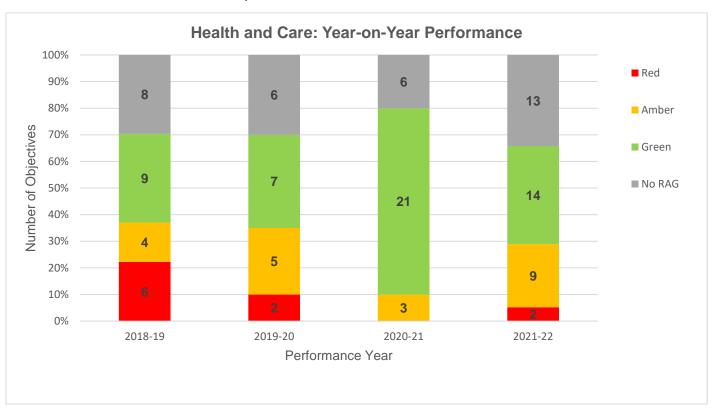
- We will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life-time homes, that
 provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations (Equality Objective 3)
- We will help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness (Equality Objective 4)

Of the 16 objectives in place to support this well-being objective during 2021-22, 11 were reported **green**, 0 were reported **blue**, 7 were **amber**, and 1 was reported **red**.

Our Objectives for 2022-23	2021-22	Linked Equality Objective
Improve services to help people whose well-being and tenancy sustainability is at risk as a consequence of hoarding behaviours.	Green	Equality Objective 4: By 2024, we help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness
Promote access to a range of Early Help services, which families can access preventing the need for statutory intervention.	Green	
Focus on early intervention and prevention ensuring access to the right support at the right time to keep families together where possible and children safe; intervening at the earliest opportunity to ensure that children and young people do not suffer harm.	Green	
'Work with' children, young people and their families rather than 'do to', to co-produce plans which will bring about the changes children need as quickly as possible.	Green	
Provide and commission a flexible and affordable mix of high-quality placements for children who are looked after to meet the diverse range of their needs and circumstances, keeping children as close to home as possible.	Red	
Achieve the best possible outcomes for those children in our care by providing good corporate parenting, specialist support and clearly planned journeys through care into adulthood.	Green	
Ensure that the service has a skilled, supported, workforce equipped to provide a high-quality service to children, young people, and their families, which is compliant with the legislative framework and in line with best practice.	Amber	
Front Door - Adult Social Care operate an effective front door which provides information, advice, and signposting, which enables residents to make informed choices in relation to their care and well-being. A service which focuses on resolution at the earliest opportunity for the resident.	Green	
Hospital - To work with NHS Partners to have in place a set of arrangements that allow for the speedy transfer of people home from hospital, to achieve the best possible outcomes for those people.	Amber	

Community - There is timely, targeted and effective use of reablement, rehabilitation and support that has a focus on enabling independence and self-management and avoiding the over-prescription of care.	Amber	
Long-Term Care - People with long-term care needs have a care and support plan with a focus on achieving the maximum possible independence (as is realistic and possible for their individual circumstances) and delivers the desired outcome. Plans are regularly reviewed based on outcomes achieved.	Amber	
Workforce - The workforce is fully trained and supported to work with people needing social care which fits with the ethos and principles of the organisation.	Amber	
Expand and improve the effectiveness of locality-based support to help prevent homelessness and social isolation.	Green	Equality Objective 4: By 2024, we help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness
Develop housing options for people with special accommodation needs (including young people, those with learning disabilities, people experiencing domestic or sexual abuse and people with disabilities and sensory impairment).	Green	Equality Objective 4: By 2024, we help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness
Between 2021 and 2024, the 'Fit for Life' programme will improve access arrangements to 500 homes.	Green	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life-time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
Between 2021 and 2024, the Disabled Facilities Grants programme will improve the quality of homes for 40 households each year.	Green	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life-time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
TRANSFORMATION PROJECT: We will ensure there is an increased range of affordable housing, so people have greater variety of where to live and stay in their communities.	Amber	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life-time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
TRANSFORMATION PROJECT: Extra Care: We will work with partner housing associations to secure the development of extra care housing schemes across the county.	Green	
TRANSFORMATION PROJECT: North Powys Well-being Programme - Aim to transform Health and Well-being services through a new integrated model of Care and Well-being along with further progressing the development of a Rural Regional Centre and Community Well-being Hub.	Amber	

38 measures used to monitor success; 14 were **green** and 9 were **amber** and 2 were **red** (no RAG status was available for 13 of the measures).



Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
The number of qualified social worker vacancies will be lower than the 2020-21 Q4 figure of 32.	36 vacancies	32 vacancies	32 vacancies	38 vacancies	1	
70% of children, young people and their families report that they achieve their family goal through accessing Early Help.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	94%	93%	\rightarrow	
75% of audits will demonstrate that the child's voice is evidenced in the child's plan.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	82.5%	71%	\	

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
85% of children who the Intervention and Prevention Service work with around placement stability will remain in placement.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	96%	83%	\	
90% of statutory visits for Children Looked After will be carried out on time.	91%	92%	93%	88%	1	
Feedback using the Distance Travel Tool from 75% of young people demonstrates satisfaction with the service for children and young people.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	83%	88%	1	
The number of Children Looked After who have had 3 or more placement moves during the year	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	16%	N/A	
The rate of delayed transfers of care for social care reasons per 1,000 population aged 75 or over.	Data not available	Data not available	Data not available	Delayed transfers of care data is no longer published due to the impacts of COVID-19.	N/A	
The number of persons (per 1,000 population) aged 75 and over who experience a delay in returning to their own home or social care setting following hospital treatment.	Data not available	Data not available	Data not available	Delayed transfers of care data is no longer published due to the impacts of COVID-19.	N/A	
The number of unique adult clients supported in their own home	563 adults supported	708 unique adults supported	COVID-19 affected the prescribing of	695 unique adults supported	N/A	Equality Objective 6: By 2024, we will improve

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
through assistive technology will be higher.			technology, however a further 575 adults were supported			opportunities for our residents and communities to become more digitally inclusive, enabling them to easily access the services they need and participate fully in everyday life
We will establish the percentage of new contacts who are referred to or receive information and advice.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	28% of new contacts	26% of new contacts	\rightarrow	
The number of adults receiving direct payments.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	499 recipients	499 recipients	\rightarrow	
Number of staff supported by the Local Council to commence a vocational health and social care qualification in Adult Services.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	44 staff	N/A	
New extra care facilities are open and utilised by mid-2023, with 66 additional apartments in use.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	The new extra care facilities are not yet complete.	Building work has commenced in Ystradgynlais and Welshpool.	N/A	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes and life-time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
Reduction in admissions into residential care.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	166 admissions	173 admissions	\rightarrow	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
						homes, and life- time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
Delayed admissions into residential care (increasing average age on admission).	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	Average age = 85	Average age = 86.2	1	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life- time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
Percentage of adult safeguarding enquiries completed within statutory timescales.	95%	96%	95%	94%	\rightarrow	
85% of children who the Intervention and Prevention Service work with around family breakdowns will remain with their families safely.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	96%	93%	\rightarrow	
Percentage of Children Looked After placed out of County with Independent Fostering Agencies or residential placements will be lower than the 2020-21 Q4 figure of 48.	78 children	51 children	48 children	60% (57 children)	\	

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
There will be an increased number of generic Powys foster carers	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	81 foster carers	70 foster carers	\	
75% of young people who used the Intervention and Prevention services demonstrate positive progression.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	88%	N/A	
Increase the proportion of 16+ young people in accommodation in county.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	49%	N/A	
Percentage of Powys child care providers offered business support by Children's Commissioning Childcare Business Support Team.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	100%	100%	\rightarrow	
Grow our own: increase in the number of staff undertaking the social worker qualification (Open University Year 1 and Year 2, and the MA route).	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	7 workers	N/A	
Audit: Increase the proportion of audits that are graded 'good'.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	60% (Baseline TBD)	N/A	
We will increase the proportion of young people using the Child Exploitation Service that are stepped out because of improved outcomes.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
Improved accessibility to services and community infrastructure that meet the needs of the population.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Improved integration of services, partnership working, and confidence in leadership.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Increased focus on prevention and health promotion.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Increased emotional and behavioural support for families, children, and young people to build resilience and support transition into adulthood.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Strengthen people's ability to manage their own health and well- being and make healthier choices.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Increased independence and participation within communities.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Improve the opportunity for people to access education, training, and learning opportunities.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	No information provided	N/A	
Total number of people who received Housing Related Support in the quarter. (This will be Housing Support Grant and	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	4292 people	N/A	Equality Objective 4: We will help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
Homelessness Prevention Grant funded activity).						
Total number of service users no longer requiring support and / or who have moved on from their current support services.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	409 people	N/A	Equality Objective 4: We will help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness
Quarterly reports on the causes and incidence of homelessness, and the impact of work to prevent people becoming homeless.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	Interventions put in place during the past year have reduced the impact of the barriers identified	There has been a significant increase in homeless presentations with 413 live homeless cases at the end of the Q4.	N/A	Equality Objective 4: We will help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness
By March 2022, 168 homes will benefit from the Fit for Life programme, followed by 168 by March 2023, and 164 by March 2024.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	187 homes	N/A	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes and life-time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations
We will deliver aids, adaptations and disabled facility grant funded works within 130 calendar days.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	134 days	134 days	\rightarrow	Equality Objective 3: By 2024, we will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life- time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation

Our success measures and targets for 2022- 23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
						for future generations

Well-being Objective 3: We will strengthen LEARNING AND SKILLS

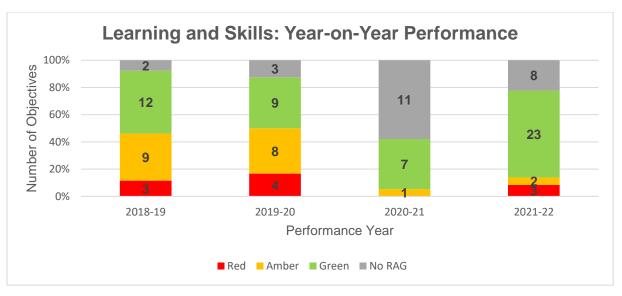


• We will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty (Equality objective 5) Of the 10 objectives in place to support this well-being objective during 2021-22, 6 were reported **green**, 0 were reported **blue**, 0 were **amber**, 0 were reported **red** and 4 were not given a BRAG rating.

Our Objectives for 2022-23	2021-22	Linked Equality Objective
We will improve pupil outcomes in secondary schools particularly Capped 9 scores and 5A*-A GCSEs.	For the 2019-20 and 2020-21 academic year, Welsh Government removed examinations for GCSE and A Levels.	
We will support all schools to improve pupil attendance rates.	Attendance data suspended due to the impact of COVID-19	
We will implement a joined-up system for supporting children and young people with Special Educational Needs (SEN) / Additional Learning Needs (ALN) to improve their experiences and outcomes by 2024.	Green	
We will support all schools to improve routes to employability and further education.	Funding has been allocated to all Secondary and Special schools on a per pupil basis and guidance shared with schools.	
We will improve routes to employability into the Council through an apprenticeship scheme, promoted to schools and people who want to return to employment across the County. As part of this we will strengthen work based learning across the Council and provide opportunities for work experience and employment / development in apprenticeship roles.	Green	
We will ensure that secondary school aged young people have access to high-quality counselling services to support their emotional health and well-being	Green	
During 2021 to 2024, we will support effective use of the Pupil Development Grant (PDG) to improve literacy and numeracy skills.	Nearly all schools have evaluated the use of the PDG funding for 2020-21. Many eFSM pupils made progress in line with their expected outcomes.	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty
During 2021 to 2024, we will support school to ensure all children in Powys are able to attend school without the	Green	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities

Our Objectives for 2022-23	2021-22	Linked Equality Objective
associated financial costs. Our actions (outlined in the CIP) will lead to equality of opportunity for all.		and outcomes for children living in poverty
During 2021 to 2024, we will provide families with support and advice to help them reduce costs of living.	Green	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty
TRANSFORMATION PROJECT: Transforming Education - We will improve learner entitlement and experience and implement our Strategy for Transforming Education in Powys.	Green	

Of the 38 measures used to monitor success; 23 were **green** and 2 were **amber** and 3 were **red** (no RAG status was available for 8 of the measures).



Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
The percentage of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals attaining the Foundation Phase Indicator will be 75% by July 2023.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
The percentage of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals attaining the CSI at Key Stage 2 will be 75% by July 2023.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
The percentage of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals attaining the CSI at Key Stage 3 will be 78% by July 2023.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
The average Capped 9-point score of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals will be 340 points by July 2023.	New Measure for 2020-21	New Measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
By March 2024, the Council will employ a further 27 apprentices as part of a new programme due to commence during 2021-22.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	11 apprentices	N/A	
By March 2025, the percentage of Year 11 leavers who are NOT in education, employment or training will be maintained below 2%.	1.7%	1%	No Data Available	1.2%	N/A	
By March 2022, all young people are able to access a counselling service within 4 weeks of making contact.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	100%	N/A	
Increase head teacher satisfaction with the quality of guidance and support provided to schools by 2023 - 2024.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	1% increase	N/A	
By July 2025, all Powys schools will have maintained a transition rate of above 70% between upper sixth and	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	No Data Available	N/A	

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
University, where the university course is completed in full.						
By March 2025, we will establish 8 new all-age schools in the county.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	2 schools	N/A	
By March 2025, we will reduce the number of primary schools in the county by 20 schools.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	7 schools	N/A	
By March 2022, all learners in Powys sixth forms will be offered a laptop to ensure they are digitally equipped to carry out their studies. (100% of incoming year 12 learners will be able to apply for a laptop. Uptake of the offer will be measured).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	100%	N/A	
Year on year, the number of learners continuing from year 11 into a Powys sixth form will increase by 2% (the baseline is 44% average retention).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	41.5%	N/A	
By May 2021, we will develop and publish a new approach to sixth form provision in Powys.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	In May 2021 Cabinet passed the new Post 16 provision.	N/A	
By May 2021, we will engage with representatives from all Powys sixth forms about our plans to transform post-16	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	Post 16 learners were consulted on the transformation plans.	N/A	

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
education in Powys.						
By March 2025, 6 schools will have moved along the language continuum.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	3 schools	N/A	
By March 2025, we will have established 2 new Welsh Medium provisions.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	0	N/A	
By May 2021, the newly developed Early Intervention model will be well established across Powys and draft proposals will have been developed for the future of the four pre-school centres.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	The Early Years assessment model is proving successful, and enabling smooth transition from flying start to 3+, and 3+ to school.	N/A	
By July 2021, nurture programmes will have been piloted and evaluated in at least one geographical area.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	3 areas piloted	N/A	
By May 2021, will have clear plans and feasibility studies to improve Pupil Referral Unit (PRU) accommodation.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	A new demountable has been built and installed at PRU south in Brecon.	N/A	
By September 2021, we will have developed a satellite of one of the special schools.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	1 school	N/A	
By March 2023, we will have developed firm proposals for the future of the specialist centres.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	This measure is on track and is a key priority in the transformation programme for 2022-2023.	N/A	

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
By May 2021, we will have reviewed the current training offer and planned the training offer for 2021-2022 (academic year).	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	Training offer reviewed and planned	N/A	
By August 2022, 14 teachers in Powys should have completed a post- graduate diploma in an area of SEN/ALN.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	14 teachers participating	N/A	
By July 2022, schools will have begun converting all current Individual Educational Plans (IEPs) into Individual Development Plans (IDPs) using the electronic IDP system, and the Council will have begun converting all statements of Special Educational Need into IDPs using the electronic IDP system.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	The inclusion team communicate regularly with schools and settings, produce clear guidance and pathways, and provide support and advice through purposeful weekly bulletins, meetings and valuable online resources.	N/A	
By March 2025, we will have increased the number of new school builds in 'condition A/B' in Powys by 8 schools.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	0 schools	N/A	
By March 2025, we will have sought Welsh Government approval of another 4 Full Business Cases for new school builds.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	1 approval	N/A	
Between 2021 and 2025, an increased number of children that are entitled to	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	3098 qualifiers	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
Free School Meals will take up the service.						opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
Increased number of pupils using the School Holiday Enrichment Programme (SHEP) over the summer holidays which benefits their health & wellbeing.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	Due to COVID-19, the SHEP programme for 2020 was cancelled, and data is not available.	5 schools participated	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
Between 2021 and 2025, we will report on the value of Pupil Development Grant Access grants provided.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	£267,045	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
Between 2021 and 2025, we will identify the number of families that receive financial (debt / budgeting / benefits) advice from the Council.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	155 families	N/A	Equality Objective 5: By 2024, we will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.
By July 2023, 70% of secondary schools will have an average capped 9-point score above 385 (this was 27% in July 2019) and 40% will have an average score above 400 (this was 9% in 2019).	265	238	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	
Through increased challenge and support from the Council, nine secondary schools will have above 20% of pupils with 5A*-A GCSEs (this was 4 schools in 2019), eight	New measure for 2020/21	New measure for 2020/21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
secondary schools above 22% pupils with 5A* - A GCSEs (this was one in 2019) and two secondary schools above 25% by July 2024.						
Improve attendance rates in secondary schools from 94% (2018-19) to 95%^ and in primary schools from 95.1% (2018-19) to 95.5% by July 2023	95.1% primary/94.5% secondary	95.8% primary/94% secondary	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	
The number of pupils educated through the medium of Welsh in Year 1 will increase by 1% year on year.	New measure for 2020/21	New measure for 2020/21	22%	21%	\rightarrow	
In 2021-22, a baseline will be established so that we can work to decrease reports of service dissatisfaction from the public.	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	New Measure for 2021-22	Decreased	N/A	

Well-being Objective 4: We will support our **RESIDENTS AND COMMUNITIES**



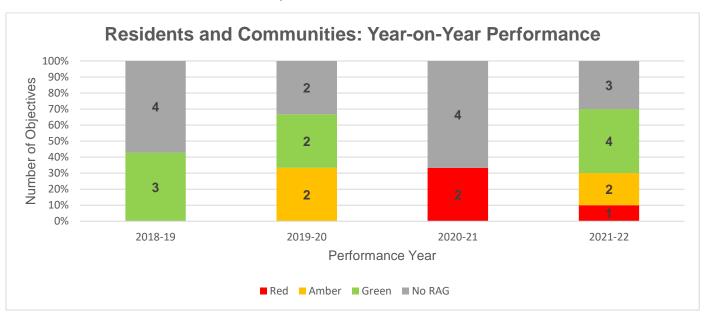
 We will improve opportunities for our residents and communities to become more digitally inclusive, enabling them to easily access the services they need and participate fully in everyday life (Equality Objective 6)

Of the 8 objectives in place to support this well-being objective during 2021-22, 5 were reported **green**, 2 were reported **blue**, 0 were **amber** and 1 was reported **red**.

Our Objectives for 2022-23	2021-22	Linked Equality Objective
Through the Hwb programme enable safe smart technology in schools and give pupils equitable access, through improved network infrastructure.	Blue	Equality Objective 6: By 2024, we will improve opportunities for our residents and communities to become more digitally inclusive, enabling them to easily access the services they need and participate fully in everyday life
By 2024, we will understand how to inspire and encourage our local digital economy to use the transformative power of technology and encourage engineers and developers to build the next wave of inclusive technology for people with disabilities, by research to understand the gap in provision.	Green	Equality Objective 6: By 2024, we will improve opportunities for our residents and communities to become more digitally inclusive, enabling them to easily access the services they need and participate fully in everyday life
By March 2025, we will continue to improve the quality of the environment that our housing tenants live in and the services they receive through the delivery of the 'Love Where You Live' tenancy sustainability strategy.	Green	
We will work with partners and organisations to support and deliver a range of opportunities for culture and leisure throughout Powys, with a focus on the health and well-being agenda.	Red	
We will implement steps to actively maintain and enhance biodiversity when delivering our services, to comply with our duties under Section 6 of the Environment (Wales) Act 2016.	Green	
Meet Welsh Government recycling rates and contribute Towards Zero Waste outcomes; sustainable and prosperous society.	Green	
We will aim to become a zero carbon Council by 2030.	Green	

Our Objectives for 2022-23	2021-22	Linked Equality Objective
By March 2022, we will implement integrated telephony and web channels to improve accessibility and user experience when contacting the Council.	Blue	Equality Objective 6: By 2024, we will improve opportunities for our residents and communities to become more digitally inclusive, enabling them to easily access the services they need and participate fully in everyday life

Of the 10 measures used to monitor success; 4 were **green** and 2 were **amber** and 1 was **red** (no RAG status was available for 3 of the measures).



Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
Waste reused, recycled, or composted, meeting the Welsh Government Statutory Target.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	66.3%	N/A	
In the 2021-2022 STAR survey, overall tenant satisfaction with the housing services provided by the Council will exceed 75%, and in the 2023-24 survey the tenant	N/A	84%	The next STAR survey is due in 2021- 22.	71%	\	

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
satisfaction will increase to 81%.						
At least 2% more people are physically active throughout Powys per year as a result of participating in the range of schemes on offer.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	
Attendance at Powys County Council grant funded arts and cultural events.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	
Attendance and participation (physical and virtual) for libraries, museums and archives.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	117,204 visits	92,000 visits	1	
Participation in Powys County Council grant funded arts and cultural events.	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	No Data Available	No Data Available	N/A	
By March 2022, all schools will have an environment to deliver blended learning (classroom and home based together) through digital technology.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	100%	N/A	
By March 2022, we will prepare a greenspace improvement strategy for Housing Services owned sites.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	Strategy progressed	N/A	
During 2021-2022, we will consult with all Council services to review and collate the actions being taken to maintain or enhance biodiversity.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	During 2021- 2022, we will consult with all Council services to review and collate the actions being taken to	N/A	

Our success measures and targets for 2022-23	2018-19 Performance	2019-20 Performance	2020-21 Performance	2021-22 Performance	Trend	Linked Equality Objective
				maintain or enhance biodiversity.		
Percentage change in the Council's carbon emissions against baseline.	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	New measure for 2021-22	2021 - 22 baseline currently being prepared, this will be reported to Welsh Government annually from June 2022	N/A	

Ref	Public Accountability Measure Description	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	Trend
PAM/001	Number of working days lost to sickness absence per employee	9.1 days (FTE)	9.3 days (FTE)	9.9 days (FTE)	10.1 days (FTE)	1
PAM/044	Number of apprentices on formal recognised apprenticeship schemes per 1,000 employees	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	Not Available	53	N/A
PAM/032	Capped 9 score	363.6	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/007	Percentage of pupil attendance in primary schools	95.1%	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/008	Percentage of pupil attendance in secondary schools	94.5%	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/046	Percentage of Year 11 leavers not in Education, Training or Employment (NEET)	1.7%	Not Available	Not Available	1.2%	N/A
PAM/033	Percentage of pupils assessed in Welsh at the end of the Foundation Phase	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/034	Percentage of year 11 pupils studying Welsh (first language)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	11.5%	N/A
PAM/010	Percentage of streets that are clean	92.3%	97.6%	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/035	Average number of working days taken to clear fly-tipping incidents	5.1 days	7.2 days	6.3 days	2.6 days	↑
PAM/012	Percentage of households successfully prevented from becoming homeless	70.9%	Not Available	Not Available	39.5%	N/A
PAM/013	Percentage of empty private	1.6 properties	0.8 properties	0.6 properties	0.86 properties	1

Ref	Public Accountability Measure Description	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	Trend
	properties brought back into use				1	
PAM/045	Number of new homes created as a result of bringing empty properties back into use	New measure for 2020-21	New measure for 2020-21	0 homes	Not Available	N/A
PAM/015	Average number of calendar days taken to deliver a Disabled Facilities Grant	142.3 days	125 days	168 days	150 days	1
PAM/036	Number of additional affordable housing units delivered per 10,000 households	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	23 housing units	N/A
PAM/037	Landlord Services: Average number of days to complete repairs	8.8 days	9 days	7 days	8.7 days	\downarrow
PAM/038	Landlord Services: Percentage of homes that meet the Welsh Housing Quality Standard (WHQS)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	100%	N/A
PAM/039	Landlord Services: Percentage of rent lost due to properties being empty	3.8%	3.9%	3.1%	3.4%	1
PAM/040	Percentage of Quality Indicators (with targets) achieved by the library service	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/041	Percentage of NERS clients who completed the exercise programme	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/042	Percentage of NERS clients whose health had improved on completion of the exercise programme	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A

Ref	Public Accountability Measure Description	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	Trend
PAM/018	Percentage of all planning applications determined in time	90.7%	Not Available	Not Available	84.4%	N/A
PAM/019	Percentage of planning appeals dismissed	72.2%	Not Available	Not Available	100%	N/A
PAM/020	Percentage of A roads in poor condition	3.9%	3.9%	3.4%	3%	1
PAM/021	Percentage of B roads in poor condition	5.3%	5.1%	4.5%	4.1%	1
PAM/022	Percentage of C roads in poor condition	21.6%	22%	19.6%	17.9%	1
PAM/023	Percentage of food establishments that meet food hygiene standards	95.3%	96.81%	97.13%	97.87%	\rightarrow
PAM/025	Rate of people kept in hospital while waiting for social care per 1,000 population aged 75	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A
PAM/028	Percentage of child assessments completed in time	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	63%	N/A
PAM/029	Percentage of children in care who had to move 3 or more times	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	16%	N/A
PAM/030	Percentage of waste reused, recycled or composted	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	66.3%	N/A
PAM/043	Kilograms of residual household waste generated per person	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	N/A

Appendix 2: Self-Assessment SWOT Report

The Council's <u>Corporate Improvement Plan (CIP)</u> sets out the objectives and measures that underpin the Well-being Goals and these form the basis for this assessment of performance. Items shown in bold reflect performance against measures included in the CIP.

The Vision <u>2025 End of Administration Programme Report</u> provides an evaluation of progress made by the projects included under the Transformation Programme.

A summary of 2021/22 delivery against CIP objectives and measures may be viewed <u>here</u> and evidence directly related to these measures is shown in bold within the text below.

This information has been derived from a range of information including self-assessment workbooks, quarterly performance information, regulatory reports and discussions with Service areas.

The information provided is to be considered as a source for Cabinet Members, Executive Management Team and Senior Leadership Team to make a judgement against performance in delivery against organisational delivery against well-being goals, as required as part of the Well-being of Future Generations Act (Wales) 2015 and Local Government and Elections Act (Wales) 2021.

This information has been considered using the below method:



Well-being Objective 1: We will develop a vibrant **ECONOMY**



Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Provide support for businesses to grow	During the past year, 126 businesses have been assisted by the Council's Economic Development Team or referred to partner organisations. During 2021/22, 206 business inquiries were received. By March 2025 we will have increased in real terms the total amount spent with Powys based suppliers year on year from 2021 by 0.5% each year (this was 38% at the end of 2019-20). ³ The Council has been responsible for delivering much of the support introduced by Welsh Government through the administration of Business Grants, Rate Relief, Care worker payments and Supplier Relief within the County. During 2021/22, 1173 local suppliers have been engaged in the council's procurement process. Engagement in the previous period was 634 indicating an increase of 85% this year.	As a result of the suspension of Level 2 Food Hygiene Training and paid for food hygiene advice work carried out by Environmental Health, Powys Food Businesses are experiencing difficulties in accessing 'face to face' training with a qualified EHO. This means that businesses are unable to retain their compliance which impacts their Food Hygiene Rating Scores.	In 2021, a new PCC procurement strategy has been drafted and will be followed up with an action plan (currently in draft) and associated indicators to measure progress against the strategy. Increased engagement with Powys businesses has been identified as an area for improvement. Nine business units are currently under construction at Abermule, and the work is on target for completion by early July 2022.	Additional COVID-19 workload has come at the expense of the planned review of trading standards which must now be rescheduled. Brexit remains a challenge with regards to legislative changes and the Council's understanding of the impact that these changes may have on local businesses.

³ This measure is not available for calculation until the final close down and all journals are completed on the Finance system.



Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	£343,200 of Community Benefits and social value targets were set and included in contracts worth more than £2 million. ⁴ (No baseline established)			
Promote Powys as a place to live, visit and do business		The STEAM annual survey indicates that there were 4.17m visitor days to Powys for tourism purposes during 2021/22 which falls below the target figure of 4.5m but this was obviously somewhat affected by lockdowns and other pandemic disruption.		
Transformation Project -Mid Wales Growth Deal	In January 2022, in a virtual meeting with both Leaders and Ministers, the Final Deal Agreement for the Mid Wales Growth Deal was officially signed.		Project detail is being developed at pace with project proposers to begin submitting their Strategic Outline Business Cases to Growing Mid Wales Board for review over the summer.	
Objective: We will ensure there is an increased range of affordable housing, so people have greater variety of where to live and stay in their communities. * This project also contributes to our Equality Objective 3 See: Transformation Project -	'Overall, Housing Services has performed well, dealing with the challenges prompted by the COVID-19 pandemic (with particular regard to maintaining income recovery in respect of municipal housing, delivery of aids and adaptations to improve quality of life for people with disabilities, improvement programmes to Council-owned	Progress has been maintained towards the new housing development programme, with the completion of two schemes (the first new Council homes built in Powys for thirty years). Further site development and planning is continuing. The Council is now aiming to build on average fifty new homes every year. In 2021-2022, Housing	The Housing Service has completed a full- service redesign, 'Moving on Up'. Homes in Powys Common Allocation Scheme (Consultation held Sept – Dec 2021) Heart of Wales Property Services transitioning from joint venture with	Rising property and land values are making the development of affordable homes increasingly difficult without additional grant from the Welsh Government and/or property sales at market values to generate cross subsidy opportunities. During the next 12 months, there is a risk that the planning application

 $^{^{4}}$ This is reliant on the number of capital projects and other procurement being taken forward in any one year.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Affordable Housing [Link to report]	homes, progress on new development schemes and accommodating homeless households to avoid street-homelessness). This has taken place at the same time as full-service re-design (Moving on Up) and preparing for and working on Bringing It back Home.' HCD Self-Assessment The Council directly provides homes for just under 10% of all households in Powys. There are around 4,300 households in Powys registered with Homes in Powys for affordable, secure housing and this represents 6.6% of all households in Powys. All social housing in Powys (Council and housing associations - 16% of all homes in the County) is allocated by Housing Services. Income recovery from rented Councilowned homes has been maintained at a high level. During 2021/22 Finance Received the following awards on behalf of Powys Council: The Innovation Award Constructing Excellence Wales (October 2021) Home Grown Homes	Services completed the construction of 39 new social rented homes and enabled housing associations to build a further 91 affordable homes. The HCD Service considers 2021/22 performance against this measure to have been 6/10 In 2021/22, PCC delivered 23 additional affordable housing units per 10,000 households (the target for this period was 29). The PPPP Service considers 2021/22 performance against their objective of delivering an efficient and effective Development Management function to have been 6/10.	Kier to PCC July 2022 During the next 5 years, collaborative preparatory work will be carried out on the Replacement Local Development Plan for Powys (excl. Brecon Beacons National Park), and the commencement of a first Strategic Development Plan for Mid Wales. Powys Local Development Plan (2011-2026) Review Report and the Powys Replacement Local Development Plan 2022-2037 Delivery Agreement Consultation Draft completed public consultation in February 2022.	fee income target may not be met, as evidenced by reduction over 2021/22 when compared to previous years. A Planning consultation conducted in 2021 highlighted areas for development that included what some planning agents referred to as an 'email culture' that obstructed the formation of closing working relationships with staff. They expressed a desire for more business to be conducted via telephone. These issues are largely attributable to a recent high turnover of staff experienced by the Planning Service which has resulted in the loss of established relationships between staff and planning agents. The turnover of staff has also temporarily resulted in a team that has relatively limited experience within their roles which therefore lower levels of confidence when speaking directly with far more experienced agents. It is anticipated that these issues will be resolved as the

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	The Value award Constructing Excellence in Wales Award (October 2021) Home Grown Homes The Public Leadership Award for Social Value for Future Generations awards (WLGA/Social Value) Highly commended for the Value award for Constructing Excellence National (January 2022) During 2021/22 the total 'live' planning application numbers (all types) has been volatile, increasing from 757 (Apr 21) to 919 (Aug 21) before falling again to 700 (Mar 22). 84.4% of all planning applications were determined in time. The PPPP Service considers 2021/22 performance against their objective of delivering an efficient and effective Planning Policy function to have been 8/10.			existing team gains experience and assurance
Improve our infrastructure to support regeneration and attract investment	The Council secured in excess of £1 million ⁵ in grant funding for transport infrastructure Capital projects. LTF - £1.4m RRF - £0.425m ULEV - £1.2m; RS - £20k AT - £1.3m		Powys has successfully secured significant external grant funding of £29m from the Levelling Up Fund/Community Renewal Fund and £110m under the Mid Wales Growth Deal and this is	

⁵ Exact figures will not be available until final accounts are confirmed.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	Grant funding secured for flood alleviation Capital projects: FAS - £500k NFM - £217k SS - £138k PS - £107K		expected to provide significant benefits for the area that include attracting additional investment from other sources, restoration of environmental assets, development of skills and increased business opportunities, improved quality of life for residents, post-COVID-19 regeneration and decarbonisation initiatives	
Improve skills and support people to get good quality jobs	105 individuals have been supported through the Communities for Work Plus Programme with 84 having progressed to employment as a result of taking part in employability activities. 53 apprentices (per 1,000 employees) are currently taking part in formal recognised apprenticeship schemes	In the last financial period, 17 funding applications were submitted to support Powys communities and the local economy (a decrease of 3 when compared to the previous period).	The success of the Communities for Work Programme will be further developed through the creation of a dedicated position within the Regeneration Service restructure.	
Equalities Objective 1: We will enable people with a disability to have improved opportunities for valued occupation including paid employment	Number of Adults with a disability being supported to undertake employment - Information recording mechanisms are being developed and will be used to baseline appropriate targets when available		We have recruited into the support employment post within the Council in order to support further exploration of supported employment commissioning.	
Equalities Objective 2: We	The Gender Pay Gap (GPG) analysis	30 learners have started the leadership	An Equality Forum has been	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
will ensure equality of opportunity for all our staff and take action to close the pay gap	for 2021 has evidenced a further improvement in the closing of the GPG for directly employed staff. From 2020 to 2021, the mean GPG reduced from 7.55% to 7.28%, with the median GPG falling from 7.62% to 4.14%. More detailed analysis, however, shows that when IR35 workers (who are more likely to be male) are included within the figures, the number of higher pay rates earned by this group increase the average hourly rate overall and the mean GPG actually increases from 7.55% to 8.18%. Equality Data for the period 2019 to 2021 has been verified and is currently being analysed to identify trends. 576 members of staff are currently deployed in flexible working arrangements and/or working from home on a regular basis.		established to disseminate information, obtain feedback and facilitate engagement with staff. The aims of the group are under review, and it will be necessary to confirm that there is sufficient investment being made in the Council's equality plans to ensure that the activities undertaken are meaningful and have impact. Closer links have been forged with the Department of work and Pensions. A number of visits have taken place with more are planned over the coming months. Increasing the number of visible adverts and promotions of the availability of flexible working in the Council forms a key part of the recruitment review. Attendance at Careers Events and Job Centres is now being stepped up to make PCC more visible as an employer.	

Well-being Objective 2: We will lead the way in providing effective, integrated **HEALTH AND CARE** in a rural environment



Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats	
Ensure that Powys children and young people are safe, healthy, resilient, learning, fulfilled and have their voices heard, valued and acted on					
Promote access to a range of Early Help services, which families can access, preventing the need for statutory intervention.	Children's Services were able to maintain face-to-face services over the past year. 93% of children, young people and their families report that they achieve their family goal through accessing Early Help. This exceeds the target of 70% but is slightly down (1%) on last year's figure. Early Help Strategy and relaunch Feedback using the Distance Travel Tool from 75% young people demonstrates satisfaction with the service for children and young people.			WCCIS continues to be considered a priority threat across social care work areas; it is considered to be unsafe, creating excess risk. It is often offline for extended periods and creates additional stress for the staff using it.	
Focus on early intervention and prevention ensuring access to the right support at the right time to keep families together, where possible and children safe; intervening at the earliest opportunity to ensure that children and young people do not suffer harm	year but remaining above the target	63% of child assessments were completed in time.	Piloting of a court team has enabled the Care and Support teams to have greater focus on the child protection plans. A pilot trial of multi-agency triage has been carried out. The Signs of Safety Framework has		

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	who demonstrate positive progression – this is a new measure for 2021/22 and the current percentage is 88% (target 75%). Percentage of young people using the Child Exploitation Service that are stepped out because of improved outcomes - No information provided During 2021/22, the number of Children Looked After in Powys has reduced. The number of children using the pandemic.		been implemented. Work has been undertaken to ensure that the system is swiftly responsive to the needs of children especially at step up/down points	
'Work with' children, young people and their families rather than 'do to', to coproduce plans which will bring about the change's children need as quickly as possible.		88% of statutory visits for Children Looked After were carried out on time (target 90%). This is a decrease of 5% on the 2020/21 performance. 71% of audits carried out during 2021/22 demonstrated that the child's voice was evidenced in the child's plan. This falls below the target figure of 75% and represents a 11.5% decrease in attainment from last year.		
Provide and commission a flexible	During the year there were 40 step-	During 2021/22, 57 (60%) of Children	2021/22 has seen the	Powys has a continuing shortage

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
and affordable mix of high-quality placements for children who are looked after to meet the diverse range of their needs and circumstances, keeping children as close to home as possible.	downs as a result of the Closer to Home programme.	Looked After were placed out of County with Independent Fostering Agencies or residential placements. This is an increase of 18.75% over the previous year. 83% (target 85%) of children who the Intervention and Prevention Service worked with around placement stability remained in placement, a decrease of 13% when compared to last year's figure.	development in Powys of a new residential home for children with complex needs. Increase the proportion of 16+ young people in accommodation in county – this measure is new for 2021/22 and the current percentage is 49%.	of fostering placements. In 2021/22 there were 70 generic Powys foster carers compared to 81 in the previous year.
Achieve the best possible outcomes for those children in our care by providing good corporate parenting, specialist support and clearly planned journeys through care into adulthood.		88% of statutory visits for Children Looked After were carried out on time (target 90%). This is a decrease of 5% on 2020/21 performance. 16% of Children Looked After had 3 or more placement moves during the year		
Ensure that the service has a skilled, supported workforce, equipped to provide a high-quality service to children, young people and their families, which is compliant with the legislative framework and in line with best practice	100% of Powys childcare providers were offered business support by the Children's Commissioning Childcare Business Support Team in 2021/22. Seven members of staff are undertaking the social worker qualification (Open University Year 1 and Year 2 and the MA route).		During 2021/22, 22 learning opportunities were created.	There is currently a national shortage of qualified social workers. There are, at present, 38 qualified social worker vacancies in Powys, an increase of 6 vacancies since last year.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	60% of audits were graded 'good' (Baseline TBD).			
Ensure children and young people have access to a range of opportunities and services to support them to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic.	Children and young people in Powys report that they are able to access services which are			

Ensure that Powys adults are safe, resilient, fulfilled and have their voices heard, valued and acted on

Front Door – Adult **Social Care operate** an effective front door which provides information, advice and signposting which enables residents to make informed choices in relation to their care and well-being. A service which focuses on resolution answered is falling

Telephone demand via the ASSIST Front Door has risen regards to the year, almost doubling during this period to a monthly high of 605 new contacts during March 2022.6 The average wait time for a call to be

The Council's performance with steadily over the last percentage of adult safeguarding enquiries completed within statutory timescales has fallen over the year (from 100% in April 2021 to 85% in March 2022) with an overall average of 94%.

People's Forum Report was completed in March 2022. Supported by a Welsh Government grant, the report was commissioned to identify ways in which the Council

The Powys Older Adult Services staff have identified a high post-COVID-19demand for services following the lows experienced early in the pandemic. Potential underlying causes include:

> Relatives have been providing support within

⁶ This includes both new referrals made to Adult Services and those who are already known to the Service and who have an open referral. The overall number of calls received by ASSIST has largely remained stable at 1400 - 1500 per month over most of the year with an increase of around 20% over base during the summer months.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
at the earliest opportunity for the resident	after the challenging period experienced over last summer (response time was 56 seconds in March 2022 as compared to a high of 166 seconds in October 2021). Correspondingly, the percentage of calls answered has risen to 95% as of March 2022. In addition, between 200-300 new contacts are received monthly via web form.	Note: The number of referrals received that are progressed to an enquiry are generally low (the highest monthly figure this year was 56 enquiries during March) meaning that even a quite small reduction in the number of enquiries completed to timescale may have a disproportionately large impact on the percentage completed. In addition, many of the barriers to completion of enquiries are beyond the control of the Council but may have an impact when evidencing performance against this measure. 26% of new contacts were referred or received information and advice. This was a decrease of 2% over the previous year. The number of referrals for information and advice passed to the Community Connectors service has been variable over the past year with no clear relationship evident between the number of calls received by ASSIST and the number of referrals made to the Community Connectors remains at around 6-8% of the	can potentially improve engagement with its older residents through the further development of its Older People's Forum. A key opportunity identified during the last 12 months is the engagement of a number of residents (who are living with physical disability and/or sensory loss), in the coproduction of a citizens' charter. Adults Social Care teams have identified an increased sense of empowerment in people, potentially supported by the removal of some significant barriers to participation through online engagement during the pandemic.	the home while furloughed or working from home and their situation has now changed. Reluctance to allow carers into the home during the pandemic has now reduced. People have not had access to care and support through social clubs and clinics leading to a deterioration in health and increase in frailty. This means that increased numbers of cases are presenting with significantly more complex and higher needs.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
		calls from new contacts received by ASSIST.		
Hospital - To work with NHS Partners to have in place a set of arrangements that allow for the speedy transfer of people home from hospital, to achieve the best possible outcomes for those people.	Delayed transfers of care data is no longer published due to the impacts of COVID-19 The time taken from social work assessment to care start was reduced significantly (by up to half) between 2020 and 2022 through the introduction of a dynamic purchasing system by the ICF Enhanced Brokerage project.	During the pandemic, delayed transfers of care (DTOC) reporting requirements were suspended by Welsh Government.	Expectations around the provision of care are generally not managed in the same way as those around health care and NHS waiting lists, with relatively little coverage given by the media. There is an opportunity here for the dialogue to be addressed at the UK national level to increase understanding and raise the profile and challenges of care provision.	Anecdotally, the pandemic has exposed frailties in the wider social system and as a result the number and complexity of complaints has risen for services attempting to bridge the gap. An increasing number of referred cases are presenting as more complex, in particular with regards to an increase in alcohol dependency in older people in Powys and a rise in domestic violence cases. All teams continue to struggle to find care home beds when looking to arrange timely patient flow; this is especially pertinent for those individuals that have high level or complex needs. The provider market has experienced difficulty in recruiting and retaining an adequate workforce, and at least one care home in Powys has closed. Some care home providers with vacancies, are unable to fill those places because of insufficient staffing levels to provide safe care.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
				Adult Services moved Council staff into care homes when staffing fell below acceptable levels Nationally, there is a shortage of care workers. Some of the factors affecting the NHS also have impact on the provision of care by the Council.
Community - There is timely, targeted, and effective use of reablement, rehabilitation and support that has a focus on enabling independence and self-management and avoiding the over-prescription of care.	During 2021/22, 695 adult clients were supported in their own home through assistive technology and during this period 139 new prescriptions were issued. 2021/22 achievements identified by Adult Services staff include: • reduction in average care package • reduction in double handed care packages • reduction in hospital length of stay Contributory factors to these outcomes include more real- time quality assurance through screening calls and care practice forums, creating safe spaces to hold honest conversations regarding ways to	The number of independent living enquiries received through Ask Sara has been significantly below that anticipated and has fallen sharply from September 2021 onwards. PCC is currently seeking funding in association with the provider to commission research into what Ask Sara users do following receipt of their report. In common with the UK national picture, provision of domiciliary care for individuals who wish to return to their own home continues to be a challenge.		Domiciliary Care Providers are also struggling to employ staff meaning that there is pressure from both increased demand and shortage of provision. At least one Domiciliary Care Provider has gone out of business and others are under pressure. Preventative services such as day centres, falls clinics and other daytime activities that usually help people to maintain their health and fitness have not been in full operation or have ceased to exist. The funding of social care, although still difficult is not currently presenting as much of an issue as it has been in the past. The Welsh Government recovery and hardship funds have

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Objective	deliver proportionate responses to requests for care and support. The Early Help and Prevention @ Home programme (previously known as Powys Home Support) was trialled in three localities using ICF funding. Following its success in supporting participatory residents to remain within their own homes for longer and reduce emergency callouts, the decision was made in 2021 to roll it out across all areas of Powys. In the programme's Three Year Review it was reported that 53% of Home Support callouts avoided some kind of more intensive/specialist intervention. Of these: 46% (89% in relation to a fall) meant there was no need to call ambulance services 25% meant there was no need to call domiciliary care and support services	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats been helpful with Authorities able to draw down a significant amount of money to attempt to increase capacity within their reablement and domiciliary care teams. Around 24 posts were advertised but the first recruitment round received only three expressions of interest, meaning that the Service has the money to recruit staff but there is a limited available pool of potential employees to draw on.
	care and support			

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	call police and fire services avoided Home Support services currently support an average of 8.75% of the 65+ population. This equates to 267 for each locality with an increase to 344 in 2036 based on ONS			
	population projections.			
Long Term Care - People with long- term care needs have a care and support plan with a focus on achieving the maximum possible independence (as is realistic and possible for their individual circumstances) and delivers the desired outcome. Plans are regularly reviewed based on outcomes achieved.	The number of adults in receipt of direct payments has risen to 499 recipients meaning that more Powys resident are actively involved in the development of their own care provision. Throughout the year there has been a general trend of increase in the percentage of care packages provided via direct payments and as of March 2022, 22.5% of packages were	Currently a 69% of direct payments are administered by a third- party provider employed by PCC. Virtual wallet is a tool that allows people to manage their Direct Payments and also facilitates the Council in the regular monitoring of spend while reducing the resources required to do so. Take up of the Virtual Wallet tool has been low (24% as of March 2022) and a project to provide support and training for people wishing to adopt the tool has been delayed as a result of pandemic pressure on Adult Social Care and the redeployment of staff. There remain challenges to be addressed in maintaining enough weekend provision through microenterprises and in finding sufficient cover for sickness and leave.	Increases in micro-enterprises support the local economy by creating small businesses and are offering care provision in settings where there may not previously have been commissioned services available.	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	April of the new financial year with 40 businesses recorded. These enterprises were supporting 108 individuals as of February 2022 and this shows a rising trend going into the 2022/23 financial year with 131 receiving support as of April 2022. [IAS]			
Workforce – The workforce is fully trained and supported to work with people needing social care which fits with the ethos and principles of the organisation.	44 members of staff have been supported by the Local Council to commence a vocational health and social care qualification in Adult Services.		The need to implement voluntary redeployments of staff during the pandemic in order to maintain critical functions, while often uncomfortable in the short-term, has proved valuable through the development of new skills and wider connection with colleagues. There is anecdotal evidence that it has in some contexts created a new and more flexible culture that is of benefit to the Service and to individual members of staff.	
Transformation Project -Extra Care	The number of admissions into residential care increased during 2021/22 to 173 (from 166 in the previous financial year).		New extra care facilities to be open and utilised by mid- 2023 with 66 additional apartments in use - building work has commenced in	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	The average age on admission to residential care has risen over the past 12 months to 86.2 (from 85 in the previous period) although it is possibly that the increase is a temporary distortion because of COVID-19.7		Ystradgynlais and Welshpool.	
Transformation Project -North Powys Well-being Programme	Endorsement of the Programme Business Case by Welsh Government. Strategic Outline Case approved by both sovereign bodies and submitted to Welsh Government for approval. Ongoing engagement with a range of stakeholders including staff, site stakeholders, communities, third sector groups, schools and primary care cluster — evidenced via engagement report. Transformation process developed to support the service planning/design work required to deliver the OBC. Many of the short-term acceleration for change projects	Progress against the project's aims is rag rated as amber.		

 $^{^{7}}$ Potentially reflecting families or individuals opting to delay admission to residential care as a result of high COVID-19 case numbers in residential settings during the pandemic.



Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	as planned, with many delivering above expectation. Exit strategies and transition to business as usual has commenced. All acceleration for change project business cases developed and approved for 22/23. The programme's proposal for RIF funding 22/23 has been approved. Assurance framework finalised and governance arrangements reviewed, and amendment proposed to support next phase of programme.			
Equality Objective 3: We will improve the availability of accessible homes, adaptable homes, and life-time homes, that provide suitable and sustainable accommodation for future generations	187 properties in the past year have benefitted from the work carried out under the Fit for Life programme. Measures undertaken have included improving access to homes and estates (which has included gardens and patios), improved security lighting of communal areas in line with RNIB (Royal National Institute of Blind People) and dementia partnership recommendations. PCC continue to be well on target to make improvements to 500 properties by 2024. The Housing Service considers	availability of affordable housing through new developments, turning empty properties into homes, and conversions and acquisitions to give more households the opportunity to have a secure, stable home in which to live - The Housing Service considers 2021/22 performance against this measure to have been 6/10 We will deliver aids, adaptations and disabled facility grant funded works within 130 calendar days —		

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	performance against this measure to have been 7/10 During 2021/2022, the Council has delivered 148 adaptations in private sector dwellings as part of the Disabled Facilities Grants programme. These have included 75 Mandatory Disabled Facilities Grants and 73 Minor Adaptation Grants with 118 of the adaptations being carried out within our own housing stock. The HCD Service considers 2021/22 performance against this measure to have been 8/10	performance against this measure to have been 6/10		
Equality Objective 4: We will help people to get the support they need to prevent homelessness	Quarterly reports on the causes and incidence of homelessness, and the impact of work to prevent people becoming homeless - The Housing Service considers 2021/22 performance against this measure to have been 8/10 409 people no longer require support and/or have moved on from their current support services. 188 Homeless referrals were completed by the Cleaning Service over the last year, providing 188 families with the	4292 people received Housing Related Support in the quarter. (This will be Housing Support Grant and Homelessness Prevention Grant funded activity) The Housing Service considers 2021/22 performance against this measure to have been 5/10	A key objective towards the end of 2021 was the sourcing of additional venues from which to conduct drop-in sessions for people needing housing related support. The availability of drop-in support had been severely curtailed for the past 2 years as a result of COVID-19. There is now a resumption of drop-in support across North, Mid and South Powys, and additional sessions are being added in line with levels of	households needing temporary accommodation (pending them finding a permanent home), the 'Everyone In' policy introduced across Wales as part of the national response to the COVID-19 pandemic has created challenges in managing homelessness, with demand for temporary accommodation high. The increase in demand started in 2020-2021 and has continued through

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	necessary furniture to allow them to live in their own home.		demand. Drop-in availability allows for the quick resolution of queries for those clients who may not need longer term support, but for whom, if this service is not available, issues may compound and necessitate longer-term support. Discussions are underway to explore options for a dispersed accommodation grant from Welsh Government. Potential projects include a mother and baby unit specialising in working with cases of domestic abuse and a complex needs refuge to provide specialist support for mental health/substance misuse in the context of domestic abuse. A programme of support is in place for tenants whose well-being and tenancy sustainability is at risk because of hoarding behaviours. The Housing Department	Currently, there are between 300 and 400 live homeless cases at any one time (413 at the end of Q4) and the majority of people who are homeless (and in temporary accommodation) require one bedroom accommodation; across Powys only 6% of all housing (regardless of tenure) is one bedroom. There has been an increase in homelessness as a result of the loss of rented or tied accommodation with an increasing presenting of those presenting the result of rent arrears in the private rented sector. 8

 $^{^{8}}$ 62 (19.5%) of were due to loss of rented or tied accommodation and 28 (3.3%) were due to Rent arrears on Private sector dwellings

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
			provision is targeted at council tenants, but the Housing support Grant element is irrespective of the type of tenancy held or the rental provider. Actions are focussed on providing the therapeutic and practical support needed to make long-term changes that will reduce the threat of homelessness that can result from hoarding behaviours.	

Well-being Objective 3: We will strengthen **LEARNING AND SKILLS**



Objective Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Objective: We will improve pupil outcomes in secondary schools particularly Capped 9 scores and 5A*-A GCSEs. By July 2023, 70% of secondary schools will have an average capped 9-point score above 385 (this was 27% in July 2019) and 40% will have an average score above 400 (this was 9% in 2019). Through increased challenge and support from the Council, nine secondary schools will have above 20% of pupils with 5A*-A GCSEs (this was 4 schools in 2019), eight secondary schools above 22% pupils with 5A* - A GCSEs (this was one in 2019) and two secondary schools above 25% by July 2024. The Powys County Council School Service has performed well during 2021-22. A key achievement has been the continued progress that has been made in addressing the five recommendations made by the Estyn report of September 2019. These were wide ranging in scope and much work has been achieved with regards to transformation, service performance and service delivery in schools to drive improvement across learner entitlement	Weaknesses	Following the dissolution of ERW, Powys and Ceredigion have formed a partnership to facilitate collaborative working on school improvement priorities which is underpinned by a Memorandum of Understanding that has been in place since September 2021. Future planning for improvement of provision- Building Capacity for School Improvement and the Delivery of the National Mission for Education Opportunities for improvement of performance in response to the COVID-19 pandemic have been identified and escalated as appropriate	Threats

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Objective	people in the County. In their 2021 Report following monitoring Local Council causing significant concern [Link], following the most recent core inspection, it was found that 'overall, leaders have worked well with stakeholders and partners to make strong progress against all recommendations. Powys County Council is judged to have made sufficient progress in relation to the recommendations following the most recent core inspection. As a result, Her Majesty's Chief Inspector is removing the Council from the category of local authorities causing significant concern'. Estyn, 2021 All statutory and nonstatutory services to the public and schools have been maintained throughout the pandemic. The 2021 -22 Headteacher Perception survey received 44 responses representing a 52% response rate; this was a decrease on the previous year's response rate of 63%. Some key findings: 89% of respondents felt that children and young people achieve well in Powys. Comparative figures for this question include 84% in 2020-21 and 13% in 2019-20.	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	and 13% in 2019-20. 93% of respondents felt that schools in Powys			
	provides a good education for children and young people, which is a			

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	5% increase from the 2019/20 survey figures 89% of respondents* felt that Powys County Council has strong leadership in education			
	matters. Whilst the figures remain the same as it was in 2019-20, the number of respondents who strongly agree has increased from 29% to 59%.			
	The Education Service reports that 'Schools are working well with Council officers to bring in-year budgets into balance and halt the growth of cumulative deficits'9			
	At the time of the Estyn inspection in July 2019, those schools on warning notices were projecting a cumulative deficit of £8 million.			
	Prior to any action being taken the total projected deficit for all schools for 31st March 2022 was £11.7 million.			
	Following collaborative work with the schools and additional grant monies received during Spring 2021 (some of which were utilised against core costs), budgets submitted in May 2021 indicate that the planned cumulative outturn at the 31 March 2022, for those schools on warning notice, is			
	projected to be a £3.5m deficit. The same budgets now show the total projected position for all schools as			

 $^{^{9}}$ PCC, (2021), 'School Outturn Positions 31 March 2021 and Budget Plans 2021-22', p.5

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Objective: We will support all schools to improve pupil attendance rates.	of 31 March 2022 to be a surplus of £1.4 million. School Outturn Positions 31 March 2021 and Budget Plans 2021-22 Attendance data has been suspended due to the impact of COVID-19 Powys learners who use the home to school transport service have been issued with a new QR coded bus pass which	21% of pupils were educated through the medium of Welsh in Year 1. This did not achieve the hoped-for increase of 1% against the previous year	The Trochi Welsh- language immersion programme has been introduced to support learners new to the Welsh language who wish to be educated through the medium	The recruitment of Welsh-speaking staff remains a significant challenge for both the Schools Service and individual schools, locally and
	is scanned each time the learner uses the service. This facility has helped us to understand pupil movement and track potential COVID-19 exposure during the pandemic and in the future will allow us to build a clearer picture of the service to support improvement. The system has been a huge a success across the County and has been shortlisted for an LGC Innovation award.	(2020/21 rate was 22%).	of Welsh. See Pupils start new Welsh-medium immersion course	nationally. The recruitment of more secondary specialists and of specialist staff to tackle curriculum reform is also an issue.
	The Council has provided increased support and training for school governors. Consultation with schools had highlighted this area of need so it was built into our work programme for 2021/22. 100% of young people have been able to access a counselling service within 4 weeks of making			
We will implement a	contact. 11.5% of year 11 pupils are studying Welsh (first language). The Education Service considers 2021/22	By July 2022, schools will have	During 2021/22, Digital Services	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
joined-up system for supporting children and young people with Special Educational Needs (SEN)/ Additional Learning Needs (ALN) to improve their experiences and outcomes by 2024.	performance against this objective to have been 8/10 1 satellite of one of the special schools has been developed. 14 teachers are currently participating in a post-graduate diploma in an area of SEN/ALN (due for completion by August 2022).	begun converting all current Individual Educational Plans (IEPs) into Individual Development Plans (IDPs) using the electronic IDP system, and the Council will have begun converting all statements of Special Educational Need into IDPs using the electronic IDP system. Support is being offered to schools and settings, but no information has been provided regarding current level of achievement.	enabled the delivery of integrated development plans for students with alternative learning needs. This work has been carried out in collaboration with colleagues from Education, Children's Services, and external partners to ensure a holistic approach to the development plans. Development of a firm proposal for the future of the specialist centres is on track and is a key priority in the transformation programme for 2022-2023.	
Transformation Project: Transforming Education (21st Century Schools)	The Education Service considers 2021/22 performance against this objective to have been 9/10 in respect of Wave 1 and 5/10 with regards to the full programme. 2 new all-age schools have been established in the County. The number of primary schools in the county has been reduced by 7 schools. 100% of learners in Powys sixth forms have been offered a laptop to ensure they are digitally equipped to carry out their studies. 3 schools have moved along the language continuum.	41.5% of learners continued from year 11 into a Powys sixth form (failing to meet the target of a yearly 2% increase from the baseline of 44% average retention). No new Welsh Medium provisions have been established this year. There has been no increase in the number of new school builds in 'condition A/B' in Powys during 2021/22.	In May 2021 Cabinet passed the new Post 16 provision. Post 16 learners were consulted on the transformation plans. The Early Years assessment model is proving successful and enabling smooth transition from flying start to 3+, and 3+ to school. A new demountable has been built and installed at PRU south in Brecon in implementation of plans to improve Pupil Referral Unit (PRU) accommodation.	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	3 nurture programmes have been piloted and evaluated in at least one geographical area. Welsh Government has approved 1 Full Business Cases for new school builds this year.		Following public consultation (Nov 2021), PCC has agreed its Welsh in Education Strategic Plan (WESP) for 2022-2032, setting out the planned provision to increase the opportunities for children and young people in Powys to become fully bilingual.	
Improve the skills and employability of young people and adults	During 2021/22 the Council employed 11 apprentices (target 10) as part of a new programme to improve routes to employability with the Council that commenced this year. 1.2% of 16 years-olds in Powys were NOT in education, employment or training during 2021/22 (exceeding the target level of below 2%). By July 2025, all Powys schools will have maintained a transition rate of above 70% between upper sixth and University, where the university course is completed in full - No Data Available		Funding has been allocated to all Secondary and Special schools on a per pupil basis and guidance shared with schools.	
Equality Objective 5: We will improve opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty	PCC Catering Service provided 908,829 school meals during 2021 which included 78,354 Free School Meals. The following measures in red will be subject to change as a result of	Many eFSM (eligible for free school meals) pupils made progress in line with their expected outcomes. Some pupils were impacted by remote learning	The Child Poverty in Powys consultation was completed in August 2021. Five schools in Powys participated in the School Holiday Enrichment	The percentage of pupils who are eligible for Free School Meals has increased significantly from 12.1% in January 2020 to 17.5% in March 2022. During 2021/22,

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Objective	disruption in reporting during COVID-19 and the changing landscape of schools' meal provision: The percentage of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals attaining the Foundation Phase Indicator will be 75% by July 2023. The percentage of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals attaining the CSI at Key Stage 2 will be 75% by July 2023. The percentage of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals attaining the CSI at Key Stage 3 will be 78% by July 2023. The average Capped 9-point score of pupils in receipt of Free School Meals will be 340 points by July 2023. During 2021/22, Income and Awards made 2,044 Pupil Development Grant payments to families, representing a total of £267,045 distributed. The Education Service considers its performance when monitoring the effective use of the PDG	Weaknesses and became disengaged from learning during this period. Schools have put in place support for these eFSM pupils and although they are now engaged in learning, they have not yet returned to their pre-pandemic levels.	Programme (SHEP) programme during summer 2021. Early expressions of interest have been collated for SHEP 2022 and 11 schools have voiced a wish to participate. Holiday Activities were supported through over 1000 pupil sessions across all the SHEP sites over 39 events. Sport Powys together with Freedom Leisure provided 157 hours of free sports and physical activity sessions across the county and the officers providing the service delivered to just under 800 children. Attendance was significantly lower than hoped for last year; activities were cancelled during 2020 because of COVID-19 and revival of the programme during 2021 proved challenging amidst continuing	3098 pupils qualified for FSM. Universal Primary Free School Meals is adding to workload and staffing issues in
	and Awards made 2,044 Pupil Development Grant payments to families, representing a total of £267,045 distributed. The Education Service considers its performance when monitoring the		year; activities were cancelled during 2020 because of COVID-19 and revival of the programme during 2021 proved challenging amidst	
	been 9/10 (audit) and 6/10 (impact in schools). Five schools took part in activities funded by the Winter of Well-being Music Grant. The activities are run by schools, using the same format as that employed by the SHEP holiday events. The programme seeks to offer opportunities for those		Period Dignity: All schools have received regular supplies of feminine hygiene products to ensure that learners have access to free products. The scheme has been very successful with 812 requests received within the first two days alone	
	learners who may not		during the autumn	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	usually have access to music tuition. The Education Service considers its performance in ensuring that children in Powys can attend school without the associated financial costs to have been 8/10. During the pandemic, the Council's performance against this measure has included offering support for digitally excluded learners through the provision of Wi-Fi connectivity via 4G MiFi boxes and the emergency issue of laptops to allow all pupils the opportunity to continue their education from home. During 2021/22, Income and Awards have ensured that a greater number of eligible families were made aware of and took up the offer of free school meals. During that period, take up has increased from 2,771 to 3,098. 10 The Money Advice Team has continued to offer support to families across Powys to maximise benefit take-up and provide budgeting and debt advice. A joint mailing exercise was undertaken in November 2021, during which 2,761 households in Powys received a letter to promote the work of NEST. During 2021/22, the money advice team received 155 new family referrals. The Benefits		term. A budget was allocated to re-open the scheme in mid-March. The services will now be working together to evaluate if/how this could be offered in future financial years. Sustainable products have also been provided to the Youth Team to promote throughout the county.	

 $^{^{10}}$ The increase demonstrated here is very likely to be largely a reflection of increased need in the population rather than improvement of performance.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	gain amounted to £447,954.15.			
	The Education Service considers its 2021/22 performance in having provided families with support and advice to help them reduce costs of living to have been 8/10.			

Well-being Objective 4: We will support our **RESIDENTS AND COMMUNITIES**



Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Strengthen our relationship with residents and communities	56 communities have been supported with COVID-19 recovery The HCD Service considers 2021/22 performance when working with partners and organisations to support and deliver a range of opportunities for culture and leisure throughout Powys with a focus on the health and well-being agenda to have been 8/10 All 13 of the Powys Leisure/Sports Centres sites opened on Day 1 post lockdown and the Q3 active participation figures showed an increase of 7% over 2019 Q3 figures. Swim school figures are now at 5001 students per week which is a 15% increase over the numbers recorded pre-COVID-19. The Archives public search room remained open as advertised through the year with the number of documents produced remaining comparable with previous years (around 2000), and enquiries by email to the research services remaining at around 1,500. Visitor surveys show that use of the Powys Archive Service is split roughly 50/50	Figures are not currently available for the number of people who are physically active throughout Powys per year because of participating in the range of schemes on offer. Library usage was impacted by the closure of all public libraries in Wales with an average 80% decrease in physical book issues across all services in Wales. 92,000 visits (physical and virtual) were made to libraries, museums, and archives in 2021/22 (for comparison, 117,204 visits were made in 2020/21). The HCD Service considers 2021/22 performance against this measure to have been lower than hoped ¹¹ and the HCD Service	Work has begun on the development of a 5-year Cultural Services strategy for delivery in 2022/23 A Significant amount of external capital and revenue funding was secured this year. In 2021/22 the Archive Service concluded discussions (in a consortium arrangement with all other archive services in Wales) for three online commercial contracts to webmount parish registers — Ancestry.com, the Genealogist and FindMyPast. These contracts will generate income for the service (income total tbc) PCC Arts Service increased supportive communication directly provided to the sector, and established Powys Arts & Culture Information & Support e-Bulletin which has been issued to a mailing	The library materials budget decreased in 2020-21 and while it has retained its level over 2021/22, there has been a 33% decrease since 2017/18.

¹¹ No figures are currently available.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	between visitors and residents. Information Management continues to store and receive records from PtHB generating substantial income for the service. Records are also stored for North and Mid Wales Trunk Road Agency. Income raised during 2021/22 for storage and records management on behalf of PtHB was £16,595 and £6,390 was received from North and Mid Wales Trunk Road Agency for storage of their records. Libraries, in common with all front-facing facilities, have been affected by a drop in visitor figures. The service has been inventive in reaching new and existing audiences and book loans have continued through the order and collect service. In Powys, the service has recorded a 77% increase in digital downloads since 2020, placing it just outside the top quartile for digital issues. Powys is one of seven services across Wales to have seen an increase in library membership during 2020-21. Although the libraries materials budget is one of the lowest in Wales per 1000 population, loans for adult and children are in the second quartile. Expenditure has been maximised and appropriate stock purchased for its customers. Welsh	Weaknesses cultural events to be 2/10.	Opportunities list of approx. 290 names.	Threats

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	language resource expenditure has been maintained and the service works well with local partners to actively promote its Welsh collection and Welsh learning.			
	In the last Welsh Public Library Standards return the service reports that it meets 10 of the 12 core entitlements in full, 1 in part and did not meet 1 (lending books and library strategy). The Standards are a guide to performance and not a legislative requirement. The council meets its statutory obligations under the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964.			
	Staff have continued to work in the museums throughout the pandemic, even when the facilities have been closed to the public, with looking after the collections remaining a key priority. Radnorshire Museum in particular, has been able to start auditing its stores and enter additional information about artefacts into the service database.			
	The Creative Industries and Arts Sector responded swiftly to expressed customer and community needs, in particular around mental health & well-being support by providing online programmes, events and resources in a variety of forms.			

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	During 2021/22 six temporary exhibitions have been organised across the museums. Sales made during a temporary exhibition held at y Gaer generated around £20k in commission for the museum.			
	By March 2022, all schools will have an environment to deliver blended learning (classroom and home based together) through digital technology.			
Safeguard and enhance the natural environment for residents and communities	In January 2021, the Council convened a Climate Action Project Board [Link to TOR] to support the delivery of the Climate Change Strategy [Link] and its vision that by 2030 Powys County Council will be carbon neutral and climate resilient. The greenspace improvement strategy for Housing Services owned sites has been progressed. Greenspaces have been surveyed in all major towns and raised bed kits installed at Housing Services sites across the county, in response to feedback from residents. In 2021/22, 66% of waste in Powys is forecast to be reused, recycled or composted, slightly exceeding the Welsh Government target of 64%. The average number of working days taken to	% Change in the Council's carbon emissions against baseline – the 2021 - 22 baseline is currently being prepared, and will be reported to Welsh Government annually from June 2022 Estate management has been hampered because of COVID-19 disruption to normal interaction, which has reduced opportunities for the Housing Officers to visit sites and residents. The representative STAR Survey has recently been completed (quotas were set on area, housing type and number of occupants, with no more than one person being interviewed in each household to reflect the overall tenant profile. An overall	Red Kite Climate Vision & Strategy Climate change strategy adopted Powys Nature Recovery Action plan policy developed During 2021-2022, we will consult with all Council services to review and collate the actions being taken to maintain or enhance biodiversity. NWOW has the potential to reduce carbon and improve well-being. A restructure of the Emergency Planning and Community Safety teams has added resilience to the Council's response through the pooling of staffing resource and the creation of a Civil	The recyclates market has been volatile meaning that the income derived has been variable. Phosphate pollution in river SAC catchments has both short-term implications and impacts (e.g., planning decisions, reduced fee income to the Council) and long-term impacts (e.g., potential risk to Replacement LDP preparation, community needs may not be met, Council Tax implications). A significant challenge that will continue into 22/23 is the recovery of the backlog of EH/TS work that has amassed over

	rtunities Threats
was 2.6 during 2021/22 and this represents a significant reduction from the 2021/21 average of 6.3 days. Compliance with the Welsh Housing Quality was 2.6 during 2021/22 interviews being and a CS Officer. been a notable improvement in overall satisfaction with services able to consider the fund to success the services and a CS Officer. Officer. During the overall satisfaction with services able to consider the fund to success the fund to success the services.	because of other pressures. Many businesses have not been visited/inspected for several years and this situation will necessitate a long period of recovery to rectify. The pressures of other pressures. Many businesses have not been visited/inspected for several years and this situation will necessitate a long period of recovery to rectify. The pressures of other pressures. Many businesses have not been visited/inspected for several years and this situation will necessitate a long period of recovery to rectify. The pressures of other pressures. Many businesses have not been visited/inspected for several years and this situation will necessitate a long period of recovery to rectify. The pressures of other pressures. Many businesses have not been visited/inspected for several years and this situation will necessitate a long period of recovery to rectify.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	Recent targets have generally been met or exceeded, with only industrial authorised processes inspections (figures provided are Q3 and potentially not indicative) and sampling of commercial private water supplies falling below.			Reduction of staff resources in Trading Standards to achieve savings has equated to a cut of 1.8 enforcement officers, 1 financial investigator and 0.4 FTE from admin support. This represents a reduction of 21% of team workforce and has added pressures to an already small team.
Equality objective 6: We will improve opportunities for our resident and communities to become more digitally inclusive, enabling them to easily access the services they need and participate fully in everyday life	The library service has provided digital help sessions for members of the public to support people in accessing and using library apps (such as BorrowBox and Libby) as well as teaching participants how to use their tablets, phones, laptops, and computers. Assistance has included how to access information and enabling people to set up email accounts, print documents, access benefits, partake in online courses, design their family tree, learn a new language, and purchase appliances. Figures for these activities have not been recorded for 2021/22 but will be captured from 1 April 2022. The schools Hwb Programme has provided an environment that delivers blended learning (classroom and home		During 2020/21, Powys libraries have loaned out 71 internet-ready iPads. Currently, many of the devices are loaned for a 3- month period to clients referred by partner organisations (to- date PtHB and PAVO) and a poster/social media campaign and press release will seek to extend the reach of the service.	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	based together) through digital technology to 100% of our schools and with all Wave 4 deliverables met. • All Powys teachers (1113) received a laptop to assist with classroom and online learning • Laptops provided to year 12 learners • The provision of Wi-Fi connectivity via 600 4G MiFi boxes and the emergency issue of 800 Chromebooks so learners could continue their education from home • In Powys, 86 of 91 (94.5%) schools have now achieved the 1 device:2 pupils' ratio.			

MAKING IT HAPPEN

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
Engage and communicate - Listen, share information, and build trust with our residents, communities, and staff	During 2021/22, 422 unique positive news stories were published across a spread of 40 media outlets. This year, 99.5% of media enquiries were responded to within deadline. During 2021/22, 36 engagement and consultation activities were undertaken to engage residents and staff. Increase in the percentage of staff able to provide a service in Welsh, to help facilitate providing the Active Offer (10.9% as at December 2020). Increase the number of staff undertaking Welsh language training courses, to develop their Welsh language skills for the workplace (the provisional figure for 2020-21 is 92 people having completed or enrolled on a course)			
Transformation Project -Workforce Futures	80% of staff are proud to work for Powys County Council (this was 77% in the last survey). 80% of employees feel valued by the Council (a 1% reduction from previous responses) and 85% feel valued as a team member (representing a 1% increase).		NWOW presents an opportunity to re-shape the way the Council's staff work and to look at the organisation's values.	Many service areas across the council are experiencing challenges in recruitment. A key area has been Social Care but there are a number of other teams that are struggling to recruit and/or experiencing high turnover.

Objective Strengths We	aknesses Opportunities Threats
81% of staff report know why they do, what they do (previously 78%). The cumulative average sickness per full time equivalent employee was 10.1 days. *This does not include COVID-19 related sickness. Over the past 12 months there has been a significant increase in demand for H&S guidance and support, including guidance on risk assessment and safe working in regard to COVID-19. The Employment Services team has continued to deliver BAU for 5800 staff, while in addition assisting with the recruitment of hundreds of additional staff, making over 600 additional establishment changes and calculation and recovery of £1.15m in CJRS Furlough payments which has contributed significantly to the Council budget. 100% of schools have chosen to sign up to the HR enhanced SLA service (the highest level of service offered). Annual feedback is received from all schools on the performance against the measures in the SLA and last year a 95% response rate was achieved with the overwhelmingly positive feedback.	Widespread changes in working practices present the Council with both opportunity and challenge. While there is a potential to attract a wider geographical pool of staff working remotely, there is the simultaneous risk of existing staff opting to work for companies situated in other parts of Wales and the UK, without a need to relocate. Retention as well as recruitment is therefore more challenging. RISK: The WOD Service lead on a strategic risk relating to the Council's ability to recruit, retain and commission the workforce required in the short term from the labour market and in the longer term as a result of an expected long term decrease on the local working age population. The controls and actions in place mitigate this risk from 25 to 16, meaning that it remains red.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
				aggression from people towards council officers which has increased, in particular for social care staff.
Change how we work – Make best use of what we have and working in new, innovative ways to deliver our priorities for the benefit of the County's residents and communities	During the last financial year, 2203 of 2477 (89%) staff annual appraisals were completed across the Council which represents a considerable achievement during pandemic disruption. 466 corporate complaints were received between April 21 and Mar 22.	77.2% of staff have completed mandatory training in the past year (against a target of 80%).	A new learning management system (LMS) is being developed in conjunction with the WLGA. The cost of the system will be shared with other Welsh LAs and it will provide opportunities to digitise aspects of workforce performance intelligence. The Council's Business Analytics and Systems teams have worked with external partners including Digital Health Care Wales (DHCW) to look at integrated opportunities, for example Urinary Tract Infections insight, which led to the development of a preventative campaign. This integrated work has been recognised nationally through a LARIA award.	
Transformation ProjectDigital Powys	Overall, the Council's provision of economic and digital support services has performed very well during 2021/22, especially in light of the additional pressures created by the pandemic.	The number of automated processes available to our customers has increased but is not on target. This is a result of	When is my Bin Day, a recently published article on the Centre for Digital Public Services' website, highlights how digital solutions	

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	The number of residents with a My Powys Account increased from 28,000 to 50,898 during 2021/22 (the target for March 2023 is 50,000 meaning that the Council is performing well beyond expectation against this objective, potentially boosted by increased take up during COVID-19). On-line Customer provision has achieved high satisfaction rates and is currently 90.5% with an average of 85% throughout the year. It has been able to respond to COVID-19 pressures and additional requirements to support the economy and communities. Fifty-six processes have been redesigned and launched on the website enabling easier customer interaction and 24/7 accessibility and this has produced savings and increased customer satisfaction. During 2021/22, 24 Community Broadband Projects were established within Powys to install fibre and provide good quality, reliable broadband and the take-up rate for fibre to the cabinet (Open Reach telephone exchanges situated on streets and in villages) stood at 72.85% by March 2022. This means that PCC is performing well in advance of its targets but more importantly indicates that increasingly the businesses and residents of Powys can make full use of the benefits and	additional pressures impacting digital services that have required resource to be redirected. The increasing demand in services wishing to digitally transform is creating competing priorities and the rate of transformation is limited by resource.	are underpinning the improvement of services within Powys.	It is anticipated that reduced Welsh Government funding for broadband top-up schemes will impact on our capability to support an equal number of communities in the future.

Objective	Strengths	Weaknesses	Opportunities	Threats
	opportunities afforded by access to high-speed connectivity. For the Council itself, this means that more of our residents can make use of our digital services which improves accessibility, reduces our carbon footprint and helps to keep costs down.			
Strengthen leadership and governance – Our staff and members work together with our partners, using the right systems and information to make sure the Council is well-run	As the UK economy and services re-open, the Council, along with other employers, has been faced with a significant recruitment challenge. Services have been supported in the recruitment of staff and improvements (including increase of advertising reach and activity within Job Centres) have been made to recruitment processes and practices. An end-to-end review of the recruitment process has been commenced to identify further areas for improvement. Overall, the Council has performed well with regard to support of its workforce and ongoing organisational development during a period of intense demand and disruption.		A Leadership Behaviours Competency Framework has been developed, based on a compassionate and inclusive leadership style and Line Manager forums have been established to support staff, with regards to managing remotely and implementing the New Ways of Working protocols.	

Powys County Council Engagement Reporting 2021-22

(The below figures include both English and Welsh hub sites/engagement projects)

EXTERNAL ENGAGEMENT

Quarter	External PCC Surveys	External Visitors	External Engaged Participants ¹²	Have opportunities to have their say and participate in decision-making ¹³	Speak positively about the Council ¹⁴	New Membership of Powys People's Panel
1	9	5,896	1,031	N/A	N/A	500
2	8	5,510	864	N/A	N/A	680
3	7	12,894	1,959	N/A	N/A	1073
4	7	6,381	926	12%	14%	561
TOTAL	31	30,681	4,780	12%	14%	2,814

INTERNAL ONLY ENGAGEMENT

Quarter	Internal PCC Surveys	Internal Visitors	Internal Engaged Participants
1	3	4,006	1,039
2	1	2,192	499
3	1	529	30
4	1	3,087	1,319
TOTAL	6	9,814	2,887

Breakdown of engagement projects by quarter:

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
External	Ysgol Dyffryn Trannon	to	The proposal to change the language category of Ysgol Dyffryn Trannon: - To make a regulated alteration to alter the medium of instruction at	71 completed the consultation response form	Consultation Report On the 14 September 2021, the Council's Cabinet considered the Objection Report and agreed to go ahead

¹² Number of people who have engaged (taken part) in external engagement and consultation activities



¹³ % of people that are satisfied or very satisfied that they have opportunities to have their say and participate in the Council's decision-making processes

¹⁴ % of people that speak positively about the Council (with or without being asked)

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			Ysgol Dyffryn Trannon to Welsh-medium - This would be introduced on a phased basis, year-by- year, starting with Reception in September 2022	9 written responses	with the proposal to move Ysgol Dyffryn Trannon along the language continuum. The decision letter outlining the Cabinet's decision is available online.
External	Digital Services for Archives, Museums and Libraries	01/03/21 to 11/04/21	Libraries Service were seeking views on how they can develop digital resources so that they can deliver improved and more efficient services. This includes using technology to connect with communities, offering more services online and helping people to use those services with confidence.	234 responses	Report of findings compiled and sent to Catherine Richards and the external company running the project Ammba Digital.
External	Brecon Schools (Mount St Infants, Mount St Juniors, and Cradoc CP Schools)	25/02/21 to 12/05/21	The Proposals are as follows: Phase 1 To close Mount Street Infants School, Mount Street Junior School, and Cradoc C.P. School To establish a new English-medium primary school for pupils aged 4-11 on the current sites of Mount Street Infants School, Mount Street Junior School, and Cradoc C.P. School. The current target date is to close the three schools on the 31 August 2022, with the new school opening on the 1 September 2022. Phase 2 To make a regulated alteration to transfer the new school to a new school building on a new site in Brecon. The current target date for this phase is September 2024 at the earliest.	 229 completed the consultation response form 53 written responses 1,275 signature petitions 	Consultation Report On the 11 March 2022, the Council's Cabinet considered the Objection Report and agreed to go ahead with the proposing to close Mount Street Infant School, Mount Street Junior School and Cradoc C.P. School from the 31 August 2023 and establish a new primary school for pupils aged 4-11 on the three current sites from the 1 September 2023. The decision letter outlining the Cabinet's decision is available online.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background		Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
External	Castle Caereinion C in W School	14/04/21 to 02/06/21	The proposal is to close Castle Caereinion C. in W. School from 31 August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools.	•	68 completed the consultation response form 25 written responses 676 signature petition	Consultation Report On 23 November 2021, the Council's Cabinet considered the Objection Report and agreed to go ahead with the proposal to close Castle Caereinion C. in W. School from 31st August 2022. The decision letter outlining the Cabinet's decision is available online.
External	Churchstoke	to	The proposal is to close Churchstoke C.P. School from the 31st August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools	•	347 completed the consultation response form 163 written responses 1,744 signature petition	Consultation Report The Council's Cabinet considered the Consultation Report on the 23 November and agreed to end the process to close Churchstoke C.P. School. However, concerns remain regarding the school which need to be addressed and Cabinet gave the goahead for the council to further consider options to address these concerns. A further report will be brought back to Cabinet in due course.
External	Llanfihangel Rhydithon C.P. School	14/04/21 to 02/06/21	The proposal is to close Llanfihangel Rhydithon C.P. School from the 31 August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools.	•	290 completed the consultation response form 130 written responses	Consultation Report On the 8 February 2022, the Council's Cabinet considered the Objection Report and agreed to go ahead with the proposal to close Llanfihangel Rhydithon C.P. School from 31 August 2022. The decision letter outlining the Cabinet's

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
					decision is available online.
External	Llanbedr C in W School	to	The proposal is to close Llanbedr C. in W. School from 31 August 2022, with pupils to attend their nearest alternative schools .	 113 completed the consultation response form 62 written responses 2,119 signature petition 	Consultation Report On 8 March 2022, the Council's Cabinet considered the Objection Report and agreed to go ahead with the proposal to close Llanbedr C. in W. School from 31 August 2022. The decision letter outlining the Cabinet's decision is available online.
Internal	Staff Well- being Survey 2021	01/06/21 to 30/06/21	Following more than year of COVID-19 restrictions and changes to how we live and work, this survey provided an updated insight into staff well-being across the council. This survey has been conducted six-monthly since the COVID-19 pandemic hit and asks staff opinions on how they are finding work at the moment, whether they are working from home or on the front line.	821 responses	Key Findings Summary Report The Senior Leadership Team used the feedback and ideas to ensure staff are supported across the whole Council and to help shape the new ways of working.
Internal	Member Survey 2021	07/06/21 to 01/07/21	Survey of members during COVID-19 to assess home working and welfare at the current time (June 2021).	35 out of 73 members responded	Report of findings sent to EMT July 2021 to inform Council recovery and make recommendations for action.
External	Living in Powys – Informing our well-being plan	08/06/21 to 31/07/21	The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act, which came into force in April 2016, is about improving the social, economic, environmental, and cultural well-being of Wales. The Act established Public Service Boards (PSB) for each local Council area, made up of the council, the	475 responses	The PSB gathered data from a variety of sources, conducted a Living in Powys survey and used many other engagement sources to get a good understanding of people's well-being needs across the county.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			health board, the fire and rescue service and Natural Resources Wales. The PSB is responsible for developing a local Wellbeing Assessment and Well-being Plan for the area and updating that plan every five years. It details the actions that will be taken to address local issues and contribute to the national Well-being goals. The information from this		All this information resulted in a detailed and comprehensive assessment of wellbeing in Powys which was published on the PCC Engagement Hub with an accompanying survey that ran from 16 November to 17 December 2021.
			survey, along with other sources of data, will be used to inform the next Well-being plan and ensure we understand the pressures that our communities are facing.		
Internal	Governor Questionnaire 2021	21/06/21 to 19/07/21	School Governors and Clerks to the Governors were invited to complete an online survey, asking for their views on training, briefing sessions and the Governors' Bulletin.	200 responses	Report of findings compiled and sent to Beth Groves (Principal Officer – Governor Support)
External	The future of our town centres	22/06/21 to 19/07/21	A four-week engagement exercise to seek the views of businesses, residents, and visitors on the future of Powys town centres. The COVID-19 crisis has had a significant impact on the lives and health of many Powys citizens, but it has also had severe economic consequences. The lockdown had an immediate impact on the way in which our town centres operate with many businesses adapting the way in which they have worked to ensure that their local communities were provided with the services and goods they needed throughout the pandemic.	1044 responses	Following extensive feedback, the temporary arrangements in Brecon, Newtown and Crickhowell will stay in place for now. Smaller measures in other towns, including pavement licences granted to individual businesses to make use of public areas such as walkways and roads, will also remain. On the contrary, in line with the initial feedback from the engagement exercise and at the request of the town council, the temporary restrictions in Hay on

Internal or External	Name of	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
					Wye were lifted from 7 August 2021.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
Internal	Internal Communications Survey		It's important that we take stock of how we communicate across our organisation. The survey captured views on a range of topics, including how we use email to keep you informed, the staff intranet, and much more. Staff feedback will directly help identify what is and isn't working, inform improvements, and be able to help the organisation and Communications Team know what can be done to support better internal communications.	472 responses	Report of key findings shared with EMT and SLT for their information, including: Comms Team - reviewing detailed feedback and actions Intranet Governance Group – reviewed relevant results to inform refresh of the Staff Intranet front page Main findings overview - EMT & SLT for information Main findings overview - NWOW working group
External	New Llanfair Caereinion All Age School - Election of Parent/Governor	06/07/21 to 14/07/21	Parent Governor Election: Ballot Paper The number of parent governors to be elected on this occasion was two.	73 responses	Top two candidates were elected as Parent Governors
External	Ysgol Cedewain, Newtown: Pre- application consultation	26/07/21 to 20/08/21	Pre-application consultation for the proposed development of a new £22m school for Ysgol Cedewain in Newtown. As part of the proposed development, the new Ysgol Cedewain school will have purpose-built and state-of-the-art facilities including a hydrotherapy pool, sensory and physiotherapy rooms and garden as well as a community café.	Unknown (Hosted a link on our engagement hub to a third-party project)	Sept 2021 - A planning application has been submitted by the county council. The new school will be built by Denbighshire-based company Wynne Construction, who carried out the preapplication consultation.
External	Robert Owen House, Newtown: Pre-	26/07/21 to 20/08/21	Pre-application consultation for the proposed development of 32 energy	Unknown (Hosted a link on our	June 2022 - A planning application for the flats on the site of the

	application consultation		efficient one-bedroomed flats, for council rent, on the site of the former Robert Owen House in Newtown.		former Robert Owen House in Newtown was approved by Powys County Council's Planning, Taxi Licensing & Rights of Way Committee today (Thursday, June 16).
External	Llanfair Caerenion Town Plan Consultation	to	Llanfair Caereinion Town Council prepared its Town Plan for consultation. The plan covered everything from governance, finance and projects for the Town along with a programme and monitoring system in place.	Unknown (Hosted a link on our engagement hub to a third-party project)	November – consultation report was considered by the town council. <u>Included in the</u> meeting agenda documents online.
External	Child Poverty Survey	12/08/21 to 30/08/21	As part of the PCC Economy, Residents and Communities Scrutiny Committee's investigation into child poverty in the county, a survey was conducted to understand the picture of child poverty in Powys and to ensure that the council targets its resources effectively to improve the opportunities and outcomes for children living in poverty.	121 responses	Report of findings compiled and sent to Economy, Residents and Communities Scrutiny Committee to consider at their meeting on 6 September 2021.
External	Active Travel – Commonplace mapping	16/08/21 to 08/11/21	Following feedback from residents, town and community councils, schools, and other stakeholders (in 2016/17), the draft Active Travel Network Map (ATNM) have been developed for each of the county's 11 designated active travel localities (as defined by Welsh Government).	Unknown (Hosted a link on our engagement hub to a third-party project)	The draft Active Travel Network Map will now be finalised before being submitted to Welsh Government for consideration.
External	Homes in Powys Common Allocation Scheme	to	Following a review in December 2020, the Council and its partners recommended changes to the Common Allocation Scheme. A summary of the proposals, together with the reasoning behind each recommendation was put out for consultation	264 responses	Documents considered by: Portfolio Holder for Adult Social Care, Welsh Language, Housing & Climate Change - Friday, 11th March, 2022 "The proposed amendments to the 'Homes in Powys' Common Allocations Scheme, set out in

					Appendix A to the report, are approved."
External	Draft Welsh in Education Strategic Plan (WESP) for 2022-2032	to 19/11/21	The School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013 requires all local authorities to prepare a Welsh in Education Strategic Plan (WESP) setting out how they will develop Welsh-medium education. The councils draft 10-year plan (2022-2032) sets out the Council's vision for Welsh-medium education, followed by a number of targets and actions, based around 7 Outcomes, with the aim of increasing the use of Welsh in education over the next 10 years. These outcomes will contribute towards achieving the Welsh Government's Cymraeg 2050 Strategy, which aims to have one million Welsh speakers by 2050.	93 responses	Consultation Report 25 January 2022 - Cabinet approved the updated WESP, which will now be submitted to the Welsh Government for their consideration and approval.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
External	Health and Care in Powys: Informing our Population Needs Assessment	01/09/21 to 28/10/21	The Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 requires that local authorities and local health boards must jointly carry out an assessment of the needs for care and support, and the support needs of carers in the local Council areas. The Population Needs Assessment consists of two sections: Assessing the extent to which there are people (or their carers) who need care and support and the extent to which they need this	8 responses	Following the publication of our PNA, we will produce an area plan which outlines our integrated priorities for the next five years. The plan will be published in March 2023. The PNA will be used to inform the upcoming regional Market Stability Report which is due for publication in June 2022. The Market Stability Report will assess the stability and sufficiency of the social care market considering

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			Assessing the range and level of services required for the care and support needs of the population (and carers) to prevent needs arising and escalating, and the actions required to provide services in Welsh The Powys Regional Partnership Board is required to produce a population needs assessment every four years. The next assessment is due for completion in March 2022. Views will feed into this work and will help inform future decision-		the findings and needs identified within this assessment.
			making around health and care services in Powys.		
External	Brecon High School - Election of Parent Governor	29/09/21 to 18/10/21	Ballot Paper	627 responses	Top two candidates were elected as Parent Governors
Internal	School Funding Formula Review	05/10/21 to 22/10/21	The current funding formula came into effect in the 2019-20 financial year following a fundamental review carried out to create a clear and transparent funding model to deliver a core educational offer to schools in Powys. The proposals on which we are consulting are intended to support a move to a pupilled formula whilst also securing stability for schools across Powys. This should provide a stable, transparent, and equitable funding arrangement for schools, which will: Create a more equitable provision for all learners across Powys Support the aspirations of the transformation programme	30 responses	December 2021 - Cabinet considered responses received to the consultation to changes to the School Funding Formula for mainstream Primary phase schools and revisions to the Powys Scheme for Financing Schools. More detailed information on Cabinet decision can be found online.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			 Support all learners including helping offset the effects of disadvantage Support a collaborative schools' community which offers effective professional learning to facilitate the self-improving system Support inclusion and bilingualism, and promote access to excellence for all learners The proposals will apply to primary schools and the primary phase of all-age schools only. Work on reviewing the formulae for secondary schools and special schools is ongoing and will align with the progression of the Strategy for Transforming Education in Powys 2020-2030. 		
External	How has COVID-19 affected Powys?	08/10/21 to 11/11/21	PCC wanted to find out what impact the COVID-19 pandemic has had on the well-being of our communities and on individuals. This information will help us to understand the wider effect, beyond its immediate impact on those who have contracted the virus. It will also help us decide how we will respond in the future, in ways that best support the good health and well-being of Powys residents.	204 responses	
External	Well-being Assessment Report - Consultation		The Public Service Board (PSB) gathered data from a variety of sources, conducted a Living in Powys survey (mentioned earlier) and used many other engagement sources to get a good understanding of people's well-being needs across the county.	614 responses	An updated full Well- being Assessment analysis for Powys was published.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			All this information has resulted in a detailed and comprehensive assessment of well-being in Powys. However, we really need your help to understand what well-being means to you and what you consider is important for well-being.		
External	Budget Survey	29/11/21 to 19/12/21	The budget survey happens every year and allows us to understand what our residents, businesses and communities feel is important and should be prioritised in the coming years.	493 responses	Consultation Report January 2022: Cabinet considered the draft Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) for 2022-27, which included a Financial Resource Model (FRM) for 2022-27, a draft revenue budget for 2022-23 and a draft capital programme for 2022-23 to 2026-27. Each had been reviewed and developed by the Cabinet and Executive Management Team as part of the overall strategic planning process alongside Vision 2025, the Council's Corporate Improvement Plan.
External	Future plans for Ysgol Calon Cymru	30/11/21 to 26/01/22	In 2020, the Council developed a business case which looked at future options for Ysgol Calon Cymru. This identified the following possible plan: • A new 11-18 Englishmedium campus in Llandrindod Wells; plus • A remodelled 4-18 Welshmedium allthrough campus in Builth Wells. The Council wanted to know what people thought about the possible plan before it started the legal process that	516 responses	March 2022 - The Transforming Education Team are considering the results and will report the findings to Cabinet in due course.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			would need to be followed to make these changes.		
External	Climate Strategy Consultation	to	Powys County Council declared a climate emergency in September 2020 and the council agreed to create a cross-party motion on climate change. This document builds on that declaration highlighting how acting on climate change meets all four pillars of vision 2025 and is delivering on and strengthening the councils existing policies and approach. Through this strategy we aim to play our part in combatting climate change by facilitating change and providing civic leadership across our County that will encourage others to follow. We also recognise that we do not have the sole responsibility to make this happen and are keen to work with all local, regional, and national stakeholders in order to ensure sufficient action is taken and progress made. This engagement exercise asks you a few general questions about your interest in climate change, to rate each of the sections of the new strategy and gives you the opportunity to leave wider feedback.	175 responses	March 2022: Cabinet considered the revised Climate Change Strategy which had been updated following a consultation exercise and presented to the Climate Action Programme Board and the Cross-Party Working group. The revisions addressed a number of issues highlighted in the consultation. Cabinet approved the publication of the Climate Change Strategy as set out in Appendix A to the report.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
External	Performance Feedback Ongoing	04/01/22 ongoing	Welsh Government requires councils to keep under review the extent to which they are	• 472 survey responses	Quarterly data included with engagement

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
	Engagement Project		fulfilling the 'performance requirements', that is, the extent to which: • they are exercising its functions effectively • they are using resources economically, efficiently, and effectively • the governance is effective for securing the above. To fulfil this requirement an ongoing engagement exercise was proposed to (and approved by) Cabinet to gather views from the local community which will be reported on quarterly and included as part of the council's performance self-assessment work.	 2 questions asked 1 idea submitted 12% are satisfied or very satisfied that they have opportunities to have their say and participate in the Council's decision-making processes 14% speak positively about the Council (with or without being asked) 	information in cabinet report: • % Of people that are satisfied or very satisfied that they have opportunities to have their say and participate in the Council's decision-making processes • % Of people that speak positively about the Council (with or without being asked) Full report including verbatim open comments, ideas and Q&A is also sent with the high-level figures.
External	Powys Local Development Plan (2011- 2026) Review Report	06/01/22 to 01/02/22	The Powys Local Development Plan (LDP) adopted in April 2018 sets out the Council's policies for the development and use of land in Powys (except for the area within the Brecon Beacons National Park) up to 2026. The Review Report Consultation Draft sets out the information that has informed the review and considers the impact of the findings on the LDP. It also sets out the proposed approach towards revision of the LDP. The Review Report Consultation Draft concludes that the most appropriate form	12 responses	Following this consultation, the Council will review the comments received and make amendments to the Review Report as considered appropriate. The comments will be summarised within the final Review Report, which will also include the Council's response to the comments along with any changes proposed to the Review Report. The Review Report will be considered for approval by the Council before being submitted to the Welsh Government and then published

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			of revision would be a Full Revision of the LDP through preparation of a Replacement LDP for the period 2022-2037. As part of this consultation, we are seeking your views on the findings and conclusions set out in the Review Report Consultation Draft and on what other issues should be considered in the review. It is not possible to consider changes to the LDP in detail at this stage, as this will be considered as part of the Replacement LDP process.		on the Council's Local Development Plan website.
External	Replacement Local Development Plan (2022- 2037) Delivery Agreement	06/01/22 to 01/02/22	This consultation concerns the delivery agreement for the Replacement LDP (2022-2037). The Delivery Agreement Consultation Draft sets out the proposed timetable for the key stages in the preparation of the Replacement LDP, along with the proposed Community Involvement Scheme detailing how and when the community will be able to get involved in the Replacement LDP process. This consultation seeks your views on the content of the Delivery Agreement.	8 responses	Following this consultation, the Council will review the comments received and make amendments to the Delivery Agreement as considered appropriate. The comments will be summarised within the final Delivery Agreement, which will also include the Council's response to the comments along with any changes proposed to the Delivery Agreement. The Delivery Agreement will be considered for approval by the Council before being submitted to the Welsh Government for agreement. The Delivery Agreement.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
					formally agreed by the Welsh Government. The agreement of the Delivery Agreement will mark the formal start of the Replacement LDP process.
					The approved Delivery Agreement will be published on the Council's Local Development Plan website and will be made available for inspection at the principal office of the Council during normal opening hours.
External	Llangorse Church in Wales School - Election of Parent Governor	28/01/22 to 09/02/22	Parent Governor Election: Ballot Paper The number of parent governors to be elected on this occasion was one.	214 responses	Top candidate was elected as a Parent Governor.
External	School's admissions arrangements and catchment maps	01/02/22 to 14/03/22	This consultation was broken into two parts. 1. Admissions Information and Arrangements 2023 - 24. 2. Catchment areas Public Consultation on school's admissions arrangements and catchment maps - Powys County Council	Unknown (Hosted link to survey on main PCC webpage – led by Sarah Quibell)	Powys County Council have determined the admissions arrangements for 2023-24, following the consultation which ran from 1 February 2022 until the 1 March 2022.
External	Llandrindod Wells Town Council Banks Survey	17/02/22 to 31/03/22	Llandrindod Town Council has established a Banking Task and Finish Group and have developed a survey to understand what residents and businesses want from their bank and whether the physical presence of national banks in the	Unknown (Hosted a link on our engagement hub to a third- party project)	Unknown - Survey link is still live.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
			town provides a real benefit to individuals, businesses, and charities. The survey was for residents of the town and anyone who banks (or used to bank) there.		
Internal	Staff Well- being Survey Winter 2021/Staff OD Survey	07/03/22 to 11/04/22	The last staff engagement survey was held in 2019 which told us a lot about our organisation and how employees felt about their jobs, being a team member, how valued and informed they felt about changes taking place in their service area, and whether they felt their line manager took account of their views. During the past two years of working through a global pandemic, we focussed	703 responses	Sway report of key findings sent to SLT and will be communicated to wider staff w/c 20 June 2022.
			on asking you about your well-being whilst working in different ways. This time, we merged the original staff engagement survey with the well-being survey, so we can get up-to-date results and measure progress across the Council in both areas.		
External	Engagement exercise for Transport Levelling up bid	24/03/22 to 14/04/22	In 2021, Powys County Council submitted a bid to the UK Government's Levelling Up Fund, seeking funding for local infrastructure improvements. The purpose of the Levelling Up Fund is to	68 responses	Data sent to, and report compiled by, Atkins and shared with key stakeholders/senior managers from Highways team.

Internal or External	Name of project	Date	Background	Number of responses	Outcome/Latest update
External			provide one-off investment in infrastructure which will make a real difference for local people and the local economy. The original bid was not successful; feedback from the Government indicated that the council should undertake engagement with stakeholders, particularly businesses in the tourism and leisure sectors, to demonstrate strong local support. Of particular interest was how the schemes		
			would support tourism and Net Zero. In response, as part of		
			their support with the bid resubmission, Atkins has carried out engagement activities to gather feedback from local businesses and organisations to		
			understand how the proposed schemes might bring benefit to our communities and businesses.		

Appendix 4: Governance and Audit Committee

An initial session was held with Governance and Audit Committee during the Spring to understand their view of the Council's considering the three requirements of the Local Government and Election (Wales) Act. This was considered amongst the additional evidence bases identified within the report in forming the initial assessment.

Following the draft of the report, a session was held with Governance and Audit Committee to review the findings and provide any recommendations surrounding the conclusions made and the information provided within the report.

The outcome of this sessions indicates that the Committee were assured around the conclusions and contents of the report and believed it to be a fair and accurate representation of organisational health. They also noted that processes in place were mature and embedded within the organisation, whilst continuously improving, allowing an understanding of how the Council was performance through the lens of the Act.

No formal recommendations for Cabinet consideration were identified.

Appendix 5: Performance Definitions

Delivery against objectives

BLUE: Action is complete

RED: Action is not on track with major issues

AMBER: Action is mainly on track with some minor issues

GREEN: Action is on track

Delivery against performance measures

RED: Performance is not meeting target

AMBER: Performance is off target but within a variance of 10%

GREEN: Performance is meeting target

GRAY: Performance is not able to be given a status

Trends

IMPROVED: Performance has improved

NO CHANGE: Performance is within a 10% variance year on year

DECLINED: Performance has declined

NOT AVAILABLE: Data is not available to compare year on year

MINUTES OF A MEETING OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE BOARD HELD BY TEAMS ON THURSDAY, 23 JUNE 2022

PRESENT

County Councillor James Gibson-Watt Leader PCC (In the Chair)

Gavin Bown (NRW)

Jamie Burt (Chair PAVO)

Carl Cooper (Chief Executive PAVO)

Deputy Chief Fire Officer Iwan Cray (Mid and West Wales Fire and Rescue Service)

Superintendent Steve Davies (Dyfed Powys Police)

Vivienne Harpwood (PTHB)

Chief Inspector Jacqui Lovatt (Dyfed Powys Police)

Councillor Hugh Pattrick (One Voice Wales)

Chief Inspector Andrew Pitt (Dyfed Powys Police)

Councillor Derrick Pugh (One Voice Wales)

Alison Merry (Deputy Director Public Health Wales)

Claire Rumsby (Department of Work and Pensions)

Carol Shillabeer (Chief Executive PTHB)

Caroline Turner (Chief Executive PCC)

Thomas Vetter (NRW)

Ann Watkin (Welsh Government)

Ann Weedy (NRW)

Supporting:

Steve Boyd (PCC)

Catherine James (PCC)

James Langridge-Thomas (PCC)

Felicity Llewelyn (PCC)

1. INTRODUCTIONS AND APOLOGIES

The Chair welcomed everyone to the meeting.

Apologies for absence were received from Duncan Hamer Welsh Government, Christine Harley Probation Service, Catherine Mealing-Jones Brecon Beacons National Park Authority and Emma Palmer Powys County Council.

2. REVIEW OF TERMS OF REFERENCE

The PSB considered the terms of reference. It was noted that the Chair of the Public Service Board was the Leader of Powys County Council but that this should be re-confirmed following the ordinary election of councillors. It was therefore moved and seconded and

RESOLVED that the Leader of Powys County Council, County Councillor James Gibson-Watt, be appointed as Chair of Powys Public Service Board.

The Chair asked for nominations for Vice-Chair and it was proposed and seconded and

RESOLVED that Vivienne Harpwood be appointed as Vice-Chair of Powys Public Service Board.

3. AGREE THE INVOLVEMENT OF INVITED PARTICIPANTS

It was noted that One Voice Wales should be added to the list of invited participants.

4. PROGRESSIVE PARTNERSHIP FOR POWYS

County Councillor Gibson-Watt outlined the new administration's seven key priorities:

- Tackling the cost-of-living crisis, poverty and the housing emergency
- Tackling the climate and biodiversity emergency
- Securing the best start in life for young people
- Developing prosperous towns and villages
- Supporting vulnerable people
- Connected Communities
- Running an Open & Democratic Council

Partners welcomed the priorities and the opportunity to work with the new administration.

5. UPDATE SURROUNDING NEXT WELL-BEING PLAN

The PSB noted the timetable for the delivery of the next well-being plan by 31st March 2023. Partners were reminded that a workshop would be held on 7th July at Radnor YFC to shape the high-level well-being objectives and start consideration of areas to be included within plan.

Partners noted the importance of engaging with communities to find out what mattered to them. It was also important to make connections with the work of the Regional Partnership Board and to build on other engagement exercises such as those carried out for the Regional Economic Framework. Carol Shillabeer and Ann Watkin would get in touch with Catherine James with details.

6. UPDATE SURROUNDING ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

Cabinet noted the proposed approach to drafting and publishing the annual performance report. It was suggested that the workshop on 7th July should look at the steps and consider whether they remained priorities

7. TOWN COUNCIL REPORTS

The PSB received annual reports from Brecon Town Council and Ystradgynlais Town Council. The Leader noted that the reports highlighted the importance of Town Councils and he asked that a letter of thanks be sent to them. He would also welcome their attendance at future meetings.

Councillor Derrick Pugh advised that he had been involved in producing a training video for the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales on the Councillors' Code of Conduct which he would arrange to be circulated to members.

8. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

It was agreed that future meetings would be held on Zoom to allow for simultaneous translation.

9. DATES OF FUTURE PSB MEETINGS

The next meeting would be held on 29th July. The meeting after that was scheduled for 4th November which was during the half term holiday and consideration would be given to moving it.

10. MINUTES AND MATTERS ARISING

The Chair was authorised to sign the minutes of the last meeting held on 17th March 2022 as a correct record.

County Councillor James Gibson-Watt
Chair

